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The Pittsburgh Gazette

THERE appeared yesterday in the opposition papers a call, signed by several hundred Democrats and a few persons who have been identified with the Republican party, asking Mr. James Blackmore to become a citizens' candidate for the office of Mayor. This array of names will serve to show Republicans that the election of Mr. Blackmore is sought under false pretenses, for hitherto, it was openly asserted that hundreds of "dissatisfied Radicals" would combine to defeat the regular nominees. Unless these "hundreds" are included in the "1,500 others" (?) whose names, from prudential reasons we presume, have been withheld, we are at a loss to discover from whence they are to come.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

—The Tioga county *Agitator* says: "As Messrs. Manning and Stoneman, in the employ of Mr. H. Crofut, of Gaines, were descending the hill to the meadows of Pine Creek, Monday evening, 18th instant, with a load of flour, molasses, kerosene oil, etc., weighing about three thousand pounds, the tongue of the wagon slipped out of the neck yoke, and the load tumbled down the mountain at a fearful pace. Manning, who was driving, was flung to the ground in the start, and received serious injuries about the neck and head. The team and load, with Stoneman, went on about a dozen rods, when all were precipitated down the bank, about thirty feet, the load, wagon, horses and man being mixed in inextricable confusion. Stoneman escaped without injury, and the horses were not badly hurt. The load was ruined. Mr. Manning, as we are informed by Dr. Bacon, who was called to attend him, lay for some hours in a state of insensibility or half-consciousness, but is now considered out of danger. His collar bone was broken and his shoulder badly bruised.

—A disgraceful riot occurred at East New York on Wednesday. Some firemen, who had been drinking freely, forced their way into a hotel where a party was being held, to which they had been refused admittance. The inmates arming themselves with shot guns, the firemen were driven out. In the course of the riot that ensued several of both parties were badly injured.

—The bridge across the river at Richard street, Bedford, has been seized, barricaded and sold for the benefit of the creditors of the Turnpike Company, and much to the discomfort of the people of the neighborhood.

—The Reed House at Erie has passed into new hands, the old landlords retiring in favor of the old landlords of the Herdic House in Williamsport.

—The tobacco factory of Rosenfield & Bros., at Detroit Mich., was destroyed by fire Thursday morning. Loss $35,000; insured for $20,000.

—The New York Board of Fire Underwriters has appropriated fifty thousand dollars for the payment of rewards for the arrest of persons guilty of arson or incendiarism.

—During the present year, up to Wednesday last, there have arrived at New York 228,279 immigrants, 6,459 more than arrived last year at this time.

—George Francis Train, Mrs. Stanton and Miss Anthony spoke in Cincinnati, on Thursday night, on Woman Suffrages.

—Thanksgiving was not generally observed at Louisville, Ky. Business was only partially suspended.

—The entire lot of tickets for Dickens' first series in New York were sold yesterday, mostly to speculators.

Ex-Chancellor Walworth died at Saratoga, N. Y., yesterday, aged seventy-nine years.

STATE NEWS.

—The Beaver *Argus* says: On Tuesday of last week General W. W. Irwin of this place began a second prosecution against J. H. Odell, the editor of the *Local* for libel. This makes the fourth suit against that person since the election, for libel.

—An exchange says: The oldest couple in Ohio are Mr. and Mrs. Boyd at Ironton He is 110, and she 107. They get mad at each other every little while and threaten to obtain divorces. The other day the dame refused to sew on a shirt button for her spouse, when he indignantly required "if he had got to live so all his life."

—On Friday night last as a party of men of Lee township, were out hunting, a serious accident occurred, of which we have few particulars, what facts we have are as follows: In chopping down a tree for a raccoon, it split in falling, and flying back, struck a young Mr. Daniels, a son of Henry Daniels, in the head, literally crushing it and causing instant death. This is a very serious loss to his parents and friends and one in which they have the sympathy of this community.

—The Butler *Press* says: Andrew McCaskey and the wife of John Shannon, of Clinton township, were returning from church, on Thursday last, when the horse took fright and threw them both out of the buggy. Mr. McCaskey was thrown against the abutment of the bridge across a small run on the farm of Mr. Hetselgesser, and was so severely injured that he died shortly afterwards. Mrs. Shannon had her collar bone broken and she now lies in a dangerous condition.

—The Carolton, Ohio, *Press* says: On Friday the 15th inst, a yearling colt, belonging to Mrs. Lydia Hewitt of Washington township, this county fell in a well, belonging to the widow Crawford. The well is forty feet deep, and had in at the time about fourteen feet of water. Strange to say the colt was taken out, about an hour so after falling, entirely unhurt. It kept up a sufficient motion, while in the water, to keep from drowning, and was rescued by means of a rope and tackle.

—On Friday last a boy seventeen or eighteen years old, by the name of Shields, while at work at the Cutlery works, in Beaver Falls, was struck on the head by the falling of a brick from the building, which fractured his skull so badly that his recovery is considered doubtful. He is the son of a widow, and was furnished employment at the earnest solicitation of his mother, and had only been at work one day, when the accident occurred. To the credit of the Cutlery establishment and other citizens of Beaver Falls, we may say they immediately made up a purse of $125 for the benefit of the sufferer.

—We clip the following from the Mercer *Dispatch*: As Mr. Joseph Cochran and Miss Maria Douglass, all of Mercer, were going in a carriage to the Minister's last Tuesday night, to get married, the horse ran the carriage off a sluice bridge, opposite Glenn's book store, throwing the couple out, and becoming frightened, ran away. After running round the diamond the horse ran into the public square at the northeast gate, thence to the east side of the square, over the fence, taking with the wreck of the carriage one panel of the fence. The couple unmindful of the horse, carriage or accident, proceeded to the minister's and got married.

—The Scranton *Republican* says: Yesterday morning one Joseph Draher discovered the body of Mr. John Minnich, aged about sixty years, lying in the ditch this side of the tunnel on the D. L. & W. R. R., south of our city. He immediately informed the family of the deceased, and word was also sent to Alderman Watres, who impanneled a jury, who returned the following verdict:—"That the said Minnich, late of the tenth ward of this city, came to his death, as far as we can discover, by falling near the railroad, and becoming so stupefied as to be unable to extricate himself from the water in which his head was lying. That from the fact that $68.81, with his watch and other things, were found in his pocket, and no very severe marks of bruises or contusions were found upon the person of deceased, we determine that no foul means had been dealt upon him, but that his death must have happened as above stated." Deceased was father of Mr. Louis Minnich, a respectable butcher at Dunmore. His friends took possession of the remains.

City Mortality.

Dr. A. G. McCandless reports the following interments in the city from Nov. 17th to Nov. 24th. The following were the diseases: Consumption, 1; disease of heart, 1; typhus, 1; disease of brain, 1; diptheria, 1; croup, 1; disease of bowels, 1; premature birth, 1; scarlatina, 1. Of the above there were under one year, 1; from one to two years, 1; from two to five, 3; from ten to fifteen, 1, from twenty to thirty, 1; from forty to fifty, 1; from fifty to sixty, 1. Males, 7; females, 2; white, 9; colored, 0; total 9.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

Currency Bill in the Senate.

Belligerent Rights to Abyssinia.

House Not in Session.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29, 1867.

SENATE.

PETITION FROM CINCINNATI.

Mr. SHERMAN presented a petition of the City Council of Cincinnati against any further contraction of the currency and in favor of having the national debt paid off in greenbacks, excepting such bonds as are expressly payable in gold on their face. Referred to Committee on Finance.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Mr. POMEROY presented a petition of forty citizens of Wilmington, Del., for immediate legislation to secure to women equal suffrage with men in the District of Columbia. Referred to Committee on District.

A BIT OF SARCASM.

Mr. CHANLER offered the following joint resolution:

Whereas, We are at peace with all foreign powers and States;

And whereas, Hostilities have unhappily commenced between Great Britain and the King of Abyssinia;

And whereas, We, being at peace with the Government of Great Britain and with the King of Abyssnia, therefore,

Resolved, That we do now declare our determination to maintain a strict and impartial neutrality in the contest between said contending parties, granting to the flag of each belligerent the same rights, privileges and immunities both upon land and water.

Mr. CHANLER said: That is a verbatim copy of a proclamation issued on the 14th of May, 1861, with simply a change of the names of "United States" to that of "Great Britain" and the "Confederacy" to "Abyssinia," and therefore I presume there will be no objection to it. It is but just and right that we should observe the same courtesy toward Great Britain that she did toward us. [Laughter.]

Mr. SUMNER—I think the resolution had better lie over.

The CHAIR—Does the Senate ask for its present consideration?

Mr. CHANLER—Yes, sir.

Mr. JOHNSON—I object.

The resolution accordingly went over.

The resolution was then read a second time.

A CURRENCY BILL.

Mr. MORRILL introduced the following bill:

Be it enacted that on and after the fourth day of July, 1869, the Secretary of the Treasury be and is hereby authorized and directed to pay in coin all United States notes not bearing interest, and commonly called legal tender notes, which may be presented for such payment at the Treasury office at Washington, or such places as may be designated, or shall be given by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Section second, And be it further enacted that hereafter and until January first, 1869, whenever there shall be in the Treasury of the United States, after paying the interest and coupons falling due on the first of January and July in each year, and deducting from the gold certificates of deposit any excess of coin over and above the sum of seventy-five million dollars, the Secretary of the Treasury shall be authorized and required within thirty days from the first of January and July, as aforesaid, to sell the same in such manner as in his judgment will best promote the public interest. He may receive in payment thereof United States notes, notes of National Banks of the United States, compound interest notes of the United States and three per cent. certificates.

Section third, That all National Banks having less than twenty per centum of specie on hand on their respective capital shall hereafter, and after July 1st, 1869, be and are required to keep and to hold in coin all interest reserved in United States bonds which may be deposited by them, according to law with the Treasurer of the United States; *Provided*, that this shall not be so construed as to add anything to the amount of the reserve of said banks.

Section fourth, That on and after the 1st day of July, 1869, all National Banks shall be and hereby are respectively required to return and pay in coin on demand all their bills issued for currency of the denomination of five dollars and under, when presented at the counters of said banks, and all bills of a higher denomination so issued and presented may and shall be paid either in coin or United States legal tender notes.

Section fourth, That any National Bank which shall fail to comply with the provisions of this act, so far as the same may be applicable, shall be deemed to have forfeited its charter, and the Comptroller, upon receiving satisfactory evidence of the same, shall proceed to close and wind up the same as in other cases of forfeiture provided by law, and in lieu of any such bank may authorize a new National Bank with an equal amount of capital to be located in such States as may have less than their due proportion of the whole amount now authorized by law; *Provided*, that this shall not authorize any increase of the present aggregate amount of the circulation of the National Banks.

Mr. MORRILL stated that he should press the bill at an early day. He was in favor of Congress grappling with all these difficulties of finance and he had no doubt of either the purpose or ability of Congress to so adjust the system and pass such measures as would in the end prove more satisfactory than the present state of the affairs of the country. He hoped all these matters would be referred to the Committee on Finance.

The bill was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

CAPTURED PROPERTY SALES.

A resolution was offered by Mr. CONNESS and adopted, calling on the Secretary of the Treasury to inform the Senate whether the sum of $334,429,934 received by Col. Hulburd, as the proceeds of sales of captured and abandoned property, had been charged to the Quarter Master General's Department, and if not, what legislation is necessary to effect that object.

DISTRICT MATTERS.

A bill introduced by Mr. NYE, to regulate the selection of officers in Washington, was referred to the Committee on the District.

RELEASED FROM ARREST.

On motion of Mr. EDMUNDS, E. G. Dunbar was released from arrest, having purged himself from the contempt on appearing before the Committee on Retrenchment.

CONTINUING BUSINESS UNTIL NEXT SESSION.

On motion of Mr. FESSENDEN, it was *Resolved*, That all subjects before the Senate on the close of the present session, including those before committees, shall be continued to next session, and then be considered in the same manner as if no adjournment had taken place, and papers which have been referred to committees, and may be in their possession at the close of this session, shall be informally returned to the Secretary, and by him restored to the committees when appointed at the next session.

On motion of Mr. YATES, the Senate went into executive session, and soon after adjourned.

House not in session to-day.

ST. LOUIS.

Heavy Rain and Snow Storm.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, November 29.—A rain storm set in about six o'clock last evening and continued until towards morning, when it turned to a furious snow storm, which still continues to rage violently. Probably six inches of snow has fallen, the greater part of which, however, fell in the mud and melted. The mercury is now below the freezing point, and the indications are for clear weather. The storm came from the Northwest, and yesterday prevailed throughout Western Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska.

River Items.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 29.—River stationary, with three feet in the canal. A good stage is expected. The St. Charles goes to New Orleans next Tuesday, and the Indiana next Saturday. Copious showers fell at intervals from ten o'clock last night until two P. M. to-day. The thermometer is down to thirty, and the barometer is now rising.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The President's Message Considered in Cabinet.

Advance Copies to the Press.

Treasrry Financial Report.

Appointments Passed Upon.

Horace Greeley Minister to Austria.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29, 1867.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Was read to the Cabinet to-day. All the members were present, including Secretary Welles, who has not attended its sessions for several weeks past, owing to sickness. The message will be put to press to-morrow, and copies transmitted hence in advance of its delivery to Congress.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

The Senate was in executive session about three hours this afternoon, and confirmed the following nominations: Horace Greely, Minister to Austria; A. C. Hunt, Governor of Colorado; and Col. Horace Capron, Commissioner of Agriculturel. The Senate adjourned until half past eleven o'clock Monday. The nomination of Hon. Thomas N. Stillwell, of Indiana, as Minister to Venezula, was recomitted to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

IMPEACHMENT—REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE.

Concerning the report of the Chairman of the Judiciary Committee on Impeachment, the New York *Times'* special says: The effect of the argument, and the facts as presented in the report of the Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, has been to largely strengthen the conviction of those who have heretofore opposed impeachment, as well as to add to the number of its opponents. The dispassionate, courageous and impartial tone of the document is highly commended.

The *Herald's* special says: Thaddeus Stevens pronounces the report put forth by Wilson "*nonsense*." He speaks highly of the majority report. A strict count shows that under the most favorable circumstances not more than forty votes out of one hundred and ninety can be relied upon in the House in favor of impeachment. Of this number several are said to be doubtful, and should the tone of the forthcoming message of the President be *decently moderate*, many who are now inclined to listen to arguments urging impeachment will throw their votes and influence against it.

The *Tribune's* special says: A caucus of Republican Congressmen will certainly be held next week—probably Monday oe Tuesday evening—when the impeachment matter will be fully considered, and some definite line of action marked out.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

The public debt statement will be issued about the 5th of December. It is probable there will be found an increase of debt, which is mainly owing to the fact that twenty-six millions of dollars were expended on the first of the present month towards the payment of interest on the public debt. The receipts of customs and Internal Revenue will be about the same as in October.

THE TREASURY REPORT.

The financial report of the Secretary of the Treasury will probably be mailed to-morrow to the principal cities North and West, in care of Assistant Treasurers or Collectors of Customs.

SENATE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

The Senate has no intention of electing a Sergeant-at-arms in place of the present incumbent.

HOUSE MEETING TO-MORROW.

The House has a meeting to-morrow, but no business will be transacted.

FENIANISM.

Funeral Procession in Honor of the Fenians Hung at Manchester.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, November 29.—The funeral procession in honor of the Fenians who were recently hung in Manchester came off yesterday, and was a most imposing spectacle. About five thousand Irishmen formed in column, four deep, and marched through the principal thoroughfares, attended by three hearses, each containing a coffin, on which was inscribed the name of one of the executed men. The procession halted in Union Square, where orations were delivered, extolling the heroism of the martyrs and the cause for which they died. Superintendent Kennedy refused to furnish a police escort to the managers of the affair, on the ground that he could not order his officers to attend a procession gotten up in honor of the murderers of policemen.

RICHMOND, VA.

The Case of Hunnicutt—He is Bailed by the Military Commissioner.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, Nov. 29.—J. W. Hunnicutt, editor of the *New Nation*, who was arrested on Wednesday by the civil officers, has been bailed by the Military Commissioner, to appear at Charles city County Court in ten days after the adjournment of the Reconstruction Convention, of which he is a member, and answer to the indictment already found against him for using incendiary language in a public speech. The Commissioner stated that General Schofield disliked to interfere in such matters, but did so that the accused might attend to his duties in the Convention. The amount of bail was $5,000. Hunnicutt claims that it is a pretext to prevent his sitting in the Convention. He volunteered to appear in court, without compulsion before the military took the matter in hand.

JAMAICA.

The Reported Negro Rising—Trouble Between Citizens and Soldiers.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Advices from Kingston to the 15th, state there is no truth in the report of another outbreak among the blacks, but that it was likely the government would be compelled to call out the militia and adopt severe measures of repression. A disturbance occurred in Falmouth, consequent upon a body of soldiers belonging to the Third West India Regiment having made a cowardly attack upon the constabulary and inhabitants. Several constables and citizens were maltreated. Eventually the Captain in command succeeded in getting the soldiers into the barracks, and on the following day several of them were tried at police court, convicted and sentenced to prison.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Convention Defeated—Important Discovery.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, November 29.—Further election returns from the interior districts render it almost certain the Convention is defeated, as the total vote polled falls short many thousand of the required majority of registered voters.

Immense deposits of most valuable phosphates, which are said to be much superior to Peruvian guano, and of incalculable value, has been discovered on plantations hitherto considered of little value, stretching along the banks of Ashley River, a few miles above this city. A company has been formed, backed by Northern capitalists, to utilize these deposits, which consist of animal remains, forming a thick substratum for many miles.

NORTH CAROLINA.

State Conservative Convention Postponed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RALEIGH, November 29.—After a full consultation between a large number of Conservative gentlemdn here in attendance at the Circuit Court, it was deemed best to advise a postponement of the Conservative State Convention called to meet here on the 11th of December, and leave the time and place hereafter to be designated by the State Executive Committee. A State Executive Committee was appointed and it is presumed the arrangement will be entirely acquiesced in.

Immigrants to South Carolina.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, November 28.—The Bremen bark Gauss arrived to-day with one hundred and fifty immigrants, under the auspices of the State Immigration Board. They were warmly welcomed by their friends and citizens generally. Only one death occurred during the passage.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

Roman Question Conference.

Steamship Explosion—Thirty-three Lives Lost.

Armory Robbed by Fenians.

Battles Fought in Crete.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FRANCE.

THE ROMAN QUESTION.

PARIS, November 28.—The *France*, a Government organ of this city, has a long editorial on the subject of the Conference for the settlement of the Roman question. The writer says it will be impossible for the Conference to maintain the present boundaries of Rome.

FRENCH EVACUATING ITALY.

PARIS, November 28.—The evacuation of the Roman territory by the French forces still continues. All the troops will have returned by Monday next.

GREAT BRITAIN.

STEAMBOAT EXPLOSION—THIRTY-THREE PERSONS KILLED OUTRIGHT.

LIVERPOOL, November 29.—While the steamship Bouboulina, which plies between this port and Greece, was leaving port about noon to-day, one of her boilers exploded with a loud report, that was distinctly felt throughout the city. Thirty-three persons were killed outright, and many others injured. The steamship was entirely destroyed.

ROMAN BOUNDARIES.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—It now seems the statement that it will be impossible for the proposed Conference to maintain the present boundaries of Rome, was not the utterance of the *La France*, but of a St. Petersburg journal, an official newspaper, regarded quite as good authority usually on diplomatic questions.

ABYSSINIAN WAR EXPENSES.

LONDON, November 28.—In the House of Commons this evening the Ministers introduced a plan for the new income tax, at the rate of a penny per pound, to endure for one year only, to defray the expenses of the Abyssinian war.

MAIL CONTRACTS.

In reply to a question regarding mail contracts between Great Britain and the United States, it was stated the Government had contracted with the Cunard line for a year at fixed sums. The bids of competing lines were adjudged unsatisfactory, but the transactions could not be deemed settled, as negotiations with the United States on the subject were still pending.

ARMORY ROBBED.

CORK, Nov. 29.—One of the armories in this city was entered last night by supposed Fenians, who carried off one hundred and twenty revolvers and ten rifles.

ALABAMA CLAIMS.

The Seward-Stanley correspondence relative to the Alabama claims was promised at an early day.

GERMANY.

THE ROMAN CONFERENCE.

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—The Prussian *Kerotz Zeitung* has an editorial this morning on the conference for the settlement of the Roman question. The writer says that with the exception of Austria, not one of the great powers of Europe has accepted the Conference. The other powers have either, like Prussia, exacted explanations, or given evasive replies.

AMERICAN THANKSGIVING BANQUET.

BERLIN, November 29.—Citizens of the United States in this city held a festival yesterday, in observance of the National Thanksgiving. At a banquet in the afternoon one hundred and seventy American ladies and gentlemen were present, besides a number of eminent foreign guests and friends of America. Hon. George Bancroft, Chairman, made a speech, which was replied to by Herr Forbenbreck, President of the Prussian Chamber of Deputies. Both speakers gave eloquent expression to the cordial state of feeling existing between the American and the German nations. The festivities concluded in the evening with a ball, which was a brilliant affair.

TURKEY.

FIGHTING IN CANDIA.

Despatches announce that several battles have been fought in Candia between the Turks and Cretans. Both parties claim success.

ARRIVED OUT.

QUEENSTOWN, Nov. 28.—The steamship City of New York, from New York, arrived yesterday.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 29.—Cotton declined and closed weak at the following quotations; middling uplands, 7 9-16; Orleans, 7 13-16; sales 10,000 bales Manchester. Good sand yarns heavy and the prices declining. Breadstuffs closed without any improvement. Corn 47s 9d. Wheat 16s 3d for California white, and 13s 2d for No. 2 red western. Barley 5s 4d. Oats 3s 1ld. Peas 49s 6d. Provisions—beef 212s 6d. Pork 70s. Lard 49s 9d. Cheese 52s. Bacon 45s 6d. Produce—Sugar 26s 6d. Petroleum 2s for spirits, and 1s 3½d for refined. Clover seed 39s.

ANTWERP, Nov. 28—*Evening*.—Petroleum closed nominal at 45 francs for standard white.

LONDON, Nov. 29—*Evening*—Consols, 95; Five-Twenties, 71; Illinois Centsal, 87; Erie, 47½.

FRANKFORT, Nov. 59—*Evening*—United States bonds, 75 11-16.

Railroad Progress in South Carolina.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, Nov. 29.—The Augusta and Port Royal Railroad Company is fully organized. More than one-half the grading is completed, and two thousand hands will be set to work immediately.

A Card from Bennett.

We cheerfully give place to the subjoined card from Mr. Bennett, of the *Commercial*, in which he explains to our satisfaction that he was not guilty of the breach of faith with which we charged him in Thursday's GAZETTE. We based our charge on representations made by a member of the Association, but now believe that that gentleman was not sufficiently explicit in his statement, and in consequence we did Mr. Bennett injustice. Here is the card.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 28, 1867.

Editors Gazette:—I notice in the columns of your paper this morning an article, headed "Bad Faith," which does me great injustice, in alleging that I used dishonorable means to obtain exclusively the proceedings of the Executive Committee of the National Wool Growers' Association. You say that the Secretary of the Association, a stranger in the city, called at the *Commercial* office and requested me to notify the reporters of the other journals of the meeting, and that I assented willingly, but broke my word, and in consequence received the credit of monopolizing the report. In the first place the Secretary of the Association never called at the *Commercial* office, before or during the Convention; in the second place he never requested me to notify the other reporters of the meeting; and in the third place I never agreed to do so.

I called on the Secretary of the Association, instead of his calling on me, and was told that the proceedings at the Monongahela House would be open to reporters, and if other members of the press inquired of me about the meeting, I could tell them they would be admitted.

I made no agreement to notify other reporters of the meeting, and was surprised at the appearance of the article, in reference to the matter, in your paper.

Hoping you will publish the above as a matter or justice, I remain,

Very truly yours,
O. T. BENNETT,
Reporter Pittsburgh *Commercial*.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

HOMICIDE.

A Man Murdered in the Bar Room of the National Hotel, Pitt Township—Arrest of the Murderer—Coroner's Inquest.

A cutting affray occurred at the National Hotel, corner of Penn and Boundary street, Pitt township, on Thursday evening, about six o'clock, which resulted in the killing of Owen McGovern, a boarder at the house, by James Montooth, also a boarder. The deceased was employed as a puddler in Kloman's rolling mill, and came to the Hotel about six weeks since.

Thursday, it appears, McGovern had been drinking freely, and after eating his supper, about six o'clock, came into the bar room where McCarthy, the proprietor of the house, was attending bar. Montooth having come out from supper before him, was sitting on a bench near the window, with several other persons, and when McGovern came in he sat down along side of Montooth, hurting his leg, which had been injured at the explosion of Reese, Graff & Dull's rolling mill. Montooth requested him to be more careful, when McGovern replied to him in an abusive manner, calling him vile names. Montooth said he did not wish to quarrel, when McGovern again used abusive language toward him and then struck him in the face. Montooth had a small knife in his hand, which he had been carrying as a tooth pick, and he said to M'Govern if he struck him again he would cut his throat. The other replied that he could whip him and let him have the knife and again struck him. Montooth, who had risen to his feet, then struck him with the knife, inflicting the fatal wound, which severed a branch of the main artery and penetrated the wind pipe, causing the blood to flow from his mouth and nose. The injured man reeled and fell back against the bar, from whence he was removed to his room and medical aid summoned, but all efforts to save his life were of no avail, as he died between ten and eleven o'clock. Montooth made no effort to escape, but remained in the bar room until he was arrested by Andrew Henderson, on a warrant issued by Justice McGuire. He was brought to the lock up and delivered into the hands of officer Rivers, who locked him up. He remained in the tombs until yesterday morning, when Chief Scott, hearing of the death of McGovern, made an information against him for murder before Mayor McCarthy, who committed him for trial.

The deceased was a young man of about twenty-five years of age. He is thought to have come from Chambersburg, and to be unmarried. The prisoner is about thirty-five years old, and is a widower. We believe he has no family.

Coroner Clawson was summoned yesterday morning, and held an inquest on the remains of the deceased. The following testimony was elicited:

John McCarthy, sworn—Am proprietor of the National Hotel. The name of deceased was Owen McGovern. He and Montooth were boarders here, and slept together. Montooth was injured seriously at the explosion at Reese, Graff & Dull's rolling mill, and has walked with a stick since. Mr. McGovern came here to board six or seven weeks ago. Never knew him until then. Has been in the habit of getting intoxicated occasionally. Yesterday he went out and got pretty tight. Got three or four glasses of ale here, in the early part of the day. When drunk he was very quarrelsome and insulting. Yesterday he tried to get up an "argument" in the forenoon, but I interfered and he left, and went with a party of young men up and down the street drinking considerably. He returned between four and five o'clock, and was drunk and noisy about the house until supper time. About six o'clock, when the supper bell rang, they all went and ate supper. While they were at supper I went behind the bar and remained there. While I was there Montooth came from supper and sat down in the bar-room. Shortly afterwards McGovern also came from supper into the bar-room, and threw himself down on the bench heavily against Montooth, or partly on top of him. Heard Montooth remonstrate with him for doing so when he (Montooth) was so lame, and tell him that he ought to throw himself against some well man. Heard McGovern say something about the other having a knife. Next heard deceased apply vile names to Montooth, and heard him say he could whip him. I called for order at this time. Deceased continued to call the other by opprobrious epithets. Did not see the action, but judged from the noise that McGovern hit Montooth. I called again for order, and came from behind the bar to put the men out. As I was coming around the end of the bar I saw McGovern approaching Montooth, and the after rising. Saw no knife, but saw Montooth make a lunge at the deceased as if he had a knife in his hand. I called to them again to keep quiet, when Montooth stood still and McGovern moved back toward the bar. He coughed, and by his cough I thought there was blood in his throat, and supposed he was injured. Another young man stepped in, and McGovern, I think, asked him to see if he was cut. The name of this man was Henderson. I looked and saw the blood making its appearance through the breast of his shirt. Henderson pulled the collar open, and the blood rushed out powerfully in a stream from the wound. We did all all we could to stop the blood, and sent for Dr. Robinson. McGovern said little except to repeat over and over that he supposed he was done for in this world. The doctor came, and we laid the man down and stopped the bleeding. Was very busy quelling the excitement, and did not hear what Montooth said, if anything. We moved the man up stairs soon after the doctor arrived, and he died at about eleven o'clock. The cutting was done shortly after six.

Alexander Henderson and Patrick Murphy were sworn, and both testified substantially the same as McCarthy.

Andrew Henderson was next called, and testified to having arrested the prisoner, and conveyed him to the lock-up said he made no resistance, but went with him peaceably.

Dr. James Robinson, sworn—Was called in last night to attend the deceased at about six o'clock. Found him bleeding, and judged from his appearance that he had bled a great deal from a cut or stab in the neck. The cut severed a branch of thyroid artery and penetrated the wind pipe. The wound is between a quarter and a half inch in width. The bleeding from it had been most profuse. The man was faint and pulseless at the wrists. The hemorrhage had been so great that he was very nearly dead. He coughed up blood, and blood was discharged from his nostrils, giving positive evidence that the wind pipe had been cut. The hemorrhage ceased entirely in a few minutes after I came in. I pressed the bleeding artery, and it immediately stopped and bled no more. The man respired with great difficulty. It was unnecessary to take up the artery, as the bleeding was not renewed. The man rallied a little about half an hour after I saw him, and became conscious. I then had some hopes of him. He died about twenty minutes of eleven o'clock. The wound was such as would be made with the small blade of a knife. From the examination just now made there is no doubt that death resulted from hemorrhage caused by that wound.

Dr. Louis T. Arenburg, sworn—Visited the deceased a few moments before he died, and assisted Dr. Robinson to make the examination after death. My judgment concerning the case entirely agrees with that of Dr. Robinson.

The testimony concluded here, and after deliberation the jury returned the following verdict: "That the said Owen McGovern came to his death on the 28th day of November, 1867, at the house of John McCarthy, in Pitt township, from the effects of a wound inflicted by a knife in the hands of James Montooth."

Bishop Kerfoot.

The Right Reverent John B. Kerfoot, Bishop of the Diocese of Pittsburgh, who was abroad, in attendance on the "Pan-Anglican Convention of Prelates, at Lambeth, England, accompanied by his brother and son, arrived in this city on Thanksgiving morning, and almost immediately participated with the Rector at Trinity Church, in the interesting and appropriate services of that day. The friends of the good Bishop will be glad to know that his own health has been good, and that the health of his son, the Rev. Abel Kerfoot, was much improved by the journey.

We understand that a public and formal reception and welcome of the Bishop will be given at the Trinity Church on Sunday afternoon, in which the clergy of the neighborhood and their congregations will join, and that the Rev. Dr. D. C. Page is expected to deliver the Address of Welcome on that occasion, which can not fail to be one of heartfelt interest to the numerous friends of Bishop Kerfoot, the venerable Dr. Page and the Church.

Gas for Lawrenceville.—We learn upon good authority that the Pittsburgh Gas Company intend extending their mains to Lawrenceville next spring. The pipe is about being contracted for, and the work will be commenced as soon as the weather will permit.

Thanksgiving Day.

Thursday, having been set apart by the President, and also by the Governor of Pennsylvania, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, was generally observed in the city in a becoming manner. The business houses were all closed and the manufacturing establishments generally suspended operations. Religious services were held in the various churches, and the attendance was unusually large. Afternoon entertainments were given at the different places of amusement, which were also well attended.

In the evening a number of balls were given in addition to the regular amusements, at which hundreds of our young men and fair maidens spent the evening pleasantly in dancing, which, in many places, was kept up until "the wee sma' hours" of the succeeding morn.

The principal affair of the evening was the promenade concert at St. Paul's Catholic Orphan Asylum, Tannehill street, in the Seventh ward. At an early hour in the evening the guests assembled, and dancing commenced, which was kept up without cessation until supper was announced, after which it was resumed and continued till two o'clock in the morning. The supper, which was served in the spacious dining hall on the first floor of the building, was unexceptionable, and discussed with a relish highly complimentary to the skill of those who had superintended its preparation. The company was variously estimated at from one thousand to fifteen hundred, and, notwithstanding the vast number present, the best of order was maintained, and general good feeling prevailed. Two excellent bands of music were in attendance, occupying the two large school rooms on the second floor of the building, both of which were thronged with the youth and beauty of the city, whose smiling faces and elastic steps, as they tripped through the dance, gave ample evidence of their enjoyment. In brief, it was one of the most pleasant affairs it has ever been our privilege to attend, and will long be remembered with pleasure by all who were so fortunate as to be present.

Thanksgiving Celebration.

The ninth annual celebration of the United Reformed Presbyterian Sabbath School, of this city, was held at the Academy of Music, on Thanksgiving afternoon, commencing at 2½ and closing at 4 o'clock.

Rev. S. B. Reed, pastor of the fifth U. P. Church, was called to preside. The exercises were opened by singing the anthem "The earth is the Lord's and the fullness thereof," etc.

This was discoursed beautifully, particularly the solo by a little boy from the Tenth ward mission scool.

Rev. John S. Sands, of the Eighth ward Mission, read several appropriate passages of scripture, after which Rev. Dr. Gracy, of the fourth U. P. Church, offered a prayer of fervent thanksgiving to God for all His goodness and kindnesses.

The assembly then joined in singing the 136 Psalm, 1-8 verses, "Give thanks to God for He is good." Rev. A. M. Milligan, pastor of the R. P. Church, O. S., of this city, addressed the parents.

In his address he spoke of parental responsibility—incentives to train children in the fear of the Lord—the reward of the faithful parents and the curse of those who neglect the religious interests of their children. The audience then joined in singing Psalm 145 1-3 verses.

Rev. T. H. Hanna, pastor of the Second U. P. Church, addressed the teachers. The speaker noticed particularly the reward of the faithful teacher.

The 9th and 11th verses of the 57th Psalm were then sung, after which Maj. Wm. Frew spoke of children of bible lands and contrasted their condition with that of the children of our own land—relating several incidents that came under his notice while traveling there.

The assembly then sung the 133d Psalm, "Behold how good a thing it is," etc.

The children were then addressed by Rev. J. R. Kerr, of the Fourth U. P. Church, Allegheny. His address partook somewhat of the nature of a Sunday School lesson, taking for his theme "Hypocrisy," which he treated in a very pleasing manner, and to the children it was quite amusing.

In conclusion, the whole assembly rose and sung Psalm 72, 18-19 verses, "Now blessed be the Lord our God," etc.

Benediction by Rev. John Douglass, D. D., of this city.

The exercises were of the most pleasing character, everything being conducted in perfect harmony, and remarkably good order considering the immense crowd of children. The house was filled to crowding and hundreds were obliged to leave for want of room.

A Thanksgiving Dinner.

Patrick Fox is a son of the Emerald Isle, and having accumulated a small quantity of this world's goods by his industry and economy, and having a desire to increase his store, opened a boarding house on Spring alley, in the Fifth ward, where his countrymen and others who desired it were supplied with the necessaries of life, and an occasional luxury, especially on particular occasions. Thursday having been set apart by the President of the United States and the Governor of Pennsylvania as a day of Thanksgiving, was of course duly observed by Patrick and his boarders, and on this occasion it was thought meet by the worthy host of the establishment to keep up the reputation of the same by placing before his guests some of the luxuries of life. Consequently, a feast was prepared, to which the boarders doubtless did ample justice, and all things passed off pleasantly. The hour for supper arrived, and it was determined by the boarders to finish up the day in true Irish style, to do which it was necessary to have something to give "spirit" to the occasion. Whiskey was sent for, of which the company drank, "deeply drank," and in a few hours, matters were progressing in true Doneybrook style. Among the guests was Henry Miller and Thomas Burns. Thomas is a "gintleman of the real ould stock," and of course being such could not let such a fine opportunity for a fight pass unimproved, and in looking around for a chance to begin the "bloody unction" he spied Henry, and "knocked him down just for the love of it." Henry, it appears, did not fully appreciate his affection, and appealed to the law for redress, by making information before Alderman McMasters, charging Thomas with assault and battery. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Reported Outrage.

A most villainous outrage is alleged to have been perpetrated near the Union Depot Wednesday night, but like the Kate Waldron affair, the statement of the person outraged places her in a censurable position, to say the least of it. Mrs. Jane Welsh, a young widow, who resides with her father on Grant street, near Sixth, intending to go to Philadelphia was accompanied by her father to the Union Depot, where she purchased a ticket, after which her father left her and went home. Shortly afterwards, as she alleges, she was approached by a well dressed man, with heavy black whiskers, who said he was going to Philadelphia, and offered to take charge of her during the trip, to which she assented. Shortly afterward he proposed a walk out of doors, to which she consented, and when outside of the building he produced a bottle which he said contained wine, and offered her a drink. She drank and in a few moments become insensible, remembering nothing that transpired afterward until next morning. She was found Thursday morning, about three o'clock, lying on the side track of the Pan Handle railroad, between the depot and the elevator, by one of the brakemen on that road, in a partially insensible condition, and removed to the waiting room at the depot. Later in the morning her pocket book, which her father says contained $15 when he left, was found on the bank, near where she was lying, but the money was gone. She was afterwards removed to her home, and Dr. Mc'Meal attended her. She was still partially insensible, but after applying the proper restoratives, returned to consciousness, and made the above statement.

Railroad Accident.

The New Castle Accommodation train on the Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, due at the Allegheny Depot at 10 yesterday morning, was thrown from from the track near Dixmont, about nine miles west of the city, between nine and ten o'clock, and badly wrecked. Several persons were slightly injured, but none seriously. The Express train was started at its usual time, but in consequence of the wreck was unable to pass, and returned, bringing the passengers of the wrecked train to the city. The track was not cleared for several hours after the accident, although a large force of hands was despatched to the place immediately after the occurrence. The train, we are informed, left this city at three o'clock, and the rubbish having been cleared away, passed through.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of Joseph Horne & Co., which appears to-day on our second page.

No End to Them.

There really seems to be no end to the sales in our city of the Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs. Day after day do we record their disposal to our churches, schools and families, and at the rate Mr. Mellor, the agent, has been selling them for the past few years one would think that every body was supplied; yet the demand continues to increase, and the public, like Oliver Twist, keeps calling for more. A few days since we mentioned the sale of a very fine one to Dr. Swift's Sabbath School, in Allegheny. To-day we record the sale of a still finer one to the Duquesne Lodge, No. 32, on Penn street. It is truly a splendid specimen of handiwork, both musical, mechanical and ornamental. Its design is after the style of the regular Church Organ, having a row of gilt pipes in front, and a beautifully ornamented gothic case, with open work in front to allow the tone to escape. It has two banks of keys, each of five octaves in compass, and ten stops, flute, hautboys, bourdon, &c., some of the most bird-like sweetness and others of great power and volume, but all possessing that enchanting richness and purity of tone that has made the Mason & Hamlin instruments the wonder of the age, and placed them far ahead of every other organ that is made. We congratulate the Lodge on possessing such an organ, and the members certainly displayed superior musical appreciation in selecting a "Mason and Hamlin," in preference to some of those other "*wheezing things*" that are being tried to be brought into notoriety with all sorts of puffery. This organ was of course furnished by Mr. C. C. Mellor, 81 Wood street, who is well known as the *only* agent in this city for the Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Police Items.

LARCENY BY BAILEE.

Nicholas Wiedler yesterday made information before Alderman Strain, charging Catharine Weller with larceny by bailee, alleging that she had in her possession a deed of conveyance and a promissory note for $150, which belonged to him and which she refused to give up. She was arrested and held for a hearing.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

James Andrew and Dennis Fallon, made separate informations before Alderman Strain against Patrick McKelvy, John Hawkins and others, charging them with aggravated assault and battery. It appears that James Fallon, a short time since, sold to McKelvy, an old gray mare, for which the latter was to pay the sum of $30. He paid a part of the money and on Thursday James, with his brothers Andrew and Dennis, called upon him, at the corner of Webster and Seventh streets, where he keeps a grocery, and demanded the payment of the remainder. McKelvy had gathered a number of his friends in, in anticipation of the call, and refused to pay the money, when a "bloody ruction" ensued, in which the Fallons were badly beaten. The parties were arrested and held for a hearing.

The Musical Occasions.

Our fashionable circles are on the alert for the forthcoming musical occasions of the season, the grand concerts of the widely known Mendelssohn Quintette Club of Boston, aided by Miss Addie S. Ryan, the charming songstress. The Mendelssohn Club has been organized since 1848, and with each successive year has added largely to its high national reputation. Each member is a complete master of the musical instrument on which he performs, and the correct blending of sounds produced by their united executions is truly marvellous. We trust none of our readers will have to record in their book of regrets a failure to hear this celebrated club in their faithful interpretations of the greatest masters. The programme for each evening will embrace overtures, quartettes, quintettes and solos, with songs and ballads. The first Concert takes place on Wednesday evening and the second on Thursday, both at the Academy of Music. The sale of seats, no extra charge for reserved ones, will commence on Monday morning next, at the well known music store of C. C. Mellor, 81 Wood street.

The Universal Verdict.

The leading musical interpreters of America are falling one by one into the army of admirers of the celebrated Decker Pianos. That these instruments are destined to supercede all others is evidenced by the great popularity they are attaining. Scientifically considered they are vastly superior to any other piano manufactured in the world, as many new ideas and principles hitherto unthought of have been developed in their construction. While it is not our purpose to detract from the merits of the sweet Chickering, the full toned Steinway, or pleasant Bradbury, for all are highly creditable to the country in which produced, still we feel that the Decker is vastly superior to each and all of them, possessing the merits of each and combining all their good qualities and contributing largely to their excellence. When properly understood no piano will be more popular than the Decker. C. C. Mellor, No. 81 Wood street is the sole agent for these famous instruments for this city.

Cutting Affray.

Samuel Franklin and James Miller, colored men, met at the house of Mrs. Lucas, on North avenue, Allegheny, Wednesday evening, and while engaged at a game of cards got into a difficulty, when Miller cut Franklin on the neck with a razor, inflicting a severe but not dangerous wound. Dr. Thorn was sent for and dressed the wound, and the injured man, who was employed at Hare's Hotel, in this city, was removed to his home. Yesterday morning he went before Mayor Morrison and made information against Miller, charging him with felonious assault and battery. The accused was arrested and in default of bail committed for trial.

It is alleged by Franklin that Miller had a grudge against him, on account of his attention to a woman, who it appears Miller also had a liking for.

Are we Citizens or British Subjects?

Owing to the late action of the British Government in denying the right of a British subject to be an American citizen, it is but just and proper that all American citizens born under the British flag, and who have expatriated themselves from British allegiance, should exact from the American Government a guarantee of being protected in their lives and liberty when abroad, either in the pursuit of business or pleasure. A meeting of American citizens of native and foreign birth will be held on Monday evening, December 2d, at Lafayette Hall, to take action in the matter so important to all of foreign birth.

E. DONNELLY, M. D.,
On behalf of Committee.

Thanksgiving Supper.

Thanksgiving evening a company of prominent gentlemen, resident in the city, assembled, by invitation, at the residence of Chas. Jeremy, Esq., in the Sixth ward. A supper was prepared for the occasion, and at the festive board were seated guests to the number of thirty or forty, all partaking heartily. Following the feast pleasant conversation was indulged in, and the evening thus whiled away, the guests departing at a seasonable hour, all feeling joyous over Mr. Jeremy's hospitality,

"Wherein he them full fair did entertain,
Not with such forged shows as fitter been
For courting fools, that courtesies would faine;
But with entire affection and appearance plain."

For Re-election.—We observe that Joseph A. Butler, Esq., whose term of Alderman in the Sixth ward is about to expire, is a candidate for re-nomination, by the Republicans, at the meeting to be held this evening, and it is altogether likely that his nomination will be unanimous, there being no opposing candidate. There is no office holder in the city who possesses in a greater degree the confidence of the people, gained through faithfulness in the discharge of his official duties. His renomination, therefore, will be but a fitting acknowledgment of his services—a Republican nomination in the Sixth ward being equivalent to an election.

The Will of Chief Lyle.—The Will of Chief Engineer Lyle of Philadelphia was proved on Thursday, in the office of the Register of Wills. In it he bequeathes $500 to the Fairmount Engine Company, and the rest of his money is left to his relatives. It is dated November 7, 1866. We may here remark that the Central Alarm Bell of this city, sounded forty-nine times on Thanksgiving day, in honor of his memory—one stroke for each year of his age.

Heath Zouaves.—A special meeting of this company will be held this (Saturday) evening at 7½ o'clock, in Washington Hall, Rebecca street, First ward, Allegheny. An election of officers, under the official order of General Geary, will be held. All members are requested to be present.

Fire.—A slight fire occurred about two two o'clock this morning in the establishment of McAboy, Spang & Co., manufacturer of saddle and harness trimmings, on Wood street, opposite the St. Charles Hotel. The building fronts on both Wood and Third streets, and the fire was first discovered where the two rooms connect, burning up through the floor. It originated in the cellar, which contained nothing but old boxes. No damage other than that done by the water was sdstained. It is not known how the fire originated.

Masonic Hall—Grand Gift Matinee.—Professor and Madame Macallister, the great Elocutionists of the age, give their first grand gift Matinee at the above named hall, this Saturday afternoon at three o'clock. An entire change of programme will be presented, replete with new, brilliant and beautiful features. Every child will receive a handsome present. Admission twenty-five cents. In the evening a superb programme will be presented. One hundred elegant and costly presents will be given away.

Our Patrons of the Second ward and public generally will be glad to learn that Mr. Harry Moorhouse, the distinguished Evangelist, from Lancashire, England, will preach in the First Baptist Church, on Fourth street, between Grant and Ross, Sunday morning at 10½ o'clock and in the evening in the *Old Pittsburgh Theatre*, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association. All are cordially invited to attend.

Our friend Col. J. D. Eagan, the well-known book seller and periodical dealer, Sixth street, below Smithfield street, has on hand one of the finest collections of rare and current literary works to be found in the city. Persons in need of anything in the line should favor him with a call.

Found.—Dr. E. Donnelly found a pocket book on Fifth street, near this office, yesterday evening, containing a sum of money. The owner can recover the same by calling upon him, proving property and paying for this notice.

FOURTH PAGE.—Full Report of Proceedings in the Tack-O'Connor Case; The Iron Bridge over the Allegheny.

CITY ITEMS.

Sympathy.

We do sincerely sympathise with all who can't get home to dinner, and have been in the habit of putting up with Restaurant fare—tough, over or underdone meats and vegetables, and coffees that one might mistake for tea, soup or dish water, and that, too, at prices that would be extortionate for good victuals. To all such poor fellows, we would say, you can now remedy this; you can enjoy home luxury by dining with Harry McGuire, 89 Fifth street; he will give you a good home dinner for a reasonable price. Pepperpot, roast meats, and all the et ceteras, including brown bread, which is a rare luxury. Try his fare, and you will scarcely regret not going home. These dining rooms are conducted on strictly temperance principles.

Diaries—1868—opened at Pittock's. Beautiful are Bang's Chromos, at Pittock's.

Harper, Atlantic and all the magazines, at Pittock's.

Boquets—orders taken for Bockstoce's beautiful bouquets, at Pittock's.

Stereoscopic views—the only variety in Pittsburgh—at Pittock's.

Initial paper—new styles, at Pittock's.

It Will Pay for Pittsburghers to visit the extensive and well managed Allegheny grocery and produce house of J. Kohen & Brothers, No. 69 Federal street, for the large and fresh stock of groceries, teas, spices, and produce is offered to the wholesale and retail trade at very reasonable and inducing prices. Packages delivered anywhere free of charge, and shipments carefully made to all points.

332, 334 and 336 are the numbers of the three large and commodious business houses on Liberty street occupied by J. D. Ramaley. At 332 will be found a splendid stock of clothing; at 334 a large and magnificent stock of all the latest styles of Hats and Caps; at 336, Boots, Shoes and Clothing. The prices are very reasonable in each of the stores, and bargains and satisfaction are warranted to all who make a purchasing visit.

Ginger Snaps, water, sugar, butter and fancy crackers for hotels, restaurants and private families, at very reasonable prices, at the old established steam cracker bakery of Wray & Brothers, Nos. 29 and 31 Irwin street. Packages are shipped carefully to all points or delivered anywhere in this neighborhood by wagons. Give their crackers a trial and be convinced of their excellence.

Ladies' Gaiters.—Call in at the wholesale and retail establishment of Snodgrass & Ross, No. 24 St. Clair street, and examine the large and varied assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, which are offered at extremely low prices. Boys' and Misses Shoes at manufacturers' prices.

Reineman, Meyran & Seidle are about to occupy their palatial new Fifth street store, and previous to removing from their present house offer their entire stock of jewelry, watches, clocks, silverware and ornaments, at greatly reduced prices. Remember the place, No. 29 Fifth street.

Canned Fruits, the best French raisins, pure spices, choice sugars and best of teas and coffees, will be found at the most reasonable prices at the old established tea mart of Joseph A. Robinson, No. 20 Fifth street.

The Best Place in Allegheny to purchase groceries, tea and produce is at the extensive wholesale and retail establishment of J. Kohen & Brothers, No. 69 Federal street. The prices throughout the house are very reasonable.

The Best conducted dining rooms in the city are those of Wm. Holtzheimer, next door to the Postoffice, Fifth street, and the charges are most reasonable. Call in and see for yourselves.

At J. D. Ramaley's, No. 334 Liberty street, will be found a large and finely assorted stock of hats and caps, embracing all the latest and most fashionable styles, which are offered at eastern manufacturers' prices.

See at Holtzheimer's first-class restaurant, Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice, the splendid display of domestic fowls and wild game of all sorts. Try a meal at the Continental and be satisfied that it is kept in tip top style.

Ladies' Furs.—The best of Furs for ladies' wear, at the most reasonable prices, may be found at the wholesale and retail establishment of Snodgrass & Ross, No. 24 St. Clair street.

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters.—Snodgrass & Ross, No. 24 St. Clair street, offer the wholesale and retail trade a splendid stock of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, which they sell at less than manufacturers' prices.

Purchase your teas where you can buy to the best advantage and where nothing but the purest is sold at very low prices, at the old established tea mart of Joseph A. Robinson, No. 20 Fifth street.

Gents Furnishing goods, shirts, drawers, neck ties, suspenders, at great reduction in prices, at the retail trimming and notion house of W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market street.

Mail Car Burned.—The car containing the through western mail took fire at Easton, Pa., about two o'clock, Thursday morning, and was entirely consumed with its contents.

The finest stock of men and boys' Hats and Caps in the city, at the cheapest prices, is at the wholesale and retail establishment of Snodgrass & Ross, No. 24 St. Clair streets.

Clothing.—The finest stock of men's clothing in the city is at J. D. Ramaley's, No. 336 Liberty street. The prices are very reasonable. Call in and be suited and fitted.

Call in and examine the magnificent stock at J. D. Ramaley's, No. 336 Liberty street. The prices are very cheap and every article is warranted to give satisfaction in wear.

Trunks, Traveling Bags, &c.—The best and cheapest place in the city to purchase Trunks, Traveling Bags and Valises, is at Snodgrass & Ross', No. 24 St. Clair street.

All the most fashionable styles of Hats and Caps for men and boys, at greatly reduced prices, at the popular store of Snodgrass & Ross, No. 24 St. Clair street.

Oysters in all styles at reasonable prices, at Holtzheimer's Continental Dining Saloon, Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice.

Ales, the choicest, and Wines, the purest, on draught, at the Continental Dining Saloon, next door to the Postoffice, Fifth street.

First and Second Street Property at auction, on Thursday, Dec. 5th, at 3 P. M. See advertisement of Smithson, Palmer & Co., auctioneers.

CITY ITEMS.

The Best and original Tonic of Iron, Phosphorus, and Calisaya, known as Caswell, Mack & Co.'s Ferro Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark. The Iron restores color to the blood, the Phosphorus renews waste of the nerve tissue, and the Calisaya gives a natural healthful tone to the digestive organs, thereby curing dyspepsia in its various forms, Wakefulness, General Debility, and Depression of Spirits. Manufactured only by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists. S&WF

Dry Goods at Wholesale.—We invite the particular attention of buyers at wholesale to our complete stock of silks, dress goods, and all kinds of fancy and staple goods, and to the fact that we sell at the lowest eastern prices, and cut goods to suit purchasers.

J. W. BARKER & Co.,
59 Market street.

Something Good.—The boots, shoes, gaiters, &c., for men, ladies and children, kept at 89 Market street, are made of the very best material, and sold as low as the lowest. All goods are warranted to give satisfaction. If you want something good, and at gold prices, call at Robb's Shoe House, 89 market street.

Ladies will find a splendid assortment of lace goods, embroideries, linen goods, trimmings and notions generally, at the fashionable retail store of W. W. Moorhead; No. 81 Market street. Prices very reasonable.

Orders by mail for the superior water, butter and sugar crackers of Wray & Brothers, whose extensive steam bakery is located at Nos. 29 and 31 Irwin street, will be promptly filled at lowest prices.

For the Approaching Concerts purchase your opera and white goods and kid gloves at the well known retail trimming store of William W Moorhead, No. 81 Market street.

Furs! Furs!—Buy your Furs at the well known and popular store of Snodgrass & Ross, No. 24 St. Clair street. A splendid selection is offered at very cheap prices.

Holiday Gifts of a sensible character at reasonable prices at the fashionable trimming and notion store of W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market street.

For superior table crackers and biscuits go to the old established cracker bakery of Wray & Brothers, Nos. 29 and 31 Irwin street,

Call and Examine the large and complete stock of Ladies' Furs, at William Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street. tf

Eye, Ear, Throat, Lung, Chest DISEASES and CATARRH, successfully treated by Dr. Aborn, 134 Smithfield street. A book by mail 50 cents. TFE

Ladies' Furs.—The best and cheapest Furs in the city can be found on west corner of Market and Fourth streets. 6t GARDNER & STEWART.

$6.00, $8.00, $10.00, Elegant Sacks, on west corner Market and Fourth street. WS GARDNER & STEWART.

Chinchilla Cloth, elegant, all colors, on west corner Market and Fourth street. WS GARDNER & STEWART.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the kidneys. For sale by all druggists. MWF.

Fresh Oysters received daily at the popular Continental Dining Rooms, next door to the Postoffice, Fifth street.

Bargains in Ladies' Furs, at William Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street. tf

For the best crackers go to Wray & Bro.'s, No. 29 and 31 Irwin street.

MARRIED.

GOURLEY—BRENNEMAN—By Rev. Dr. Howard, assisted by Rev. Dr. McAboy, at the residence of the bride's parents, on Thursday evening, Nov. 28th, 1867, Prof. HARRY I. GOURLEY and Miss JENNIE L. BRENNEMAN, both of this city.

FULLERTON—WILSON—On Thursday evening, October 28th, 1867, by Rev. John G. Brown, assisted by the Rev. Wm. J. Brown, of Red Rock, Ireland, WILL J. FULLERTON and Miss JENNIE, daughter of Alexander Wilson, Esq., all of this city.

SCHRODER—CONLON—On Thursday evening, Oct. 28th, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. Father Devlin, Mr. JOHN F. SCHRODER and Miss ELLEN CONDON, both of Pittsburgh.

DIED.

MILLER—On Friday evening, at half past six o'clock, at his late residence, No. 80 Boyle street, Allegheny City, WM. J. MILLER, (late of Spring Hill,) in the 21st year of his age.

Funeral from his son's residence, on SUNDAY, Dec. 1st, at two o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 Ohio St., Allegheny, and No. 80 Diamond Square, (by John Wilson & Bros.,) keeps always on hand the best Metal, Rosewood, Walnut and Imitation Rosewood Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Coffins $20 upwards; all other Coffins in proportion. Carriages and Hearses furnished at low rates. Crape, Gloves, Plate and Engraving furnished gratis. Office open day and night.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS, of all kinds; CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

J. G. RODGERS, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, (successor to the late Samuel K. Rodgers,) No. 25 Ohio Street three doors from Beaver, Allegheny City. Metallic, Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins, at the lowest reduced prices. Rooms open at all hours, day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished on short notice and on most reasonable terms.

EDWARD CZARNIECKI, UNDERTAKER. Office, No. 244 Ohio Street, Allegheny. Metallic, Rosewood and other Coffins, with a complete stock of funeral Furnishing Goods, on hand and furnished at shortest notice, at lowest prices. Sale and Livery Stables, corner of First and Middle Streets. Carriages, Barouches, Buggies, Saddle Horses, &c., &c. for hire.

CEMETERY MARBLE WORKS. A. J. HARBAUGH, at the Cemetery Gate, Lawrenceville, Pa. ORNAMENTAL MARBLE and STONE WORKS; STONE BURIAL CASES warranted water proof.

POLITICAL.

☞ UNION REPUBLICAN PRIMARY MEETINGS.—The Union Republicans of the Wards and Townships in the City of Pittsburgh which have not nominated candidates for City Councils and Ward officers, are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections, on,

Tuesday, Dec. 3d, 1867,

Between the hours of two and five o'clock P. M. in the Townships, and four to seven o'clock P. M. in the wards, for the purpose of nominating candidates for said offices.

By order of the City Executive Committee,
JOS. A. BUTLER, Chairman.
A. L. PEARSON, Secretary. no30

TENTH WARD.—The Republican voters of the Tenth ward will meet on SATURDAY, Nov. 30th, between the hours of 7 and 8 o'clock P. M., at the office of J. F. SLAGLE, No. 108 Fifth street, for the purpose of nominating Councilmen and ward officers to be voted for at the election on December 10th. By order of Ex-Com. JOHN T. BROWN, Chairman.

THE REPUBLICANS of the 5th Ward will meet at the School House, on SATURDAY, Nov. 30th, between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating Ward and City Officers. Vote by ballot.

EIGHTH WARD REPUBLICAN PRELIMINARY MEETING.—A Republican preliminary meeting will be held at the Eighth Ward School House, Ann street, on MONDAY EVENING, December 2d, to name officers to be voted for for Ward Offices.

LOST.

LOST.—A BLACK AND TAN BITCH, with steel collar. A Liberal reward will be paid for her return, at 8 SMITHFIELD STREET.

FOUND.

FOUND—On Tuesday Evening, November 26th, on Craig street, Allegheny, a POCKET-BOOK, containing a small amount of money. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. H. CALLAHAN, 65 Craig street, Allegheny.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
Anchor Cotton Mills, Pittsburgh,
Manufacturers of Heavy, Medium and Light Anchor and Magnolia
SHEETINGS AND BATT[illegible]

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE,
TWO EDITIONS,
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

A large sheet, containing FORTY COLUMNS of interesting reading matter, including leading Editorials, latest News by Telegraph and Mail, valuable Reading Matter for the Family and fullest and most reliable Financial and Commercial Market Reports given by any paper in the city. No Farmer, Mechanic or Merchant should be without it.

TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY GAZETTE:
Single Subscriber.................$1.50
Clubs of Five.....................1.25
Clubs of Ten......................1.15

—And one copy of paper to the person getting up the club. Additions to clubs can be made at any time, at club rates.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.—In ordering your paper, be sure and specify what edition you want, as we issue a Wednesday edition for subscribers having but one mail a week.

☞ Money by Draft, Express, Money Orders, or in Registered Letters, may be sent at our risk.
Address, GAZETTE,
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

WANTS.

WANTED—To sell out, a well established TOBACCO STORE, located at No. 51 Ohio street, third door below the Post Office, Allegheny City. Small capital required. Call at THE STORE.

WANTED—AGENTS—Lloyd's $100,000 REVOLVING DOUBLE MAPS OF EUROPE AND AMERICA are just out; only $4. 3,000,000 names on them. "How to canvass well" sent. Ladies and men $20 a day made.
J. T. LLOYD,
No. 23 Cortland Street, New York.

WANTED—A BOOK-KEEPER.—Must be thoroughly reliable. A man of middle age, and a thorough accountant. None others need apply. To such a person, a responsible and permanent position will be given, with a liberal salary. Address, with references, BOX No. 450, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED.—We want Agents in every county in Pennsylvania and Ohio, to sell three indispensable articles, wanted in every house. This is no humbug. Our agents are making four to sixteen dollars per day. Call on or address CUSHING & LOCKHART, Room 38, St. Clair Hotel.

WANTED—ARMY GUNS—ARMY REVOLVERS.—$10 cash for Spencer Rifles or Carbines; $5 to $7 cash for Sharp's Rifles or Carbines; $5 to $6 cash for Colt's Army or Navy Revolvers. Cash paid for every description of fire arms. Persons having any of above arms can send them by Express c. o. d. to J. H. JOHNSTON, Great Western Gun Works, 334 Penn street, corner Wayne, Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—OFFICES.—The rooms now occupied by the Secretary of the Union Railroad and Transportation Company, No. 23 Fifth street, over O. McClintock & Co.'s Carpet Store. These rooms are very desirable for offices, being located in the centre of business, and on Fifth street, now being laid with the Nicolson pavement, rendering them free from noise, etc. Front room contains large fire-proof vault. Possession can be had on the 1st proximo. Inquire of OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO., 23 Fifth street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A Good PAYING ROUTE on this paper, will be sold to a sober, energetic man. None others need apply, at GAZETTE COUNTING-ROOM.

FOR SALE—320 ACRES GOOD FARMING LAND, in Iowa. Terms easy. Good title. Taxes all paid. Will trade for city property. For particulars inquire of D. W. SOUTH, No. 35 Market street.

FOR SALE—THREE BUILDING LOTS IN BELLFIELD, near Oakland Station, two squares from the horse car track. Each lot 4?x14?, beautifully situated, and will be sold cheap. Enquire of WILLIAM HOLMES, 200 Liberty Street.

FOR SALE—One first-rate two story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, with eight rooms, finished attic and good dry cellar; brick stable and carriage house, all in good order. Situate on the corner of Beaver street and North alley. Gas and hot and cold water in the house. Enquire of RAMSEY & HALL, Real Estate Agents, No. 91 Beaver street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—BRICK YARD.—The undersigned will sell all or one-half of a Brick Yard, to any person wishing to engage in the business. The yard is new, with all the modern improvements. Lease runs ten years. None need apply but those who mean business. Address E. T. C., Allegheny P. O.

FOR SALE—HORSES.—AT HOWARD'S Livery and Sale Stable, one fine FAMILY HORSE (Bay); three DAPPLE GREY HORSES, one LARGE DRAUGHT HORSE; three BLACK MARES; two GREY MARES. FIRST STREET, near the Monongahela House.
☞ Horses bought and sold on commission.

FOR SALE.—House and Lot on corner of Manhattan and Adams streets, near Passenger Railway. Lot 44 by 127 feet. House frame, containing 7 rooms and good hall, well improved. House and Lot on Sheffield, near Bidwell street, Allegheny City. Lot 23 by 1? feet; house frame, contains hall, five rooms and good cellar; water and gas. Also, several small Houses and Lots in good location. Inquire of S. RUSH & CO., Beaver street, near Chesnut, Manchester.

FOR SALE—BAKERY.—A good Bakery, doing a business of from 25 to 35 barrels of flour a week, and situated at No. 1? PALO ALTO STREET, Allegheny City, will be sold on reasonable terms. The above bakery is doing a good business, and has the facilities of doing a much larger one than is now running. Any person wishing to engage in the business will find this a rare opportunity. For particulars inquire at the BAKERY.

FOR SALE.—A RARE CHANCE is offered to an active gentleman, having a cash capital of $4500, to purchase a one-third interest in a well established and well paying Lubricating Refinery. To a man accustomed to traveling, this is a rare opportunity, as in addition to his interest he will receive a salary of $100 per month and expenses. Ill health is the only reason for present owner offering to sell. For particulars enquire of SILL & SHUTTERLY, Real Estate Brokers, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF ONE HUNDRED ACRES, situated in Patton tp., Allegheny county, two and one-half miles north of Stewart's Station, Penna. R. R. The farm is under good cultivation and fence; has on it an apple and peach orchard, commencing to bear; also several springs. Improvements consist of brick house, barn, carriage house and other outbuildings. The farm is convenient to churches, school house and mill. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of JOHN TILLBROOK Monroeville Post Office.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT.—A large lot of ground 30x132 feet in East Liberty, on the Frankstown road, 200 yards from the Railroad station, on which is erected a fine two story brick house of six rooms, with two cellars. This is a good home, well finished throughout with marble mantels, &c.; cellar floors laid with brick; a pump at the door affords an abundant and constant supply of good water, and will be sold very cheap and on easy terms, if applied for soon. For particulars enquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—SHARPSBURG LOTS.—We now offer on exceedingly easy terms a new plan of large and desirable lots, being part of that valuable property belonging to the heirs of L. C. I. Noble, situate at the upper end of Sharpsburg, and near Guyasuta Station, on the West Penna. Railroad. A portion of these lots front the railroad on the west, and Main street on the south. The lots are 40 by 160 feet, with wide streets running through the entire property. The soil for gardening purposes cannot be excelled, and for beauty of location and access have no equal. For descriptive plan and further information call at SILL & SHUTTERLY'S, Real Estate Agents, Butler street, Lawrenceville.

UNITED STATES
WATCH COMPANY'S WATCHES.

We have just received another lot of these celebrated Watches. They are undoubtedly the FINEST and BEST for the price ever brought to this market, being jeweled with CHRYSOLITE, Exposed Escapement, with

CHRONOMETER BALANCE.

Wholesale and Retail Agents,

DUNSEATH & HASLETT,
56 FIFTH STREET.
OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

HENRY G. HALE,
Merchant Tailor,
Cor. Penn and St. Clair Streets
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WHEELER & WILSON
MANUFACTURING COMPANY
SEWING MACHINES
Make the Lock Stitch, and are the cheapest, simplest and best.
Salesroom, No. 27 FIFTH STREET.

NEW STORE AND
NEW GOODS.
H. SMITH, Merchant Tailor,
No. 98 WYLIE ST., corner of Federal
Is now receiving his second supply of
FALL AND WINTER CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, VESTINGS,
And OVER COATING

1786. PROSPECTUS. 1868.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

The largest daily paper in the State of Pennsylvania, enters the 82nd year of its existence with increased facilities for disseminating the current news of the day, and for rendering good political service in the important Presidential Canvass of 1868. The forthcoming session of Congress promises to prove one of the most important held since the formation of the Government, and the proceedings will be anxiously watched by the intelligent masses. In view of the deep interest centered in the proceedings, the proprietors of the GAZETTE have made arrangements for daily dispatches and letters during the session, from a highly intelligent correspondent, who enjoys the confidence and friendship of the leading members of the Senate and House, the heads of the various Departments, and the leading politicians who frequent Washington, so that readers can depend on receiving the first, fullest and most reliable intelligence from the seat of Government.

The proceedings of the State Legislature, at its forthcoming session, will also prove interesting, inasmuch as many questions of importance will come up for legislation. The GAZETTE will keep at the State Capital, during the entire session, an intelligent and faithful correspondent, who will promptly report the proceedings by mail and telegraph.

It is the only political journal of Pittsburgh which faithfully reflects and steadily advocates the principles held by the Union Republican Party, and interpreted by a loyal Congress.

It gives as much reading matter as any paper sold at twelve dollars per annum, while its price is but eight, being the cheapest as well as the largest newspaper in the Commonwealth.

With the enlargement, every department has been strengthened. The high character of its editorial columns will be maintained, and all questions of public importance will be fearlessly discussed.

The news department will be kept up to the requirements of the day, and in condensed items will faithfully mirror all the transactions worthy of note of the City, State, Country and world at large, and maintain for the GAZETTE the reputation of a live, enterprising and first class family and commercial newspaper.

Ample space has been reserved for market reports, which can at all times be relied upon as correct, as the current quotations for manufactures, farm products, cattle, &c., &c., are daily gathered from actual sales, by faithful and efficient reporters.

The river news is collected with care, and will prove a very interesting feature of the GAZETTE.

The financial news department has been placed in charge of an able and experienced banker, who will render it quite an attractive and useful specialty to bankers, brokers and business men generally.

The religious department will receive the attention due its importance, and will be so conducted as to be pleasing and readable to members of all religious denominations.

The agricultural, art, science, literary, personal and other departments of the paper will be conducted in a manner which will prove satisfactory to the reader.

TERMS OF THE DAILY GAZETTE.

Three Months	$2.00.
Six Months	4.00.
One Year	8.00.

Delivered in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and all the adjacent Boroughs for 15 cents per week, payable to Carriers.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

The WEEKLY GAZETTE has been enlarged to the same size as the Daily, and is now the largest, cheapest and best weekly family newspaper in the State. It should be in the house of every farmer, mechanic and business man. It gives each week forty solid columns of current news by telegraph and mail, the leading editorials of the daily, and a choice selection of literary and scientific items, together with everything important pertaining to the world of politics. Its agricultural columns will be edited in such a manner as to find favor with the farmer and gardener. The market reports of the WEEKLY GAZETTE are by common consent acknowledged to be the standard authority for both buyers and sellers, and in commercial circles in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia are without equal. The files of the GAZETTE are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county, as reference in important issues, to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute.

Our Agents will favor us by getting up their clubs at once, and not allowing their present ones to expire, as we are anxious that none of our readers should be deprived of a week's news. Additions to clubs can be made at any time, at yearly rates. Postmasters and Merchants are requested to act as Agents.

TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single Subscriber	$1.50.
Clubs of Five	1.25.
Clubs of Ten	1.15.

—and one to the getter up the club.

☞ *For specimen copies of either Daily or Weekly, address the proprietors,*

PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
GAZETTE BUILDING,
Nos. 84 and 86 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.

☞ Country papers in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia who will insert the above, and send us marked paper, will be entitled to one year's exchange with the DAILY GAZETTE.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1867.

THE Alabama Convention has decided that all executive, legislative and judicial officers shall be elected by the people.

PETROLEUM has been found near Havana, at a depth of 425 feet. That city treasury is empty and great want experienced by its employers.

THE Supreme Court of Cuba, occasionally, publish an advertisement calling upon the Captain of some certain ship to appear at the jail, within nine days, and avoid a sentence, without a hearing, on the charge of landing some hundred Africans, at some particular port, on a specified day; but the Captain does not appear and nothing more is heard of the matter until he lands another cargo when the advertisement is repeated. Rather an effective way of putting an end to the slave trade.

A POLITICAL PAMPHLET, supposed to be official, appeared in Paris a few days before the Emperor's speech, and has created much speculation. It assumes that France recognizes German unity, as a signal triumph of democracy and liberty, which has been "proclaimed, propagated, protected and developed" by France, and by her given "a supreme and irrevocable consecration in one of the most prodigious of political facts—that of a monarchy issuing from universal suffrage, and marching with it for fifteen years in daily more intimate accord." A future union between this German unity and France, under a single monarch, is hinted at. Italy is spoken of as a power "whose active support would be of very little use," but the temporal power of the Pope must be maintained inviolate to insure the friendship of Napoleon. The object of the pamphlet appears to be the alliance of France, England and Germany, the keeping of Italian liberals quiet, and a general peace. For this purpose a European Congress is proposed to consider the question of a general disarming, a beating of spears, &c. The entire tone is eminently pacific, and strengthens the hope of peace.

A NEW INDICTMENT has been found against the Fortress Monroe martyr, Ex-President DAVIS. It is considerably larger than the paper it supercedes, and so will be worth more in the manufacture of paper collars. Gen. LEE and Mr. SEDDON have been held to bail to appear as witnesses on the 22d day of March. It is not probable that Mr. DAVIS' trial will cost any more than either his capture or imprisonment. On the last day set for it the Richmond Court House and avenues to it were crowded by people anxious to see him and Judge CHASE; but as neither appeared it was disappointed. We are gravely informed that the only thing his friends dread, on his account, is trial before Judge UNDERWOOD by a negro jury. The Richmond secessionists insist that he should be tried by the United States Senate by impeachment. Without a reversal of the present order of things in Virginia, it will be next to impossible to try him there without some negro jurors. On the present grand jury there are fifteen white men and six negroes, and three to be summoned. The *Venire* is forty five whites and twenty-six negroes.

After all, trying JEFF DAVIS by a jury part negro would be better than hanging him on "a sour apple tree." The negroes would, most likely, be the most lenient members of the panel, and an acquittal at the hands of the men whom he violated every obligation to hold in hopeless bondage, would be a sublime revenge, and one well suited to a christian people.

IMPEACHMENT.

Messrs. WILSON and WOODBRIDGE do not receive very hearty thanks from Mr. JOHNSON's friends, for their minority report. The *World* pronounces it "a great absurdity" to argue, as they do, that an officer can only be impeached for indictable crimes, and says:

> "The higher grades of crime are punishable either by death or by imprisonment at hard labor. A person holding office is no more exempt from trial and punishment for such crimes than the meanest citizen; and inasmuch as a convict rotting in a felon's grave, or serving out his term in a State prison, is effectually out of office, no recourse to impeachment was needed to put him out, if the higher grades of indictable crimes are the only offences to which impeachment applies."

This effectually disposes of the entire argument of the middle men on the Impeachment Committee. It is to provide for the removal from office of men unworthy to hold it, not to supercede the action of criminal courts, that the impeachment clause was added to the Constitution. In the army an officer may be "censured or dismissed for conduct unbecoming a gentleman," and the framers of our Constitution wished not only to protect us from officers who could legally be sent to State's prison, but from the authority of men who abuse their power, or are guilty of conduct unbecoming an officer, of misbehavior or misdemeanor, "an offense of less grade than a felony." If to betray one's friends and join hands with their enemies; if "being false to the express and implicit condition which underlies his elevation to power,"—which being converted into plain English, we take to mean, breaking his contract with the men who elected him—is not a misdemeanor, falsehood and breach of contract must be as harmless, in public affairs, as a new chip in a barrel of water. If the account given of Mr. JOHNSON by Mr. WILSON is true, he should be removed from office, as a notification that the people of this country demands, of their public officers, as much good faith as of their private servants. We object to a standard of morality for Presidents, Judges, Senators, and other public dignitaries, below that which we hold as proper in a coachman or kitchen girl. When Pat engages to drive you northward, for a certain sum, you complain if he take you in an opposite direction; and would fain compel him to refund. When Bridget engages, as a first class cook, and puts the bread into the oven to bake, straw baskets and all, you are indignant at the deception she has practiced. Yet, how can we wonder at the disregard of contracts, so common amonst our town class, when our national standard of truth is so low, that men in the position held by Messrs. WILSON and WOODBRIDGE can argue, before the world, that the charges they bring against Mr. JOHNSON are not misdemeanors. What word have we in our language to describe Mr. JOHNSON's conduct if it is not a misdemeanor. Stealing a pin or telling a white lie, we teach our children to consider a crime, in common people; and if the charges of this minority report are not misdemeanors in official personages, we need a revision of our dictionary; and a new edition of Paley, gotten up for the benefit of Honorables for whom the claim is thus set up of immunity in the breach of contracts.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Church union is growing, notwithstanding the formidable opposition from those who cherish certain views with a species of idolatary, that in their estimation is paramount to the grand and broad basis of the Gospel. The recent Philadelphia Convention will help to widen this Catholic feeling, and will tend to break down denominational baseness that have hitherto been almost insurmountable. The *Christian Intelligencer*, the able organ of the Reformed Dutch Church, contains an editorial entitled "A Church Congress,' in which it takes the ground that the several evangelical churches in the United States might organize a general convention or congress, to consist of delegates duly appointed thereto. The Congress might be held once in three years, and while without any legislative authority, or have power to interfere with the polity or usages of particular denominations, ample work might be assigned for its consideration. It suggests that the composition of the Congress might be composed of delegates from the several Presbyterian bodies, from General Associations of Congregationalists, and from the Methodist, Baptist and Episcopal churches. This might be accomplished as these denominations associate together at the meetings of the Evangelical Alliance. The work of a General Congress should be adapted to the public exigencies, and yet in some respects there should be a degree of permanence. It suggests the Congress would be charged, first, with the duty of exemplifying the essential unity of the several evangelical denominations; second, by its fraternal counsels it might unify the essentials, and minify the non-essentials of religion; third, it could concert and recommend plans of labor, which, if commonly adopted, would harmonize and consolidate the aggressive efforts of all the churches; fourth, its deliverances on supreme questions of public morals could not fail to have large influence, and sometimes check political iniquity when intent upon mischief; fifth, it would present an united front against the adversaries of Church and State, and quicken the public conscience when enervated by popular errors and delusions. It justifies such efforts of union on the ground of the relation of the denominations to one another in the common aim all seek to promote; cultivation of a fraternal spirit, and to perform certain work now assumed by irresponsible, though lawful, conventions of individuals. Other points are presented in this editorial which are worthy of reproduction, but we forbear at this time.

The *Protestant Churchman* referring to the recent exchange of salutations between the Presbyterians and Episcopalians at the late Convention, thinks it was God's work, and cannot be undone. The precedent there established by Bishops, clergy and laity, will be followed in hundreds of parishes, be the consequences what they may.

Hoyt, the well known Sunday School Book publisher in Boston, says that ninety-five per cent. of all the Sunday school books published are written by women.

The *Church Union* pronounces the New York *Independent*, edited by Tilton, an infidel sheet, and calls upon the proprietors to sail under its proper colors, and it is harmless.

Quite an extensive revival prevails at Oberlin. It is reported that sixty came forward for prayers, recently.

The Church of the Puritans, Rev. George B. Cheever, pastor, still retains its organization, notwithstanding the building formerly occupied by them was sold. It has about fifty thousand dollars at its disposal, and it is possible that they may erect a church on Murray Hill, if the proposition of the Third Presbytery is accepted. Should they accept they become Presbyterians instead of Congregationalists.

An Episcopal Church in Brooklyn, known as the Church of the Reformation, Rev. Mr. Brewer, rector, at its first meeting had only seventeen members. In less than a year property has been bought and a chapel erected capable of seating four or five hundred people, and now every pew is rented and filled.

Bishop Domenec confirmed at Johnstown, Pa., one hundred and eighty-eight persons in the English Catholic Church, and sixty-five in the German Church on the 12th inst. At other points in Cambria county, at a later date, a large number of persons were confirmed, and also at Temperanceville and Manchester, in this county.

Rev. Dr. E. W. Webb, of the Shawmut Congregational Society, Boston, has been granted a year's absence in Europe, continuance of his salary, and supply of his pulpit, with a purse of five thousand dollars to pay his traveling expenses.

The Episcopal Church has recently established service in the "City of the Latter Day Saints," the centre and strength of Mormonism. The first service took place on May 5th, the second Sunday after Easter.

The *Presbyterian Banner* contains an advertisement for twenty-five Presbyterian families to form a colony in and around Russell station, on the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad, Lucas county, Iowa. Applicants are required to give a pledge of fidelity to the church.

An association of ministers, denominated the Chicago Ministerial Union, has been organized in that city, and comprises such as are conceded possess evangelical sentiments. A Swedenborgian minister applied for admission to membership, and the question came up: "Is the Swedenborgian Church evangelical?" A one-sided discussion arose, and the sentiment seemed to prevail that, under the rule, the applicant could not be admitted. However the application was referred to a committee, who are to report at a subsequent meeting.

The Southern Presbyterian General Assembly met at Nashville on the 21st, and was opened by a sermon from Rev. A. H. Kerr, D. D., the Moderator of the last Assembly. Forty-five ministerial delegates, and thirty elders were present the first day. Rev. T. V. Moore, D. D., of Virginia, was elected Moderator, and Rev. Dr. Doremus Temporary Clerk.

The confession has recently been made by the organs of different demonstrations, that the frequent ministerial changes are the result of meagre support. Recently we noticed the declaration of a Baptist paper that the reason why several ministers of that body had resigned their churches in the West to accept Eastern calls, was because of better pay. The *Episcopalian* acknowledges, or rather justifies the acceptance of the clergy in Philadelphia, of calls from other places, where more liberal counsels prevail. The *Presbyterian*, in noticing the latter, acknowledges that the same reasons might be assigned for changes in the Presbyterian pulpits.

Rev. Dr. Morgan Dix, of New York, recently preached on the following subject: "The law of the Episcopal Church, her and highest interests, forbid non-Episcopal ministers within her fold.', The same day the Rev. H. Blanchard (Universalist) preached on "The religion of free trade."

The Great Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal Church, in Washington city, under the direction of Rev. Frank S. De Hass, is nearly completed; roofing is commenced and the stone work is done. Fir tree and cedar wood from Lebannon, in Palestine, obtained through the courtesy of the Secretary of State, and our national representative in the Holy Land, have been received for the adornment of this elegant structure. Memorial windows have been constructed to commemorate distinguished men, such as Judge McLean of the U. S. Supreme Court, Ex-Governor Wright, Minister to Berlin, Rev. Jesse Lee, Rev. Dr. Wilbur Fish, Rev. Dr. Charles Elliott, and others. Chief Justice Chase Chase and General Grant are among the Trustees of the church.

Rev. Dr. T. M. Eddy, editor of the North Western *Christian Advocate*, in an address at a Lay delegation meeting in New York, alluded to a Michigan gentleman who bequeathed a large estate in the interest equally of the American Bible Society, and of the Methodist Episcopal Church, provided the Church shall adopt lay delegation before 1880; if not, it is then all to go in perpetuity to the American Bible Society.

Great excitement was felt in Stanwix Hall, Albany, on Monday. Four gentlemen boarders were robbed of their watches, money and pantaloons. The fourth discovered the thief in the act and raised an outcry. Thief was in his night clothes and escaped into some room. A general council was immediately held and watch was kept until morning, when two suspicious individuals there. While I was there Montooth uals were arrested on suspicion. Of course they protested indignantly, but a pair of burglar's nippers and some felt soled shoes found concealed in their room was considered evidence sufficient to warrant their detention.

A crowd in Iowa serenaded, with milk pans and groans and long drawn yells, a newly married pair. The groom, disgusted and irate, opened the window and fired a shot gun, some of the shot taking effect in three boys. This in turn enraged the crowd, which seized the bridal carriage in waiting and broke it to pieces. Law suits are the result.

WHEN PRINCE ALBERT was at the Cape of Good Hope, with his frigate, he neglected or refused to salute his superior officer, and there is trouble in the locker of the Admiralty.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE.
SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE.
SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE.
One hundred cases of this Pure Port Wine, received this day and for sale at low rates, at
JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
No 84 Market street, cor. of the Diamond.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE,
AND
COE'S COUGH BALSAM.
Twenty cases of these valuable Medicines received this day and for sale at very low rates, at
JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
No. 84 Market street, cor. of the Diamond.

A Card to Sensible People.
Rational reader, if the aspect of the weather was uncertain, you would not be foolish enough to venture out without an overcoat or an umbrella. Have the forecast, then, to protect yourself at this dangerous season with something more important than either of these articles. Strengthen your stomach and nervous system; regulate your liver and your bowels; tone all your organs and cheer your animal spirits with that agreeable cordial, tonic and alterative, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. So shall you surely escape the diseases which fasten upon the feeble and debilitated. "Suffer and be strong," says the proverb; but "be strong that you may not suffer" is the wiser maxim—and of all strengthening preparations this is the safest, the surest, the most genial. As a remedy as well as an antidote, for dyspepsia, fever and ague, and liver disease there is no combination of vegetable specifics at present known, which even approaches it in efficacy.
ANTICIPATE THE ENEMY. The elements of innumerable diseases are afloat in this raw, damp, mephitic winter air. Will you defend yourself against them or not, good reader? that is the question. A bottle or two of the great defensive medicine of the age, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, will so strengthen and brace up your bodily powers as to enable them to "laugh a siege to scorn." The morbid matter which was exhaled in perspiration through your pores in summer finds no such free egress now. A powerful counteracting agent is therefore needed, and you have it in HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. They neutralize the *materies morbi* from which disease originates, and regulate all the secretive organs. Nothing can be more harmless or more healthful—nothing so potent to prevent or cure biliousness, dyspepsia, fever and ague, constipation and general debility, as this wonderful corrective.

Important to Country Merchants.
Merchants visiting the city to lay in their supply of goods would do well to call at the great medicine emporium of DR. KEYSER, 140 Wood street, and put in a supply of his invaluable PECTORAL SYRUP and BLOOD SEARCHER, the former of which has been used in the Doctor's practice for over twenty years, and has saved thousands from the consumptive's grave. DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP will invariably give satisfaction to all persons afflicted with coughs and hoarseness and the usual pulmonary maladies incident to this season of the year, whilst DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER is daily curing some of the most hopeless cases of disease, of a class little cared for by physicians, and usually deemed incurable, such as cancers, white swellings, scrofulas, tetters. It is exceeding proper now, when the change from fall to winter is about to occur, that most of those who are debilitated and prostrated by sickness, should resort to some such a remedy as DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER, which will not only cleanse and purify the natural channels of the human system, but at the same time sweep off debility and reinstate vigor and nervous energy. It is wholly unlike most stimulating compounds and bitters, which for a while spur, but afterwards sink into greater prostration. Country merchants and farmers cannot do better than to purchase from half a dozen to a dozen of Dr. KEYSER'S medicines, as in doing so they will confer lasting benefit upon all whose health and life has been prolonged and improved. These two medicines of DR. KEYSER'S have acquired a hold on the affections of the people commensurate only with their superlative merits.
Ask for DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER and take no other, at 140 Wood street. Resident consultation office, 120 Penn street.
November 27th, 1867.

PACIFIC RAILROAD PROGRESS.

The Great Pacific Railroad, about which so much has been said, already assumes the phase of a great fact certain to be accomplished. By entrusting the wonderful enterprise to two great companies instead of one it seems the undertaking will be the sooner carried through. The Union Pacific R. R. Co., building the Eastern half, have already pushed, with great energy, their track to the foot slopes of the Rocky Mountain ranges, having built 500 miles of road in about two years. The Central Pacific R. R. Co., beginning at the Pacific side and working eastward, having accomplished a more prodigious work even, in carrying their track across California and over the Sierra Nevada range into the Salt Lake Basin. Although this work is all included within 150 miles, in point of difficulty and resistance overcome, it is more than equivalent to all that has been done on the eastern end. The crossing is made by practicable grades at an elevation of 7,000 feet above sea level, and a few days hence, it is thought, will witness the passage of the trains from the wharves of Sacramento to the mines of Nevada. Already a locomotive is on the eastern slope of the range.

It appears, however, that the Pacific Railroad will not have to wait for the complete overland connection to be made a paying investment; but it is in its beginning a financial success. This is especially true of the western half, where there is already a large settlement along its route—for it appears that with the track halted at the summit of the mountains, whence the passengers and freight had to be transferred to stages and wagons, the business has been so large during the past summer as to bear comparison with the best roads in the country, and so profitable as to almost challenge belief. The inevitable traffic of such a line, when completed, will obviously require a double track at an early day, and even two sets of tracks within the next twenty years. When a laborer, or an emigrant, can be transported from New York to San Francisco for one hundred dollars, we may expect a wholesale fitting to the El Dorado of the West, and the Great Port on the North Pacific Ocean will become second only to New York.

It is well understood that the Government furnishes, out of its credit, a large proportion of the means necessary to carry out this enterprise; and the Californians have generously added greatly to the means for the construction of their end of it. All this will be repaid fourfold in the development, prosperity, and good order assured to our Western domain, to say nothing of the enlargement of our trade with Eastern Asia. The Central Pacific Company have an army of nearly 10,000 men employed on the work, and expect to build about 260 miles across the Salt Lake Basin during next year. This will bring their road contiguous to the great Gold and Silver Mining Regions of the Salt Lake Basin; and in 1870 we may hope to see the through line finished.

The Central Pacific Railroad Company are offering the First Mortgage Bonds of their Road for sale to persons seeking safe, desirable investments. By reference to their advertisement in another column the foundation and assurances of these securities will be found fully set forth.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

FURTHER REDUCTION
IN PRICES!
Our Stock all Marked Down
At prices which cannot be otherwise but satisfactory to the public.
ELEGANT SCARFS, GLOVES,
COLLARS, MUFFLERS,
And the most superb assortment of
GENT'S HOSIERY,
To be found in the city.
PROMENADE SCARFS,
The latest novelty for the Brighton Collar.
GRAY, POSSIEL & RESE,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 62 FIFTH STREET.

HOSIERY! HOSIERY!
Children's Woolen Gaiters;
Children's Woolen Circulars;
Children's Woolen Gloves and Mittens;
Children's Woolen Hats and Sacques;
AT PHELAN'S.
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Woolen Skirts;
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Vests and Drawers;
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Woolen Shawls;
Ladies', Misses and Children's Woolen Gloves
AT PHELAN'S.
Ladies' English and American Merino Hose;
Children's White Merino Hose, ¾ hose and ½ hose;
Children's Fancy Cashmere and Tartan Plaid Hose;
Infants' Hand-knit Caps, Hoods, Shirts and Boots;
AT PHELAN'S
OLD STAND STOCKING STORE,
no30:s 24 FIFTH STREET.

BLANKETS,
FLANNELS,
MUSLINS,
CALICOES,
And all domestic goods, at the lowest cash prices, by
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET.
no30:

JAMES R. CLARK,
Druggist,
NO. 103 FIFTH STREET,
Offers for sale a large assortment of
HAIR BRUSHES,
TOOTH BRUSHES,
NAIL BRUSHES,
COMBS—Horn and Rubber.
no25:TTTH:s

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER & SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Nov. 27, 1867.

THE ASSESSMENTS FOR THE GRADING, PAVING and CURBING of the following streets in the Ninth Ward, viz.: LUMBAR STREET, from Penn street to Mulberry alley; MORRIS STREET, from Penn to Smallman streets; MULBERRY ALLEY from Morris to Rush streets; and SPRING ALLEY, from Morris to Baldwin street, are now ready for examination, and will remain in this office until SATURDAY, December 7th, 1867, when they will be placed in the City Treasurer's office for collection.

no28 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

PITTSBURGH, June 13th, 1867.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between ALEXANDER LOVE and EDWIN W. TOWER, under the firm of A. LOVE & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by A. LOVE, of Elizabeth.

A. LOVE.
E. W. TOWER.
no18:h30

MARTIN LIEBLER,
DEALER IN
HATS, CAPS AND FURS,
Also, Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.
No. 132 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh, Pa
Orders promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed.

STOVES! STOVES!
FREDERICK SCHULZE,
Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware,
Dealer in Cutlery, Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves, Fenders, Brittania and Block Tin Ware, No. 113 WYLIE STREET, near Washington.
Enameled and Tinned Ware, wholesale and retail. ☞ All Jobbing and Repairing promptly attended to.

J. D MATTHEWS,
STAMP AND STENCIL CUTTER,
231 Liberty Street, opposite Wood.
BRANDING IRONS, STAMPS AND STENCIL MARKING PLATES, ALPHABETS AND FIGURES in Steel or Copper, at short notice and the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE. We defy competition.
☞ AGENTS WANTED.
no22:h44

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO., No. 93 Water Street.
PITTSBURGH, November 22d, 1867.

DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS PER SHARE, on the Capital Stock, payable in Cash on and after Monday, 25th instant, free of Government tax.

JOHN M. CLANEY, Secretary.

LODGINGS.—Two respectable gentlemen can obtain very comfortable lodgings, with fuel, gas and bath, at private family residence,
No 220 LACOCK ST, ALLEGHENY,
But a short walk from the Hand street or Suspension Bridge.
no23t

$25 FOR 14 HOURS' WORK.—A good, steady man can secure, for a small sum of money, two well established paper routes, that will pay him the above amount by two hours' work each morning. Call on CARRIER, at GAZETTE OFFICE, Friday, November 29th, from 9 to 11 a. m.
no28

RE-PACKED COTTON—6 bales to arrive by rail, for sale by
no30 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

PEA-NUTS—300 sacks in store and for sale by
no30 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FEATHERS—20 sacks in store, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ TRINITY CHURCH, Sixth STREET.—CHORAL SERVICE.—Seats free EVERY SUNDAY, at 3½ o'clock p. m.

☞ REV. J. A. SEISS, D.D., of Philadelphia, will preach in the First Evangelical Lutheran Church, Seventh street, TO-MORROW (Sunday) December 1st. Services commence at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, CORNER OF GRANT AND THIRD STS. —Pastor, Rev. A. BOSSERMAN. Preaching EVERY SUNDAY at 10½ A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M. All the people are invited to come and hear.

Subject for to-morrow evening—"The Rock that was Smitten."

☞ FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH. —Services at the NEW CHAPEL, Fourth street, above Grant, TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M. Sabbath school at 2 o'clock P. M. All are invited to attend. The residence of the Pastor, REV. JAMES S. DICKERSON, is on Wilson street, one block above the [illegible] City Park, and one square from the Penn Street City Railway.

☞ PREACHING EVERY SABBATH, at 10½ o'clock a. m. and 7½ p. m. in NORTH AVENUE M. E. CHURCH, corner North Avenue and Beaver street, Allegheny City, Rev. E. B. SNYDER, Pastor. All are invited. Seats free Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. and 1½ p. m.

☞ FIRST CONGREGATION DISCIPLES, Neville Hall, corner of Fourth and Liberty sts., entrance on Fourth.—Rev. W. S. GRAY, Pastor. Service every LORD'S DAY, morning and evening. Sabbath school session at 2½ p. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday Evenings. Strangers and residents not identified with any worshiping congregation are kindly invited.

☞ PUBLIC LECTURE.—Subject—REDEMPTION. The price of redemption, or the atonement was not the shedding of the material blood of Christ. Redemption is not salvation. The fourth of a course of Lectures by REV. W. H. BENADE will be delivered SUNDAY EVENING, Dec. 1st, at the New Jerusalem Church, corner of Wood and Sixth streets.

☞ RELIGIOUS.—THE FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, Allegheny City, corner Beaver street and Montgomery avenue. Preaching TO-MORROW, (Lord's Day) at 10½ A. M. and 7 o'clock P. M. by the Pastor of the Church, JOSEPH KING. Subject in the evening—"The need of further Reformation in the Protestant World and the means by which all Religious People can be united." Free seats and all are invited.

☞ THEATRE PREACHING.— SABBATH EVENING, December 1st, there will be preaching in the Old Pittsburgh Theatre, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association. Mr. HARRY MOORHOUSE, a Lay Preacher from Lancashire, England, who is especially desirous of meeting those not in regular attendance at our Churches, will preach. Services begin at 7 o'clock.

No collection.

☞ THE FIRST METHODIST CHURCH Fifth street, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh, Pa. ALEXANDER CLARK, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M.

THE GOSPEL OF COMMON THINGS.

Will be the subject of a series of Evening Discourses, as follows:

1. Sabbath Evening, Nov. 10—THE DRESS.
2. Sabbath Evening, Nov. 17—THE LAMP.
3. Sabbath Evening, Nov. 24—THE DOOR.
4. Sabbath Evening, Dec. 1—THE HOUSE.
5. Sabbath Evening, Dec. 8—THE MIRROR.
6. Sabbath Evening, Dec 15—THE MAGNET.

Subject of sermon to-morrow morning, Dec. 1st—"Believing better than Seeing; or, Simple Faith."

You and your friends are cordially invited. Seats free and welcome to all.

☞ YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—The regular monthly meeting of the Y. M. C. A. takes place

This Evening, Nov. 30th,

At their Rooms, at 7½ o'clock. A full attendance of the members is earnestly requested. The work of the Association has now grown to such proportions as to necessitate the active co-operation of all the members.

Those appointed at the last monthly meeting to receive contributions for the Association are especially requested to be present and report.

no30:h88

☞ CURRY
NORMAL INSTITUTE.
A NEW CLASS WILL BE FORMED ON
NEXT MONDAY,
To complete a course in the Normal Studies
BY THE END OF JUNE.
All persons wishing to join this class should procure their tickets immediately.

AT EATON'S,
16 FIFTH STREET.
JUST OPENED.
Gents' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.
Scotch Wool Shirts and Drawers.
Scarlet Wool Shirts and Drawers.
Merino and Shaker Knit Half Hose.
Silk, Cloth and Lined Kid Gloves.
And Fancy Wool Scarfs and Mufflers, in new and elegant styles. no30

WM. F. & GEORGE NOBLE,
UPHOLSTERERS,
Feather Merchants,
And dealers in Beds and Bedding, Mattresses, Bolsters, Pillows, Blankets, Quilts, Comforts, Sheets and Slips, &c., kept in store ready for use, made out of the best material, at reasonable prices. PURIFIED FEATHERS, warranted, by the bag or pound, and everything appertaining to the Upholstery business. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled.
Store corner of SMITHFIELD and THIRD STREETS, under Merchants' Hotel.
WM. FINLAY NOBLE,
GEORGE NOBLE.
no30:h89

CARPETS AT COST.
For a Short Time.
PREPARATORY TO TAKING STOCK.
A Very Large Assortment of
OIL CLOTHS,
Window Shades,
HOLLANDS;
AND
Cheap All-Wool Ingrains.
McCALLUM BROS.,
51 Fifth Street, above Wood.
no30

5,000 ACRES OF VALUABLE
Timber, Coal and Mineral Lands
FOR SALE.
Situate on the line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, in Cambria county, within a short distance of Wilmore station; has a frontage on the Railroad of nearly three miles. Several veins of the best quality of pure rich bituminous coal underlie the whole tract. The veins rise gently from the Railroad towards the rear of the property, thus making it favorable for mining and easily drained. There is a large market for coke and it will cost but little to manufacture it. The property contains, besides the coal, several kinds of stratified IRON ORE; also LIME STONE. Fire and Potter's clays, sand stone for building and for glass manufacturers. Not far beneath the bed rock of the coal formation lies a valuable bed of Iron ore, which has been opened and worked westward. A great portion of the tract is covered with valuable timber of large growth, such as Ash, Cherry, Linn, Poplar, Oak, &c. The facilities for transporting this timber, when manufactured into lumber, either east or west, are unsurpassed. There is a water power Saw Mill on the extreme part of the tract, and at the Railroad station there is an excellent steam Saw Mill, recently erected and now cutting 10,000 to 12,000 feet per day. The demand for lumber at this point is constant, and a much larger supply could be readily sold at the mill, while there is ample room and timber on this property for several such mills.
The improvements on the property are worth from $40,000 to $50,000. There are two large mansions built for former proprietors in elegant style; a large store house, shops, &c. and about ten tenements for workmen, with stables, &c.
These lands are also well adapted to farming purposes, and under proper agricultural treatment would yield good crops while they are specially adapted to grazing purposes.
For further particulars apply to
B. McLAIN & CO.,
no30:h99 12 Fourth Street.

ESTABLISHED 1838.
HOUSES FITTED UP WITH
GAS,
Hot and Cold Water, &c.,
By experienced and practical workmen.
JOHN M. TATE,
Plumber and Gas Fitter,
227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and
59 Federal Street, Allegheny.
jy8-w80:TU-THAS

REMOVAL.
LORENZ & WICHTMAN
HAVE REMOVED TO THEIR NEW OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
NO. 32 WOOD STREET,
Next house below the St. Charles Hotel, where they will be pleased to see their old friends and the trade generally. Will keep constantly on hand, for prompt delivery in any quantities required, Window Glass single and double Lth, Crystal Plate, American Plate, Druggists' Flint and Green Vials, Bottles and Shop Furniture, Fruit Jars, Demijohns, Patent Medicine Vials and Bottles of all kinds. no2:h54

T. BRENT SWEARINGEN.....WM. G. M'CANDLESS.
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY.
SWEARINGEN & M'CANDLESS,
No. 124 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.
General Agents for Western Pennsylvania of
Continental Life Insurance Co.,
OF NEW YORK.
FIRE, LIVE STOCK and all descriptions of Insurance effected in responsible Companies, at lowest rates. je20:a73:TTS

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY TO BUY THE
TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,
Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.
c28 P. C. DUFFY.

LEATHER BELTING of a superior quality, made expressly for our sales, and warranted to give full satisfaction, for sale at 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
n 27 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING, of every description; Baptismal Pants, Fishing Boots, &c., at 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
no27 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

MILLER'S LUBRICATING SOAPSTONE ROPE PACKING, of all sizes, at 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
no27 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

100,000, 100,000, 100,000.
Just received, the above amount of
BROOM HANDLES,
Which will be disposed of at low rates, to the trade.
W. M. GORMLY, Wholesale Grocer,
no30:h79 271 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

Duff's College.
No. 37 FIFTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.
The only Commercial College in the West in which the student is so thoroughly trained in the theory and practice of Book-Keeping as to be able to apply it to business immediately. Our standard systems of accounts embrace
Merchants and Manufacturers,
Railroad, Bankers, Hotels,
And Steamers' Accounts,
And are taught by the best staff of teachers in the country, all of them being trained for business in the College.
Call and examine our text books, course of study and penmanship writing. Our elegant new double quarto 16 page circular is mailed free, by
P. DUFF & SON, Principals,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
no31:h56:d&T

BOOKS AT HALF PRICE!
The Poems of Ossian.
Hudibras.
Livingstone's Travels in South Africa.
Oliver Goldsmith. By Washington Irving.
Mercer's Ahead an Revolution
Life, Speeches and Services of Abraham Lincoln.
Chapel and Church Architecture.
Laws of the United States. Dunlap.
Laws of Pennsylvania.
Troubat and Haley's Practice. 2 vols.
Lloyd's Battle History of the Great Rebellion.
Expedition to the Dead Sea and the Jordan. Lynch
Headley's History of the Great Rebellion. Two volumes in one
Cowper's Poetical Works.
Tennyson's Poetical Works. 2 vols.
Tom Brown at Oxford. 2 vols.
Tom Brown at Rugby.
Douay Bible
Fleetwood's Life of Christ. Full gilt.
5,000 VOLUMES TO SELECT FROM.
Latin, Greek, Hebrew, French, German, Spanish and Arabic Works; School Books; Sabbath School Library Books.
Stationery, of all kinds, wholesale and retail, at Eastern prices.
Toy Books, in great variety, at Publishers' Prices. Back numbers of all the Magazines. Pens, Penknives, Inks, Mucilage, Drawing Slates, Chequer Boards, &c. Call and examine the stock. Subscriptions received for all the Monthly Magazines and Illustrated Papers, at Publishers' Prices.
All the Late Magazines and Illustrated Papers
Can always be found at the
BOOK AND NEWS DEPOT,
Sixth Street, below Smithfield.
JOHN D. EGAN.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
JUST OPENED, AT
ERWIN, McCONNELL & CO.'S,
178 Federal St., Allegheny.
New PRINTS, GINGHAMS;
BLEACHED MUSLINS.
UNBLEACHED MUSLINS.
RED and YELLOW FLANNELS.
WHITE and GREY FLANNELS.
OPERA FLANNELS.
BARRED FLANNELS.
BLACK & BROWN WATERPROOF.
CLOAKING CLOTHS.
JEANS, SATINETS, CASSIMERES.
BARRED COUNTRY FLANNELS.
WHITE BLANKETS.
COUNTRY BLANKETS.
Ladies' LONG & SQUARE SHAWLS.
MISSES' SHAWLS.
Ladies' and Misses' BALMORALS.
HOOP SKIRTS.
VELVET RIBBONS.
BUGLE TRIMMINGS.
FANCY BUTTONS.
SHIRT FRONTS, &c.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
ERWIN, M'CONNELL & CO.,
178 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY.
no30:s

CHANDELIERS,
BRACKETS AND LAMPS,
FOR EITHER GAS OR OIL.
Of latest patterns and best workmanship, at all prices, among which are
12 Light Gas Chandeliers at.......$200 00 each.
[illegible] 61 00 "
[illegible] 30 00 "
3 Light Bracket for Gas......... 20 00 "
2 " " " .... 70 01 "
2 " " " .... 45 00 "
All of latest patterns and best workmanship.
ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Kitchen, Hall and Parlor Lamps,
OPAL AND PAPER SHADES,
GLOBES, &c., &c.,
In quantities to suit purchasers.
ARTHUR KIRK,
172 and 174 Federal St., Allegheny.
no28:s

JOSEPH S. GAZZAM.............J. R. BUTTERFIELD.
G. M. M'MASTER.

M'MASTER, GAZZAM & BUTTERFIELD,
Attorneys & Counselors-at-Law,
AND SOLICITORS IN BANKRUPTCY,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Office, 99 GRANT STREET,
OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.
je5:T s

CITY COLLECTING AGENCY.
SEATON & CO.,
Local Collecting Agents,
No. 124 Fourth St.
P. O. BOX, 541..............PITTSBURGH.
Bills of all descriptions taken for collection. No charge made where Bills are not collected.
oc15:a

LADIES' FURS.
An endless variety, of superior quality,
SELLING AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
Also, all the NEW STYLES
HATS AND CAPS,
AT
PRATT & BENNY'S,
No. 107 Federal Street, Allegheny.

S. C. HAMS AND DRIED BEEF.
We will have some new choice
S. C. Hams and Dried Beef
Out of smoke and for sale on Monday, November 18th and after.
F. SELLERS & CO.,
no15: Cor. Wayne and Penn streets.

MERCHANT TAILORS.
JONES & DUFF,
No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET, have just brought from the east a full supply of WINTER GOODS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, OVERCOATINGS, &c., which they are prepared to cut and make up in a style equal to any shop in the east or west. They are determined to deserve and hope to receive a liberal patronage. no23:h84

WHEAT.—10.000 BUSHELS
CHOICE NO. 1 SPRING WHEAT,
Arriving and for sale by
DANIEL WALLACE,
oc1 :a65 352 Liberty street

SUPERIOR COAL.
C. CHERRY & CO.,
Miners and Shippers of PITTSBURGH, GAS, FORGE and FAMILY COAL, NUT COAL and SLACK. Coal delivered promptly to all parts of the cities, at the lowest market rates.
Office and Yard, corner FOURTH and WATSON (formerly Canal,) STREETS, Pittsburgh.
P. O. BOX, 1292. oc22:

JACOB WEAVER JR. & CO.,
General Patent Agency,
se18:f97 No. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET

FRESH LOBSTER.
Just received from Portland, a fresh supply of LOBSTER, at the Family Grocery of
McKNIGHT & SMITH,
No. 180 Federal Street, Allegheny.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

525 MILES
OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,
Running West from Omaha,
ACROSS THE CONTINENT,
ARE NOW COMPLETED.
This brings the line to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, and it is expected that the track will be laid thirty miles further, to Evans Pass, the highest point on the road, by January. The maximum grade from the foot of the mountains to the summit is but eighty feet to the mile, while that of many eastern roads is over one hundred. Work in the rock-cuttings on the western slope will continue through the winter, and there is now no reason to doubt that the entire grand line to the Pacific will be open for business in 1870.
The means provided for the construction of this Great National Work are ample. The United States grants its Six Per Cent. Bonds at the rate of $16,000 to $48,000 per mile, for which it takes a SECOND LIEN as security and receives payment to large if not to the full extent of its claims in services. These Bonds are issued as each twenty mile section is finished, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first class road, thoroughly supplied with depots, repair shops, stations, and all the necessary rolling stock and other equipments.
The United States also makes a donation of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, which will be a source of large revenue to the company. Much of this land in the Platte Valley is among the most fertile in the world, and other large portions are covered with heavy pine forests and abound in coal of the best quality.
The Company is also authorized to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to an amount equal to the issue of the Government, and no more. Hon. E. D. Morgan and Hon. Oakes Ames are Trustees for the Bondholders, and deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the work progresses, so that they always represent an actual and productive value.
The authorized capital of the Company is One Hundred Million Dollars, of which over five millions have been paid in upon the work already done.
Earnings of the Company.
At present the profits of the Company are derived only from its local traffic, but this is already much more than sufficient to pay the interest on all the Bonds the Company can issue, if not another mile were built. It is not doubted that when the road is completed the through traffic of the only line connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States will be large beyond precedent, and, as there will be no competition, it can always be done at profitable rates.
It will be noticed that the Union Pacific Railroad is, in fact, a GOVERNMENT WORK, built under the supervision of Government officers, and to a large extent with Government money, and that its bonds are issued under Government direction. It is believed that no similar security is so carefully guarded, and certainly no other is based upon a larger or more valuable property. As the Company's
First Mortgage Bonds
Are offered for the present at NINETY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, they are the cheapest security in the market, being more than 15 per cent. lower than United States Stocks. They pay
Six Per Cent in Gold,
Or OVER NINE PER CENT. upon the investment. Subscriptions will be received in Pittsburgh by
HART, CAUGHEY & CO., Third and Wood streets.
S. McCLEAN & CO., 75 Fourth street,
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
And KRAMER & RAHM.
And in New York at the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau street, and by
CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau street.
CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers, No. 51 Wall street.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 33 Wall street.
and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States. Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express.
A new PAMPHLET AND MAP, showing the Progress of the Work, Resources for Construction, and Value of Bonds, may be obtained at the Company's Offices, or of its advertised agents, or will be sent free on application.
JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer,
NEW YORK.
November 23, 1867.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
A LARGE STOCK OF
BEAUTIFUL FURS
Wholesale and retail.
AT WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.
VELVET HATS, STRAW HATS,
RIBBONS AND FLOWERS, cheap,
At WM. SEMPLE'S
180 & 182 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
HEAVY PLAID FLANNELS,
ROB-ROY FLANNELS,
PLAIN and OPERA FLANNELS,
UNBLEACHED CANTON FLANNELS,
COLORED CANTON FLANNELS.
A large stock, very cheap, wholesale and retail,
AT WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.
SHAWLS, SONTAGS,
HOODS, NUBIAS,
BALMORAL and HOOP SKIRTS,
HOSIERY, TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS,
NOTIONS, &c.
The attention of Country Merchants and Retail Purchasers is respectfully invited to the large stock and moderate prices.
Wholesale and Retail, at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny City, Pa.
no8

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS!
IN
LADIES' FURS,
AT
M'CORD & CO.'S,
131 Wood Street.

A GREAT FAMILY CONVENIENCE.
A new and novel arrangement for having
HOT WATER BOILERS
attached to the back end of common cook stoves, so that the waste heat which goes up the stove-pipe heats all the water needed in an ordinary sized family, by passing the blaze directly through the boiler, which sits over the pipe in back of the stove. This new arrangement can be put on to any No. 7, or 8 common Cooking Stove, of any manufacture. Any persons having a TRIUMPH VICTORY, BLACK HAWK, BEAUTY or UNION STOVE, or almost any other Cook Stove made in the Union, can have Boilers attached to their Stoves, including the Attachment, the Boiler and Lids, and Bibb Cock, for the moderate cost of SEVEN DOLLARS, by applying to
BISSELL & CO.,
No. 239 LIBERTY STREET,
Manufacturers of the Triumph Cook Stove.

SHEPHARD'S
CRACKERS,
317 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CITY SOLICITOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, October 15th, 1867.

NOTICE.—In the Court of Quarter Sessions, No. 15 September T. 1866. WIDENING OF WEBSTER STREET.—All persons interested will take notice that the assessment of damages and benefits as modified by the Court, has been filed in my office, and unless the assessments shall be paid within thirty days from this date, it will be my duty to collect the same according to law.

All property between Grant and Chatham streets has been assessed for payment of damages.

J. F. SLAGLE,
oc25:g46 City Solicitor.

NO HUMBUG.
THE GREATEST BARGAINS
EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY.
PRICES OF ALL GOODS REDUCED TO
COST AND LESS!
THE ENTIRE STOCK, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
TO BE CLOSED OUT.
PERSONS WANTING USEFUL HOLIDAY PRESENTS,
Will find this the great opportunity to purchase everything cheap, at
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.'S.
EACH ARTICLE HAS BEEN
MARKED DOWN TO THE LOWEST PRICE;
The Wholesale Stock to Present
LOW MARKET RATES IN NEW YORK.
Hem-Stitched and Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 50 cents and up.
Linen Handkerchiefs, 10 cents and up.
Real Lace Goods, a large assortment at prices to suit all.
Trimming Ribbons, at 10 cents per yard.
Ladies' Open Kid Gloves, 75 cents.
Gent's Heavy Kid Gloves, $1.50 per pair.
Heavy Cotton Stockings, at 12 1-2 cents.
Boulevard Skirts, at a great reduction
Good Balmoral Skirts, $1.25 and upwards.
French Corsets, at $1.00 and up.
Breakfast Shawls & Fancy Woolen Goods at less than cost of making
Shirts and Drawers, at 50 cents.
Duplex and other makes of Hoop Skirts a big lot, worth from $2.00 to $2.50, slightly soiled, at 50 cents.
Neck Ties at half cost.
A COMPLETE LINE OF
MISSES' & LADIES' UNDERWEAR,
AND
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
AT VERY LOW FIGURES.
GOOD STAR SHIRTS AT $2.00.
5,000 Skeins Saxony Yarn at Five Cents Per Skein.
One of our Firm is now in New York Purchasing
JOB LOTS AT AUTION,
OF SEASONABLE AND FANCY GOODS.
☞ Call and Examine for yourselves, at
NOS. 77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

KEYSTONE SAVINGS BANK,
293 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
THIS BANK WILL OPEN A
General Banking Business,
AT THEIR NEW BANKING-HOUSE, ON
Monday, November 18th, inst.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Merchants are invited.
Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits.
UNITED STATES SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

ALLEGHENY
GROCERY AND PROVISION
COMPANY.
JOHN A. McGRAW, President.
J. P. ISRAEL, Secretary.
The Stock of this Company is already nearly bought up. Those wishing to avail themselves of its benefits, had better
APPLY AT ONCE
At 26 Federal St., Allegheny

WINTER GOODS.
E. HOUSTON & CO.,
Fashionable Merchant Tailors,
NO. 107 FIFTH STREET,
Have just received a second supply of
Winter Coatings,
Together with full lines of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS. Fits guaranteed and prices very reasonable.
A full supply of Men and Boys' READY MADE CLOTHING on hand, at prices to suit the times. no 5:h55

OFFICE PENNSYLVANIA R. R. COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 1 1867.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company hereby give notice that they will receive proposals until the first day of January, 1868, for leasing separately or collectively the Union Depot Hotel at Pittsburgh, the Logan House at Altoona, and the Dining Saloon in the Harrisburg Depot, for a term of years, commencing on or before March 1, 1868. The hotels at Pittsburgh and Altoona are furnished throughout in the best manner. It must be expressly understood that the Railroad Company will require that all of these establishments shall be kept in a strictly first class manner, for the convenience and comfort of passengers patronizing the line.

Proposals will be addressed to JOHN M. KENNEDY, Chairman of Special Committee, No. 238 Arch street, Philadelphia. [illegible]

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Patent Lead Pipe,
AND SHEET LEAD.
Also, wholesale dealers in
PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS MATERIALS
No. 167 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
09:n6:w44

F. MUSSMANN,
FIFTH STREET, between Third & Chatham Sts,
Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.
First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully, on short notice.

H. K. TYLER..............F. P. ROBINSON.
TYLER & ROBINSON,
(Successors to JAMES CHARLES,)
MANUFACTURERS OF
LOG PUMPS,
And all kinds of WOODEN TUBING, corner of WEST and THIRD Sts., Allegheny City. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Repairing done on the shortest notice.

BOARDING.—A large, elegantly finished SECOND-STORY FRONT ROOM TO LET, To a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen, with first class boarding, in a respectable family; will be let without board, if preferred. References exchanged. Apply at
oc30:g71 No. 120 GRANT STREET.

$100 FOR TEN CENTS.
Only a few more subscribers are required to insure the speedy issue of the Great Illustrated Paper,
THE WEEKLY PRESS,
Which in size and appearance will resemble
HARPER'S WEEKLY,
but in value will far transcend that publication.
The PRESS will be an embodiment of the spirit of the age.
Each department will sparkle with the genius of the most eminent writers of the day.
An original
SERIAL STORY
of the most brilliant character will be commenced in the first number.
THE ILLUSTRATIONS
will be entirely original and of the most attractive style and nature.
The great expense and labor involved in this enterprise render it necessary that we should start with an enormous circulation. In order to do this, we shall do as follows:
$10,000, in sums of $100, will be distributed through the first edition. To every given number of paper, $100 will be allotted. Every copy of the Paper will be enclosed in a stout wrapper, so that the papers containing the greenbacks will not be known by their external appearance and all purchasers will have an equal chance for the money and gifts.
Besides the $100 BILLS, orders will be enclosed in certain copies of the edition for the following
GIFTS.

	EACH.
5 Grand Pianos, (Steinway's,) value	$800
10 Grand Pianos, (Chickering's) value	600
1 Carriage, from C. Witte's Repository	400
10 Gold Watches	150
10 Melodeons	175
10 Ladies' Gold Watches	50
20 American Silver Watches	75
10 Music Boxes	30
5 Empire Lock-stitch Sewing Machines	75
5 Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines	75
4 Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machines	60
50 Photograph Albums	10

The balance to consist of Accordeons, Tea Sets, Silverware, &c. No Dollar Jewelry. No Gift worth less than Ten Dollars.
THE PRESS
Will be mailed to any address upon the receipt of price, TEN CENTS, or eleven copies for $1, twenty three for $2, and sixty for $5.
Address,
STUART & CO.,
"New York Press,"
no16:h45 No. 61 Broadway, New York City.

CHINA WAREHOUSE.
RICHARD BREED & CO.
IMPORTERS,
No. 100 Wood Street.
BRITTANIA AND SILVER PLATED TABLE WARE, TEA TRAYS and TABLE CUTLERY, always on hand.
CHINA TEA SETS,
CHINA DINNER SETS,
CHINA TOILET SETS,
CHINA VASES,
CHINA SPITTOONS,
BOHEMIAN WARE of every description
LAVA CARD BASKETS,
LAVA VASES,
LAVA SPITTOONS,
ENGLISH STONE WARE of all varieties to suit wholesale and retail trade.
The largest and most complete stock of everything in this line in the city.
Prices and terms the same as in the eastern cities.

W. S. JACKSON.........ALEXANDER FREW.
JACKSON & FREW,
(Successors to LOUGHREY & FREW.)
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Harness, Saddlery, Trunks, &c.,
And will also keep on hand and import from Eastern markets all the late patterns, styles and improvements in
Blankets, Robes, Rugs and Horse Equipage,
At their new Wareroom,
No. 102 Wood Street
☞ Sole agents for the WOODMANSEE BIT for Western Pennsylvania. no15:T

TWO SUPERIOR
SECOND-HAND PIANOS,
FOR SALE CHEAP.
One 7 octave Walnut Case Chickering & Sons, One 7 octave Rosewood Case Nunns & Bacon's make.
Both the above are in splendid order, and will be disposed of at very low figures, as the persons who have left them with us desire them to be sold at once.
C. C. MELLOR,
no21:h55 81 WOOD STREET.

F. W. C. FELD,
DEALER IN
GLUE, CURLED HAIR,
Tanners' Scraps, Cereons,
CATTLE TAILS,
Bones, Neat's Foot Oil, &c.,
Office and Warehouse—No. 184 SMITHFIELD STREET, (nearly opposite the Post Office,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND and make to order all kinds of Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOCUST HUBS, And TURNED SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS.
At DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.
je5:h55 COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

NOTICES

☞ NOTICE.—The annual election for Directors and officers of the VENANGO CRYSTAL AND [illegible] OIL COMPANY will be held at the Board of Trade Rooms, corner of Wood street and Fifth alley, MONDAY EVENING, December [illegible] prompt attendance of Stockholders is requested.

DANIEL KINZ[illegible],
no30:h83:TUT Sec[illegible]

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE [illegible] No. 93 Water Street, Pittsburgh, November [illegible]

☞ AN ELECTION FOR [illegible] TEEN DIRECTORS of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office, No. 93 Water street, Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, December 31, 1867, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.

no27:h7 JOHN M. CLANEY, Secretary.

☞ AN ADJOURNED MEETING of the members of

KNAP'S PENNSYLVANIA BATTERY,

WILL BE HELD ON

FRIDAY EVENING, NOV. 29TH [illegible],

At 7½ o'clock P. M., at the HOPE STEAM FIRE ENGINE HOUSE, First ward, Allegheny City. All old members are earnestly invited to attend.

DAVID NICHOL,
HENRY [illegible],
[illegible] STEWART,
CHAS. H. [illegible],
GEO. J. WALKER,
no27:t66 Committee on Organization.

AUCTION SALES.

BY SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.

VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY ON FIRST AND SECOND STREETS AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, December 5th, at [illegible] o'clock P. M., on the premises, will be sold that valuable lot of ground, fronting 20 feet on First street, being No. 99, and extending back 80 feet to an alley, on which is erected a large and substantially built 3½ storied brick fire-proof building, which has been occupied by the U. S. Government as a Bonded warehouse.

ALSO,

Those two desirable lots of ground, Nos. 100 and 102 Second street, each having a front of 20 feet, and extending back 80 feet to an alley, on which is erected three 3½ storied brick warehouse, having double cellars and well of water. This building could, at a trifling expense, be converted into a superior machine shop.

ALSO,

One powerful Engine and [illegible] boiler, and nearly all the machinery [illegible] for a Brewery or Distillery (contained in above building).

Terms on property one-third cash; balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage. Engine and machinery on same terms if purchased with the building; if separately, cash or short bankable paper.

Brewers, distillers, machinists and capitalists are specially invited to examine this property.

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., Auct'rs,
no28:h30:TUT 55 & 57 Fifth street.

PROCLAMATION.

CITY OF PITTSBURGH, SS:

In accordance with the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for the Incorporation of the City of Pittsburgh, and of the various supplements thereto, I, WM. C. McCARTHY, Mayor of said city, do issue this my proclamation, that on the SECOND TUESDAY IN DECEMBER, A. D. 1867, being the 10th day of the month, the freemen of said city, qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, will meet at their several places of holding the elections in their respective wards and precincts, and elect by ballot, under the provisions of a supplement to said Act of Assembly, approved the [illegible] day of April, A. D. 1867 the following named officers:

One person to serve as Mayor of said city.
One person to serve as Controller of said city.
One person to serve as Treasurer of said city.
One person to serve as City Attorney of said city.

On the same day, in conformity to the above cited authorities, the freemen of the First ward will elect by ballot two persons to serve as members of the Select Council of said city and two persons to serve as members of the Common Council.

Second ward—Two persons to be members of the Select Council and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Third ward—Two persons to be members of the Select Council and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Fourth ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Fifth ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and five persons to be members of the Common Council.

Sixth ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and five persons to be members of the Common Council.

Seventh ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Eighth ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Ninth ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Tenth ward—Two persons to be members of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Lawrenceville—First ward. One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Lawrenceville—Second ward—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Collins township—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Liberty township—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Peebles township—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Oakland township—One person to be a member of the Select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Pitt township—One person to be a member of the select and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Each of whom shall be qualified to serve as members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, and shall be residents of the wards in which they shall be elected, and shall at the time be qualified voters therein.

At the election to be held as aforesaid on TUESDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1867, the electors of the First ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Second ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Third ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the house formerly occupied by Charles Kennedy, corner of [illegible] and [illegible] streets.

The electors of the Fourth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of both precincts of the Fifth ward, city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public school house, corner of Penn and Adams street.

The electors of the Sixth ward, First precinct, of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the second precinct to meet at the house formerly occupied by Henry Mee, on Fulton street in said ward.

The electors of the seventh ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Eighth ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Ninth ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Tenth ward of the city of Pittsburgh, to meet at the house formerly occupied by Francis Jamison, corner of Sixth and Smithfield streets, in said ward.

The electors of the borough of Lawrenceville, First ward, at Public School House in said ward; Second ward, at Public School House in said ward.

The electors of Collins Township, upper precinct, to meet at the house of Joseph Wenster, in the village of East Liberty. The electors of the lower precinct of Collins Township to meet at the school house on Albion Hill, in said township.

The electors of Liberty Township to meet at the public school house in said township.

The electors of Peebles Township to meet at the public school house, commonly known as school house No. 6, on the Braddock's Field Plank Road, near Glenwood Grove, in said Township.

The electors of Oakland Township to meet at the public school house in said Township.

The electors of Pitt Township to meet at the public school house, near Oakland, in said Township.

Given under my hand and seal of the said city of Pittsburgh, this the 26th day of November, A. D. 1867.

{ L. S. }

WM. C. M'CARTHY,
no28 Mayor.

MARVIN'S
CRACKERS
ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY
EVER BEFORE OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
No. 91 Liberty St.
FOOT OF FOURTH.
oc28:

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED TRUNK HOUSE IN THE CITY.
W. J. GILMORE,
(Successor to GILMORE & LIEBLER,)
Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
TRUNKS,
Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.
☞ A large assortment of LADIES' SATCHELS always on hand.
No. 106 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.
oc18:g32

LEWIS KIM..................NICHOLAS SCHWARTZ.
KIM & SCHWARTZ,
Wholesale and Retail Manufacturers of
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware,
And dealers in COOKING STOVES and HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
TIN ROOFING AND JOB WORK DONE TO ORDER.
No. 118 SMITHFIELD STREET, opposite the Post Office, and No. 64 WYLIE STREET, near Tunnel.
o 21 g41 PITTSBURGH, PA.

FIRST CLASS LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY.
J. LYONS,
No. 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh.
Keeps on hand and manufactures to order, the LATEST STYLE OF GILT, ROSEWOOD and WALNUT, OVAL and SQUARE MIRRORS, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES, Curtain Cornices, Bands and Buttons, Console, Tripod and Bracket Tables of exquisite design and workmanship.
GILDING AND REGILDING executed in the highest style of the art.
☞ PRICES MODERATE.

TEAS! TEAS!
Just received, a large and choice lot of fresh
TEAS,
AT FRANCE'S TEA MART,
No. 15 Diamond, Pittsburgh.
Which are being retailed at prices that will defy competition from any and every source. Give them a trial and you will be satisfied.
WM. FRANCE & SON,
no9 15 Diamond, Pittsburgh.

REMOVAL.
GREAT SALE AT COST!
My large stock of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS is offered at cost. I am preparing to move into my new building, No. 130 SMITHFIELD ST., between Fifth and Sixth streets, and will dispose of my present stock at VERY LOW PRICES.
JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
oc18 a9 No. 105 Smithfield street.

SCHOOL BOOKS.
The undersigned is prepared to furnish all kinds of SCHOOL BOOKS and their accompaniments, to purchasers, at the lowest retail or wholesale prices. Also, SLATES, BLANK BOOKS and STATIONERY, PIERCE'S PATENT SLATE and SLATE SURFACE, for blackboards. All orders promptly attended to.
F. G. BEINEMAN,
au31:TUWS 113 Third St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOARDING.—A few Boarders can find
PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH GOOD BOARD,
At No. 120 GRANT STREET.
Terms moderate.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING, HOSE, Steam Packing, Gaskets and Hose For sale at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
J. & H. PHILLIPS.

Pittsburgh Gazette

GLEANINGS.

arck is sick again.

ssepot rifles fire ten times a minute.

s Kellogg has taken to writing musical critiques.

Gen. Meagher left his widow some $400,000.

Louisville ladies and Pittsburgh beggars wear patches.

Garibaldi found death in the pot—Chassepot.—*Boston Post.*

Gen. O. O. Howard has returned from his tour of inspection in the South.

The Lowell *Courier* has discovered a degree for Carl Rosa; it is fiddle D. D.

Twelve hundred houses have been erected in Council Bluffs, Iowa, this year.

The Black Crook, which was interrupted in Memphis, is about to start again.

The London *Times* thinks our national debt will be paid off within twenty years.

"No Thoroughfare" is the new Christmas story by Charles Dickens and Wilkie Collins.

Mark Twain didn't enjoy the Quaker City excursion much, but he is going to lecture about it.

Pike, the poet, rebel, rascal, gentlemanly politician and soldier, favors Gen. Sherman for President.

The Pall Mall *Gazette* says that Ullmann has succeeded and eclipsed the once celebrated Barnum.

The notorious robber, Captain Guy, who recently escaped from jail at Bowling Green has been recaptured.

Fish are used for candles in British Columbia. No wonder the people wan to be admitted to the United States.

Cardinal Roberto Roberti died recently at Rome, aged seventy-nine. He has worn the scarlet for seventeen years.

The eldest son of Robert E. Lee is about to be married. He no sooner gets out of one war than he rushes into another.

Dana's new paper is to be called *The Republic*. Dana deserves credit for creating and adopting so original an appellation.

Ensign Delano, attached to one of the vessels of Admiral Farragut's fleet, has married a daughter of a Russian Admiral.

Mrs. Yelverton read on Tuesday in Providence, R. I., and was listened to and applauded by a large and fashionable audience.

Brigham Young has ordered all of his young men to marry, and says that if after a certain specified date any young women are left unwed he will marry them himself.

The Lord Mayors of London have used their cumbrous old gilt coach for one hundred and ten years, but have at length abandoned it, having given it a place in the Kensington Museum.

Dickens, it is said, is indignant at Weston for having a brighter light just now than he has, so he, too, has taken to pedestrianism to try and win back a mite of the public attention.

The Philadelphia *Post*, under the heading, "Funerals To-day," gives a list of those mournful entertainments, each morning, to assist those cheerful people, who like to attend funerals, in their merry pleasures.

Two pedestrians have started up in Cincinnati, who are to walk from that place to Portland in twenty-four days, starting on the Second of January. The *Commercial* thinks that the mania will have worn off by that time.

It seems Mr. Probasco, of Cincinnati, did *not* buy Meissonnier's "Cavalry Charge," for thirty thousand dollars. Mr. P. offered that sum, but the artist wanted sixty thousand, and the picture remained unsold.

Omar Pacha has left the Turkish service. Omar was convicted once of desertion and treason in Austria, and only escaped death by joining a band of gypsies, with whom he wandered into Turkey, where he achieved his present brilliant position.

The dummy by which the forms of the Toledo *Blade* are lowered from the fourth story to the basement broke on Sunday night, and Mr. Parmenter, the foreman, was thrown from the upper story to the cellar. He was taken up senseless, and died in less than an hour.

Honduras is in the market for a loan, and one which, judging by the number of infanticides, will be easily secured. The place has been excessively unhealthy for some time, and most of the young people have died off, consequently the government wishes to borrow three thousand infants; terms not mentioned, but we suppose payable on demand at compound interest.

The Chicago *Tribune* gets off a list of facts and fancies concerning Weston and his feat, from which we cull the following:

Weston's name should have been Walker.

Weston should make a good organist; he is great on pedal movements.

The chief end of man, according to Weston, is the pedal extremity.

Why should Weston make a good writer of obituaries? Because his L. E. G.' are sublime.

A theatrical paradox at the Opera House to-day, the leading star will be a walking gentleman.

Those are the better ones out of something like a score.

Photographs of the execution of Maximilian, which for some time met with a very heavy sale in Paris, have been put under the ban, and the business has necessarily ceased. How very pleasant it must be to live in a country where one necessarily copyrights every new thing, and where one makes a hit and sees Fortune smiling, and profits prospective, only to be pounced upon and put out of the way of the fickle godess once more. We suppose some speculator had built largely on the profits of the above mentioned photographs, but in France the speculations of a speculator are doubly speculative and hazardous.

Marrying is said to be more popular and more often accomplished this year than ever before since the war. We are glad to hear this, for the social ties of the country have waxed woefully weak and insecure, and divorces and other social evils have become of such common occurrence that their mere frequency rounds off the points of public feeling. The lists of applications for licenses are enormous in some places, and Louisville, Cincinnati, New Orleans, Galveston, etc. are to have a larger crop of brides this year then ever before. May their husbands keep their vows forever. A woman has rights; she has a right, if she behaves properly, to the love, esteem and support of her husband upon all occasions, and such all decent men will freely acknowledge and gladly give.

THE Philadelphia *Post* is using all of its newly acquired influence against Mayor M'Michael. Among other insinuations it makes, is this—that the Mayor is using all his influence to have Nicolson pavement laid; that the contract for laying it in Broad street was given at four dollars per square yard, which was one dollar and a quarter more than was necessary; and that young M'Michael, the son of the Mayor, is largely interested in the contract as given. Of course we know nothing about the truth or falsity of these hints, but we do know that Mr. M'Michael has proved himself to be a dignified, honorable and capable official and gentleman heretofore, and that he seeks and will probably receive a renomination from his party, in which case, the *Post*, a Republican paper, will be quoted by all of the opposition journals, as having made these assertions, and no amount of retractions can serve as a remedy. Therefore we think it would have been better policy and kinder in every way, if that paper had found out the truth and then stated it, instead of hinting at corruption, and then asking if it be true.

LETTER LISTS.

List of Uncalled For Letters Remaining in the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Postoffices, November 30, 1867.

PITTSBURGH.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

[*As Furnished to the Pittsburgh Gazette.*]

A
Adams & Co G M
Adams Milton
Agnew Daniel
Allen Pat
Alland John
Auberts W G
Applegarth R T
Anderson T B
Anderson W H
Anderson J H
Anderson Alex
Andrews David
Andrews Edw
Andrews Lewis
Andrews T H
Arson Paul
B
Bailey Geo C
Bailey W J
Baldwin F
Baldwin Wm
Baker Geo
Bailey H
Bartley R
Barman J G
Bard Wm
Barton J E
Barker Wm
Beck John B
Beattie B M
Bear M
Beamer James
Bellam T L
Bennett J C
Beach Geo W
Benhals Joe
Bretain F
Bess Jason
Bissell Chas
Blair H C
Blakely M
Boland Edw
Borland David
Bolarde Jacob
Bolivar Jas
Bowers G W
Boyd & Son
Boynett F
Brooks, Miller & Co
Brown & Co
Brown Ed
Brown & Washington 2
Breckman M A
Brewer Geo E
Brickell Thos
Brunt Wm H
Bailey J F
Barger A H
Byron T G
C
Campbell Robt
Calvin James
Caffrey John
Callen John
Calhoun J K
Carnahan E D
Chemy C
Chapman John
Chaplin W C
Cohlen E O
Cohn Hugo
Connor Dennis
Cowan E A
Connell J M
Cornem Thos
Crump Thos M
Crawford C
Crotheam Wm J
Critchlow R D
D
Davis G L
Dunham Robt
Dever F W
Delaney Law'e
Disk R A
Devine G
Donovan Thos & John
Donovan C
Dunbar J B
Drum W F
E
Ely T N
Eanes Wm J
Edmund H W B
F
Fay & Son Jno
Finan Wm
Fitzsimmons T
Fitzsimmons J
Fisk E
Fleming A R
Flaherty Pat
Forsyth G W
Frost W F
Fraver Wm
French J W
Fredenburgh J
G
Gallagher J
Gardner M M 4
Gibson Jas B
Gibson W G 2
Gibson M P
Gleeson J T
Goldin Jno
Gordon A K
Gray Will
Gray J C
Gray S
Graham & Lyon
Greenfield C
Griffith & Hawyar
Griscom G S
Griffin P
Griffin E B
H
Hall Richard
Haynes H
Hubbert Henry
Hanlon James
Hall A
Harmen W F
Harris K E
Harris J W
Harris E
Hare Jos
Hart Hugh
Harrison Mr
Hutton Andy
Hewistown Dr A H
Harrison C
Hemisphaur C
Heine Cal
Helsey A H
Height Geo H
Hiblen B H
Hill Michael
Hill Wash
Hill A
Holly A L
Hodge Capt P F
Hodge John E
Hoo J V
Horcolt J T
Horan Mr
Harst E B
Hufman D B
I
Isaacs Mr
J
Janett C
Jackson C H 2
Jeffues James
Joyce R
Jonas J V
Johnson H S
Johnson G L
Johnson A
Johnson J S
K
Keimes Frank
Keller Z D
Keller P D
Keenan Pat
Kennedy W J
Karr John
Kerr or Carr J
Kelly Simon
Krall & S
King Russell
King O B
Kidd R D 2
Klein Frank
Krap D A
Kroeghen W
L
Lambert B L
Lampeter L
Lepper James
Langley W
Lett James
Legg P W
Lewis Geo
Leech W
List August
Lindsey W B
Livingston M C
Logan J
Lutton J T
Ludel L W
M
Mahey C
Maloney O
Marks J W
Mathews Chas
March F R
Martin Henry
Martin & Bradin
Menton C H
Metcalf Wm
Mercer A
Meneham Capt Jno C
Mills C A
Miller F R 2
Miller A M 2
Miller J T G
Miller A
Miller F
Miller Wm S
Miller Arch
Miller Jno H
Miller Geo P
Mitchell D
Mitchell M H
Mortin J W
Mollinger Rv S G
Mohler, Graff & Co
Mooney L
Morgan B F
Morgan & Co T D
Morgan, Rost & Co
Masse A S
Moone J G
Murphy Thos
Murdock D B
Muller Peter
Mc
McCandless & Co Wm
McCandless Rv J H
McCarthy D
McCann Jas
McBarr Jno
McClelan E
McColey Peter
McCrosky T A
McCraig Thos
McCullough, Patton & Co
McKevey Jas
McDonald J D
McGrew Alex
McHoy M
McClain A
McKelvey J E
McKay John C
McLaughlin J
N
Negley Geo
Neeld Eli
Nestor K
Nichols Robt S
Noble C F
O
Ogle Jesse
Ord Jas
Owens Pat
Orton Charley
O'Kane H T
O'Donnell C
O'Keefe Hugh
O'Neil M
P
Patterson S B
Patterson C P
Park Hugh
Pearce F
Pettys Nathan
Persons T M
Paul Capt H
Porter Ed R
Price Wm
Pritchard D
Prescott Ed
Q
Quinn M
R
Randall don W S
Rennick W K
Reighord D P
Rees W
Rees Geo O
Rieger Chas
Read A J
Reynolds F
Ricnards F
Richardson E D
Riddle Geo W
Rigbee Jack
Roberts S A
Roberts R C
Robert August
Robare Mitchel
Robinson W D
Robinson Jas
Robinson Geo
Rositon & Co
Rosewell W
S
Saaford D A
Scharuts J W
Schofield Mr
Scatterday P
Scott R G
Shaler & Co O
Shirer Thos
Simpson Abner
Sims & Son
Simmons Chas
Sloop James
Sleipert Logan
Smythe W M
Slim J
Slattery Ed
Smith A B
Smith B N
Smith Joel G
Smith A G
Smith W R
Smith Arthur
Smith A B
Spear Jas B
Spear Jas
Stephens J G
Still David
Stevens N B
Stewart Cap W
Stevens Mer
Stockton Cpt J A
Streeter Z P
Stefal Eli
Stokes Geo W
Strabie L
Sutton M
Swick H M
T
Taylor John
Towell Jas
Tome John
Tracy J S
Truscott J
V
Vance J O
Vaughn John
W
Walker J C
Warren Alb
Ward Arthur S
Ward John
Westhead D
Weeks Dr W
Wells R C
Webb J E
Webb Jas H
Welton H
Witmore W H Dr
Whitehair J W
Whitell W W
White D P
Winser Henry
Winters D W
Williams Man'r
Williams V
Wilson J T
Wilson T R
Worsley P
Wood Prof C B
Worthington —
Y
Young G
INITIALS
Index
Pittsburgh C S & Co
To the Superintend't or Secy of the Co-operative Co

LADIES' LIST, NOVEMBER 30.

[*As Furnished to the Pittsburgh Gazette.*]

B
Baughan Kate
Beattie Sarah
Berry H Mrs
Blakey Mildred
Bogue Annie
Brown Clar Mrs
Brown Eliza J
Bucher Susan
C
Calvart Ellen
Calvert Lou M
Clennan Mary A
Cochran Annet
Coleman Mary
Conley Julia
Cray Rosetta
Culbertson M
Cunningham M
D
Day M Mrs
Davis S Mrs
Donahoe M J
Derrington J E
Doty Nellie
Duncan A M
Duncan M E
E
Edwards Kate
F
Floyd Henrieta
Fulton Louie
G
Garshan Mary
Gerts Jennie
Goodall Mrs
Goff Margt J
H
Hays T W Mrs
Holmes Jane
J
Jewett C P Miss
K
Kennedy Margt (foreign)
King Belle
Kelly Margt
Kuhn Lida
L
Lang Louisa
Leech Ellen H
Leveak Agnes
Lyons Jennie
M
May Ann Eliza
Mercer M A
Miller Wm Mrs
Miller S Miss
Miller L Mrs
Milrose C L
Moore M Mrs
Myers J Mrs
Mc
McCabe H Mrs
McClymonds J F Mrs
McCutcheon A Miss
McLaughlin M
McKenna Rose
N
Neal Lucy
Neill Mary J
O
Owens Maria T
P
Phillips E Miss
Price J Miss
R
Raymond E J Mrs
Reitzeman M J
Rhodes R Emily
Rich S Mrs
Riordan M A
Rooney A E
Rutledge I
Rutledge E Mrs
S
Seaton E Miss
Shay M M Mrs
Shields Mary G
Shields Bridget
Sherfer J Miss
Simmons C E Mrs
Sipes L Miss
Sloss Mattie E
Smith J M Mrs
Smith E J Miss
Smith T D
Smith E Mrs 2
Stevens E W
Stewart Nancy
Stephenson W A
Suter Mollie
T
Taylor Jennie 2
U
Unger Sarah
Updegraff Julia
W
Watt Lizzie V
Watson Annie E
Walsh Mary (foreign)
Walsh Ann Miss
Whitmore L
Wrightly Mary
Woeder M J
Wood M A Mrs
INITIALS
W P J Mrs
Eva

J. H. McCLELLAND, Postmaster.

ALLEGHENY—November 30.

[*As Furnished to the Pittsburgh Gazette.*]

A
Arenhim Ana
Atwood H M
Alter Jno K
Arnold Mrs
Allen M H
Anderson M H
Angel Rosa
Arnold & McCowell
B
Beatty Agnes
Banks Elizab'h
Baker Fannie C
Bodman Frank
Boner Geo J
Barclay Jno W
Boley Jacob
Black J K
Brown Jas
Birchall Jos
Brown Jas
Brady Thos
Bradford Thos
Blackford M J
Bowers Mollie
Ball Margt H
Becker Philip
Bauer W
Brown Wm H
C
Conner Emma
Criese Chas
Cullins Israel
Coate Sarah E
Collins I H
Campbell Jno
Cugry Mary E
Cupps P
Greg Rebecca
Chantier D
D
Dupont B B
Dinsmore C 2
Dunham & Son
Duncoy F B
Dodds Jas
Dodds Jennie
Dowe Margt
Davis Nathan'l
Douglass Wm
Dunberry Belle
E
Elliott J C
Eichbaum Wm
Eagerty P J
F
Folansbee H H
Filchberran M
Frederick & Co
Freeman M H
Forrest Nancy
Forrest Paul'e
Favithand M
G
Gibson A J
Girty David L
Greer Danl
Geisinger H
Getty Jas
Gilbert Jno
Goodfellow L
Gleason W J
Graham Nancy
Geiger Wm A
Gibson Robt
H
Hoffman A H
Heartley Abm
Hessar Barns
Harrison C J
Hess Conrad
Hiller Eliza J
Herman F
Howard H C
Hunter H
Haberstick S
Hardman S M
Hough Sam B
Hanlon J G
Holmes Jno
Hughes J M
Herman Minnie
Hufman Mary
Hilmon Mary
Hill Wm
Hopkins Wm
Hall Wm
Harrison R J 2
I
Irwin W H Capt
J
Jacs A J
Jones F C
Johnston H H
Jones Stella
Jose Jacob
Jeck Jas P
Jones Thos D
Jackson J
Johnson Mary
K
Kercher & Son
Kase Lizzie E
Kingleston A
Keiffer G W
Kenwell H
Kidd Jas M
Kerr Julia A
Keuman John
Kirk Jennie M
Kirkpatrick J M
Klee L & Co
Kuester Mr
L
Langraff T J
Langsoela J H
Lloyd Mattie
Lloyd Wm
Lines Peter
Leber Philip
Lyon Robt W
Loughrael & Hare
M
Miller Alice J
Maguire Chas
Molds C
Mould H
Meagher Jas
Mooney J
Manning J F 2
Marshall J G
Menen Mollie
Mark Jos
Muthler Wm
Montague Jas
Minns Peter
Mc
McMillen L
McCandless E
McClain A
McClure Saml
McKerr S
McGraw —
McGeary M J
McWelland M E
McCullen E
McCroby M
McCombs Pat
McWilliams J
McGahan Jno
McCanly Robt
McEntire Jos L
McKee Jos A
N
Nilson A 2
Nichols Jas
Nichols John
Newell M
O
Orr Jon
Orr Annie
Officeree S
O'Neill Henry
O'Hanlin Peter
P
Porter J W
Peck John
Paraine L J
R
Ruggert Dan'l
Rosehorn F
Rosenfelder H
Ruse Jacob
Rainbow J C
Ross Louis
Reffinsnyder W
Rossale W F
S
Steolfle Agnes
Sanders Annie
Sprague Rachel
Schwartz C
Strite C
Schoenbucher L
Speck Francis
Sanders F
Seal & Grundy
Straetz S
Shorts Sarah A
Sarah John
Spencer Jno D
Smith Jennie E
Smith Jane
Switzer J
Snyder Jno J
Smith James M
Snyder Jacob
Scott T A
Schafer Ludwig
Stacy Martin
Shannon M D
Struthers W M
T
Truxal L M
Traub Mr
V
Vogeley John
W
Watson & Mucor
Wellman F
Westerfield B
Woolf Frank
Woodworth S W
Wilenard Sallie
Walker J
Wetherill J
Washington J
Whitehar J
Weiner John
Wallace J H
Wilds Mrs
White Wm H
Will Mina
White Lena
Weeds F
Wall Reuben
Williams A D
Y
Young Wm

HUGH McKELVEY, P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A COUGH, A COLD, OR A SORE THROAT requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the WORTHLESS IMITATIONS that may be offered.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. no11:d&T

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 30, 32, 34 and 36 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. fe6:e61

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. tal1:r63

THE HEALING POOL,

AND HOUSE OF MERCY.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS, FOR YOUNG MEN, on the CRIME OF SOLITUDE, and the ERRORS, ABUSES and DISEASES which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. se24:d&T

QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

NO. 318 PENN STREET,

mh26:v91 PITTSBURGH.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

BARRED FLANNEL!

THE WELL KNOWN

KITTANNING

BARRED FLANNEL,

In Black and Red,

AND

BLACK AND WHITE.

A LARGE STOCK.

AT MANUFACTURERS PRICES!

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,

54 Wood Street.

THE NEW

BOULEVARD SKIRT,

FOR LADIES AND MISSES,

In Plain, Braided and Embroidered.

Also, Real Tartan Cashmere Hose,

In all colors and sizes; best assortment we ever had. Also, a full assortment of

Ladies' & Misses' Underwear,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS;

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,

Traveling and Fine Shirts,

COLLARS, TIES, SUSPENDERS,

SOCKS, &c.,

TOGETHER WITH A SPLENDID STOCK OF

Ladies' Dress Trimmings,

Of every description.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES, ETC.

MERCHANTS FROM CITY AND COUNTRY are especially invited to come and examine our goods. We feel condent we can suit all, and will sell

AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 AND 80 MARKET STREET.

oc15

FURS! FURS! FURS!

DENNISON & HECKERT.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a fine assortment of

FURS,

To which we invite the attention of our friends and customers.

Also, a full assortment of

Ladies' and Gent's Furnishing Goods, &c.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

NO. 27 FIFTH STREET.

no5.

DENNISON & HECKERT.

THIRD ARRIVAL

OF

NEW GOODS!

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S.

MOUS DE LAINES, worth 25c. for 20c.

CALICOS, worth 16c. for 12½.

4-4 BLEA'D MUSLINS, worth 16c. for 12½.

4-4 UNBLEACHED " 16c. for 12½.

BLANKETS, worth $6 00 for $5.00.

GREY ARMY BLANKETS.

EMPRESS ALL WOOL, worth $1 for 75c.

Do. do. " $1.25 for $1.

A large assortment of new and beautiful goods bought at the late sales.

Remember the place,

No. 37 MARKET STREET.

no23

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

No. 115 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh,

Offer at Eastern prices Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams Checks Jeans, Tweeds, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, F. & M. Casimeres, Flannels, Shawls, Skirts, White Goods, Bleached and Brown Domestics; a full line of Notions and Small Goods, Barred Flannels, of Eastern and home manufacture.

We are agents for FULLERTON'S FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS, CRAIG'S GREENVILLE BARRED FLANNELS, and COUNTRY BLANKETS, sold strictly on commission, at Mill Prices. A full line in all departments.

Buyers are invited to call and examine our Goods and Prices.

C. ARBUTHNOT..........W. T. SHANNON.
J. G. STEPHENSON.

GENT'S UNDERWEAR.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR,

MISSES' UNDERWEAR,

BOYS' UNDERWEAR,

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR,

A complete line of sizes, in

SILK, ALL WOOL AND MERINO,

At prices as low as before the war.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

no25

THE NEW

"GLOVE-FITTING" CORSET,

GENUINE FRENCH CORSETS,

ELEGANT KNIT SHAWLS,

ALEXANDER and

COURVOISIER KIDS,

NEW STYLES OF TRIMMINGS,

Just opened at

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

19 Fifth Street.

no25

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

HAZARD POWDER.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO fill, at shortest notice, all orders for large or small lots of

HAZARD'S CELEBRATED POWDER,

All orders left at or sent by mail to my store, Nos. 172 and 174 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa., or to 102 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

ARTHUR KIRK.

oc8:c69

FRED. ANDERSON..........THOS. C. WILSON.
(Late of Anderson & Meyers.)

ANDERSON & WILSON,

Merchant Tailors,

AND DEALERS IN

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

129 FOURTH STREET, near Smithfield.

Just received, our Fall and Winter Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Overcoatings and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, which we are prepared to make up in the latest styles, at reasonable prices. Call and see us. oc8:s43

$15,000 TO LOAN,

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

G. M. PETTY,

No. 80 Smithfield Street.

Real Estate bought and sold. 1y24

BOQUETS & CUT FLOWERS,

At the OAKLAND GREENHOUSES.

oc28 JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—The best Farm in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing about 260 acres, situated six miles south of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Bolivar Station. The improvements are a large hued log house, with nine rooms, a good cellar; a frame bank barn, 40x70, with the best of stabling. Two apple and one peach orchard. The whole farm is under a high state of cultivation; the fencing is all No. 1; the soil is good, and is well watered; about 200 acres cleared, the remainder in good white oak timber. This property is offered at the low price of fifty dollars per acre. Possession immediately.

Also, a Farm of 312 acres in Penn township, Westmoreland county, 220 acres cleared and under cultivation, 92 acres of first-rate white oak and other timber, 2 dwelling houses, 1 of them 3 stories, the other 1 story, with a tenant house, with a first-rate Steam Sawmill in good running order; young orchard of grafted fruit. The land is rolling; every acre is tillable, with limestone soil and subsoil, with never failing springs; within one hundred rods of the Penna. Central Railroad; 28 miles east of Pittsburgh, and three miles west of Greensburg. This farm is pleasantly and eligibly situated in a good neighborhood; every acre is underlaid with coal. The title is good.

Also, 60 acres in Derry township, Westmoreland county, Pa., within four miles of Blairsville, and three miles of two stations on the Pa. R. R. The improvements are, a new frame dwelling house and outbuilding; a new steam saw and grist mill, with two run of burrs, two bolting cloths, and all the necessary fixtures, and a young orchard of choice fruit trees. The whole tract is underlaid with a six foot vein of coal, now opened, and an abundance of limestone. This property will be sold very low, if applied for soon.

Also, the best Hotel in the Borough of Indiana, the county seat of Indiana county, Pa. This is a large four story brick building, of 54 rooms and a basement under the whole house, and is situated on the corner of Philadelphia and Clymer streets, on a lot 60 by 200 feet; and on said premises is a frame house 24 by 60 feet, used as a wood house in the lower story and ball room above; also, a frame stable 30 by 60 feet; also, a half lot, 30 by 160 feet on which is a large frame stable, used as a livery stable. The whole property has recently been painted and repaired throughout, and is one of the best locations for a public house in Western Pa., and will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

Also, a Farm of 182 acres, at half price, to a cash customer. This farm is in Derry township, Westmoreland county, Pa., within two miles of Latrobe, a station on the Penna R. R.; 100 acres of cleared land, under good fencing, the residue 82 acres in good white oak, black, cherry, black walnut and locust timber. This is a first rate farm, in a high state of cultivation, with good and comfortable buildings, a frame house of 8 rooms; large barn, 60 by 35 feet, and has coal and limestone under the whole tract, and is convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c.

Also, a Farm of 127 acres, within 1½ miles of the Penna R. R. at Carpenter's Station, 30 miles from the city; 100 acres of the land is cleared and under good fencing, the residue of the tract in white oak timber. There is a hewed log house and barn, and a young apple orchard on the premises. It is good limestone soil, with an abundance of limestone, and never-failing springs of water, and is offered at the low price of $50 per acre, on good time, because the owner is engaged in other business and cannot attend to it.

For further particulars enquire of

G. H. TOWER,

no6 Real Estate Agent, 164 Fourth St.

2,000,000 ACRES

OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE,

BY THE

Union Pacific Railway Co.,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1.00 to $5.00 Per Acre,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or, CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

au14 St. Louis, Missouri.

WASHINGTON CO. FARM.

FOR SALE—A tract of 460 acres, of which 300 is cleared, and the remainder covered with fine white oak timber. Situated in West Findlay township, Washington county, Pa., 6 miles south of West Alexander, and ¼ of a mile from Haneytown. Is convenient to churches and schools. Has on it two log houses, new stable and grain houses; an orchard of eight acres of young apples, pears, peaches, plums, &c. Good water in every field.

APPLY TO

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stock and Real Estate,

au17 Apollo Building, Fourth street.

THREE-STORY

Brick Dwelling,

No. 42 Fourth Street, between Market and Ferry, contains eleven rooms. Store room, well adapted for confectioner, or other business requiring fine display. Will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to

STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

no25:c1 No. 66 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE OR RENT, CHEAP—A Farm at Carpenter's Station, on the Central Railroad, containing 125 acres; improvements, two houses and stables, good orchard; all in pasture and good for cultivation. Also, several other Farms, in good localities and well improved, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Also, a number of good building lots in the city and suburbs.

For further particulars inquire of

WILLIAM WARD,

110 Grant street,

ap9:s62 opposite the Cathedral.

A COAL WORKS FOR SALE, capable of running 15,000 bushels daily, including tenant houses, store house, flats, wagons, mules, and all the necessary fixtures for a large business and immediate operation. There are 425 acres of coal. This is one of the most valuable works on the Monongahela river; will be sold low and on good terms.

Apply to W. A. HERRON, Real Estate Office, No. 80 Grant St., opposite Court House. se17

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE, situated at corner of Duncan and Webo Streets, Pittsburgh. Lot 24 feet by 100 feet, extending to an alley. Frame house, two stories high, of five rooms; good cellar; large porch in front; hydrant water on the lot. Price $2,700.

Apply to B. McLAIN & CO.,

oc23 1½ Fourth street.

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BENJAMIN SINGERLY..........PHILIP CLEIS

SINGERLY & CLEIS,

(Successors to Geo. F. Schuchman & Co.,)

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,

THE ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 74 and 76 Third st., Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. MILLER,

LITHOGRAPHER,

No 80 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building.

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles.

ap16:x56

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

46 HAND STREET.

A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipe Tobacco Pouches always on hand.

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

No. 6 FEDERAL ST ALLEGHENY.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST,
BISSELL & CO'S.
TRIUMPH
FOR BITUMINOUS
COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

235 LIBERTY STREET.

Also on hand and for sale, PARLOR STOVES, HEATING STOVES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, COOKING RANGES, &c.

S. S. BRYAN,

BROKER IN

BONDS, STOCKS,

AND REAL ESTATE,

Apollo Building, Fourth St.

Bank, Insurance and Municipal Bonds, and all kinds of Stocks bought and sold on commission. Mortgages bought and sold. no25

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S BREAD. The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Ward's. None else. mh30:s77

R. P. GETTY,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Choice Wines and Liquors,

NO. 58 N. E. Cor. OHIO ST. AND DIAMOND,

au2 Allegheny City, Pa.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration on the Estate of CATHERINE DITWELLER, late of the city of Allegheny, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned.

JAMES CLARK,
GEORGE WHITNEY,
no8:s96 Administrators.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT ASSOCIATION BUILDING, Nos. 2 and 4 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Special attention given to the designing and construction of Court Houses and public buildings.

GEORGE BEAVEN,

CANDY MANUFACTURER,

And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c.,

112 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City.

TREES! TREES! TREES!

A very large stock of Fruit and Shade Trees Evergreens and Grape Vines, for sale by

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH

Send for a catalogue. oc2

CANTON GINGER, put up in syrup or preserved dry, and for sale by the pound; also, Dundee Marmalade, in pots, and Guava Jelly, in pound and half pound boxes, fresh, by JNO. A. RENSHAW

no14 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c

CHURCH CARPETS.

In the selection of our stock we have made this a

SPECIALTY.

The largest assortment,
The most appropriate designs,
The handsomest patterns,

Of all Qualities and Styles of

CHURCH CARPETS,

To be found in this market, and offered to all Churches and Denominations at

Eastern Wholesale Prices!

All goods in our line at a great reduction from last season's prices.

OLIVER

McCLINTOCK

& COMPANY,

no20 No. 25 FIFTH STREET.

CHURCH CARPETS.

We have a large and carefully selected

STOCK OF CARPETS,

Bought especially for

Carpeting Churches,

Embracing the latest styles used in the churches of the Eastern cities, which we offer to

All Churches and Denominations

AT COST!

Also, all grades and widths of

Mattings Used for Churches

AT COST.

We offer all goods in our line at a great reduction from last summer's prices.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH STREET.

no1:v74 d&wT Over Bates & Bell's.

NEW FALL STOCK

OF

CARPETS.

McFARLAND & COLLINS

OFFER TO CASH BUYERS

BARGAINS AT RETAIL.

Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Street,

NEXT TO UNITED STATES CUSTOM HOUSE,

SECOND FLOOR.

oc19:T:TH:S&WT.

SWORD'S SELF-TEMPERING

STEAM POWER

BRICK MACHINE,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

PITTSBURGH BRICK MACHINE

AND

BRICK MANUFACTURING CO.

This Machine takes the clay direct from the bank, (without the preparation, by soaking necessary for "soft mud" machines,) and tempers it thoroughly, pressing in steel moulds, brick stiff enough to be packed up eight high in the yard as made. For setting with the trowel, bearing hard usage, and making a strong, true wall, there are no better brick known. The cost of making them by this machine is from 95 cents to $1.10 per 1,000, according to the rates of wages. This we guarantee. The machine is built entirely of iron and steel; and in the best style for strength and permanent use in working clay. Apply for circulars, giving full information, at the office,

350 LIBERTY ST., 2d Story,

Near the Union R. R. Depot,

se24:f84 PITTSBURGH, PA.

CARTER'S

NEW

SHOE HOUSE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A

BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE

AT

No. 47 Fifth Street,

(OPPOSITE THE OLD THEATRE.)

Where he is prepared to sell BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS at less prices than can be purchased at any other house in this city. Give me a call and be convinced.

DANIEL CARTER.

JOHN ROTH..........J. F. ROTH.

JOHN ROTH & SON,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, RUMS,

WHISKIES, &c., &c.,

307 Liberty Street,

OPPOSITE SMITHFIELD STREET,

Beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general that they have opened their wholesale store, at the above place, and are now ready to fill all orders in their line, to the satisfaction of all who will favor them.

The long and well established reputation of JOHN ROTH will be a sufficient guarantee for the superior qualities and purity of their goods, and it will be their aim to uphold the same.

For medical purposes, particular attention is directed to their large stock of

OLD GERMAN WINE,

And superior qualities of

FRENCH COGNACS.

Orders left at No. 28 DIAMOND, will also be promptly attended to.

oc24:g51F JOHN ROTH & SON.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,

STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND AUCTIONEERS.

Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds, and all kinds of Securities, Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms.

Particular attention paid, as heretofore, to the sale of Real Estate at private sale.

Sales of Real Estate in the country attended. Office, 1½ FOURTH STREET. oc3

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND

Half Spanish Segars,

Just received on consignment, will be sold as low as

Eight Dollars Per Thousand.

ROBERT F. WEDDELL,

se13 Corner of SMITHFIELD & WATER Sts.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Nov. 14, 1867.

THE ASSESSMENT for grading, paving and curbing of BEDFORD AVENUE, from Fulton to Gum street; and BEATTY'S ALLEY, from Green to Devilliers street;

Is now ready for examination, and will remain in this office, West Market Building, until Tuesday, November 26th, 1867, when they will be placed in the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,

no15 City Engineer and Surveyor.

ESTABLISHED IN 1842.

J. T. WRAY & BROS.,

SUCCESSORS TO M. CONNOLLY,

STEAM CRACKER BAKERY,

29 and 31 Irwin Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se30:g8

A. STETTLER SONS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks,

And SHEET IRON WORK, of all kinds.

Locust St., Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh

oc18

OPENING.—Mrs. M. KITCHIN will open on SATURDAY, THE 9TH INSTANT, a splendid and rare variety of the latest styles of

WINTER MILLINERY,

At No. 100 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny City.

no8:h24

F. ARTOS,

MECHANICAL AND ENGINEERING

DRAFTSMAN.

Office, PHILO HALL, No. 75 THIRD STREET, with Mr Holland & Co, PITTSBURGH, PA.

MADISON STARCH AGENCY.—Just received:

400 boxes, 40 lb., Pearl starch;
300 " 20 lb. do.
100 " Corn do.
50 " Silver Gloss Starch.

For sale low to the trade by the agents, SCHOMAKER & LANG.

EXTRA Nos. 1 AND 2 LARD,

In store and for sale by

F. SELLERS & CO.,

no16 Cor. Wayne and Penn streets.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,

PITTSBURGH

White Lead and Color Works,

Manufacturers of

WHITE AND RED LEAD, ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD, McCOY'S VERDITER GREEN,

And all colors dry or in oil.

Office, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.

Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street and 49, 51 and 53 Lacock Street, Allegheny. mv15:q9

TO WHEAT GROWERS.

EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE

Super-Phosphate of Lime.

MANUFACTURED BY

THE ALLEGHENY FERTILIZER CO.,

SEWARD & CAMPBELL,

PROPRIETORS.

Office, 356 Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

The best Fertilizer in use, and recognized by all Farmers who have given it a trial, to be the standard for raising large crops of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Potatoes, &c. We have published for gratuitous circulation a pamphlet containing interesting and valuable statements of this Fertilizer, copies of which will be sent free to any sending us their address.

PITTSBURGH IMPORTING HOUSE.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

GERMAN, FRENCH AND SPANISH

WINES AND LIQUORS,

409 Penn Street, Pittsburgh.

Our MR. SCHMIDT having returned from Europe, has made large purchases, and perfected arrangements with the following first class houses:

F. RUMILLER, Avise, Champagne.
DE VENOGE & CO., Epernay, Champagne.
J. PRUNIER & CO., Cognac and Bordeaux.
CHAS. LAMBLING, Cette.
MORGAN BROS., Cadiz, Spain.
ERHARD SCHMIDT, Nuenburg, A Rhein.
A. SEYOBS & CO., Creuznach, Sparkling Hock and Muselle.
BASS & CO., English Ales.
YURNGER & CO., Scotch Ales.

A choice assortment of PURE OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand.

Having perfected arrangements with the above houses, we are able to offer the choicest brands of WINES and LIQUORS. Examination of quality and comparison of prices solicited.

oc21:x48

MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,

(Successors to R. E. BULGER, Agent,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE

Of Every Description.

SCHOOL AND OFFICE FURNITURE

No. 45 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

A full assortment of Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture constantly on hand at LOWEST CASH PRICES.

C. A. MYERS....WM. C. HOPPER....WM. S. WILT.

mh22:v58

THE FORT PITT

LUMBER CO.

Capital, : : : : : $125,000.

President—EDW. DITHRIDGE.

Secretary—T. A. WRIGHT.

Superintendent—JAS. GILLESPIE.

THE FORT PITT LUMBER CO., having purchased TWO THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED AND TWENTY-ONE ACRES of uncalled pine lands in Forest County, Pa., and erected thereon a large Steam Saw Mill, are now prepared to supply every variety of FIRST CLASS PINE LUMBER, from their yard,

NINTH WARD, corner of Lumber and Allegheny Sts.

Communications by mail should be addressed to

T. A. WRIGHT, Secretary,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Address C. B. Woodworth & Son,

ROCHESTER CHEMICAL WORKS,

Nos. 111, 113 & 115 Buffalo Street,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

N. Y. OFFICE,

309 Broadway.

Employing only Chemists and Perfumers

Woodworth's Pomades And Fine Soaps

TOILET POWDERS.

Woodworth's Perfumes

THE PERUVIAN LILAC

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SPENCER....JAS. M'KAY....ROBERT LIDDELL.

SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS

OF

Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. oc14

RESOLUTIONS Approving the Plans for the Public Parks in the City of Allegheny.

RESOLVED, By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, That the report of the Park Commission be and the same is hereby accepted and ordered to be filed.

RESOLVED, That the plans and specifications of Messrs. Mitchell, Grant & Co., submitted by the Park Commission, with their report for the making of Public Parks in the City of Allegheny, on the Common Grounds, together with Seminary Hill, be and they are hereby approved.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 14th day of November, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: D. MACPHERSON,
Clerk of Select Council.
GEO. D. RIDDLE,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. no19

NEW

PAPER HANGINGS,

NOW RECEIVING, IN GREAT VARIETY, AT

No. 107 Market Street.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

au26

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS

CLINTON MILL, STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President. JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treas'r. SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H. Hartman, John B. Livingston, John M. Perkins, C. H. Merrick.

Cash Paid for Paper Stock.

no30:o86

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at PETROLEUM CENTRE, on WEDNESDAY, December 4th, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to wit:

One Hundred and Sixty Barrels of Refined Coal Oil, Engine, Boiler, Tanks, Machinery and Apparatus for the Distilling and Refining of Coal Oil, being the property of JOHN L. CONE and REV. CLARK BAGALEY. Seized and forfeited to the United States.

THOS. A. ROWLEY,

U. S. Marshal Western District Penna.

Marshal's Office, Pittsburgh, Nov. 23, 1867.

no25:h60

JAPANNING,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, BY

WILLIAM LLOYD,

No. 3 St. Clair Street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Grocers' Tea Canisters Re-Japanned equal to new. se11:g60

WASHINGTON MILLS,

Washington Street, near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator.

W. W. ANDERSON,

Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR, and CHOPPED FEED. Orders delivered in either city, free of charge. Grain of all kinds chopped, and Corn shelled, on short notice.

se6:4

A. H. ENGLISH & CO.,

No. 98 Fourth Street,

Publishers of OSGOOD'S READERS, DEAN'S ARITHMETIC, BURTT'S GRAMMAR AND COWLEY'S COPY BOOKS. Also, manufacturers of BLANK BOOKS. BOOK BINDING executed in all its forms. A large stock of STATIONERY constantly on hand.

COMMISS'N MERCHANTS.

M. STEELE..........J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN,

And Produce generally, No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

PETER KEIL..........JAS. F. RITCHART

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Flour, Grain, Seeds, Mill Feed, &c.

349 LIBERTY STREET.

my16:b37 PITTSBURGH, PA.

HENRY REA, Jr.,

FLOUR, GRAIN,

And Produce Commission Merchant,

285 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

e5-TTS

ROBERT KNOX, Jr.,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

And dealer in

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,

Office, 413 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh.

L. J. BLANCHARD,

WHOLSALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS,

396 Penn Street.

ap18:x59

ALEX. M'BANE..........J. B. ANJER.

M'BANE & ANJER,

Commission Merchants,

Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE generally, No. 141 WATER, above Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. fe6

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

for the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruits, and Produce generally. No. 18 Market Street, corner of First, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe22:u8

ROBT. KNOX..........ANDREW KNOX

R. KNOX & SON, Commission MERCHANTS and Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED and PRODUCE generally, No. 79 Diamond, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City. jal 7:r67

DAV. CRAWFORD, Commission MERCHANT in PIG METAL, BLOOMS, ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK and CLAY, &c. Warehouse and Office, Nos. 266 and 268 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. oc3

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh manufactures generally 13 and 114 Second street, Pittsburgh.

F. REYMER..........J. S. REYMER..........WM. D. REYMER.

REYMER & BROS., (Successors to Reymer & Anderson,) Wholesale Dealers in Foreign Fruits, Nuts and Spices, Confectionery, Sugars, Fireworks, &c., Nos. 126 and 128 Wood Street, above Fifth Pittsburgh. lv22:i9

JOHN B. CANFIELD, Commission and Forwarding Merchant and wholesale dealer in Western Reserve Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and Oils, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, Nos. 144 and 146 Front street, Pittsburgh.

H. RIDDLE, No. 183 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa., Commission Merchant, and Wholesale Dealer in Country Produce, Groceries and Pittsburgh manufactures. Cash advanced on Consignments, and paid for Produce generally.

JOHN I. HOUSE..EDWARD HOUSE..WM. R. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, corner of Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh. fe10

SCHOMAKER & LANG, Wholesale dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Carbon Oil, Nos. 172 and 174 Wood Street, near Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN SHIPTON..........A. WALLACE

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 Sixth Street, Pittsburgh. ja12:r8

PLUMBING, GAS FITTING

JAMES CAVANAGH..........R. B. EWENS, JR.

CAVANAGH & CO.,

NO. 114 LIBERTY STREET,

(Opposite Hare's Hotel.)

PRACTICAL PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS

Ale and Beer Pumps, Hydrants, Pumps, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Sinks, Wash stands, Gum Hose, &c. Prompt and particular attention given to repairing in city or country.

F. L. ATWOOD..BENSON JONES..J. M'CAFFREY

ATWOOD & M'CAFFREY,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

STEAM AND GAS FITTERS

Cor. of 3rd and Liberty Streets,

Above Carroll & Snyder's, Pittsburgh, Penna. Light and Heavy Castings furnished promptly to order.

Special attention paid to the fitting out and repairing of Oil Refineries, Steamboats, Rolling Mills, &c., &c.

Agents for A. S. Cameron & Co.'s

STEAM PUMPS

AND

BLOWER ENGINES.

These Pumps have superior advantages over all others, and every one is warranted to give satisfaction. Pumps constantly on hand. fe25:u10

JOHN M. COOPER....JOS. KAYE....HENRY BIRE.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

Steam and Gas Fitters,

Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my18:a50

HOTELS.

THE MANSION HOUSE.

THE UNDERSIGNED beg to announce to their friends and the public that they have purchased this OLD ESTABLISHED and POPULAR HOUSE,

No. 344 Liberty Street,

And will continue to keep it in the best style. The MANSION HOUSE has over one hundred rooms, all newly furnished in the best style, and only two minutes' walk from the Railroad Depot. Travelers will find this house an excellent one to stop at and will be accommodated any hour, day or night.

Connected with the House is a splendid Hall for Concerts.

Families or single persons taken to board by the day, week or month, with or without rooms

WAGNER & ZIESSLER,

oc7:f44 PITTSBURGH.

CONDUCTED ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

Nos. 405 & 407 Liberty St.,

Opposite the Union Depot, PITTSBURGH,

JAMES K. LANAHAN, Proprietor

This house is newly built and splendidly furnished, and convenient to all the Railroads coming into the city. Strangers visiting the city will find this a very convenient and economical plan. You secure your room and pay for your meals as you get them. The Restaurant connected with this hotel is open at all hours of the day and night. Balls and parties supplied with Suppers at the shortest notice and reasonable rates. se18:s

ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL.

(ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,)

N. E. Cor. Penn & Canal Sts.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAMES JOHNSON, Proprietor.

This house has been thoroughly refitted and newly furnished throughout, and is now open to the public.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Dr. N. W. BATES,

VETERINARY SURGEON,

Office and Stables in rear of Emmet Hotel and adjoining the Livery and Sale stables of Wilson Brothers,

DIAMOND, Allegheny, Pa.

Residence—22 Palo Alto St., Second Ward.

Horses skillfully treated for all curable diseases, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Refers by permission to John White, Jr., Hop Merchant, 59 Diamond street, Pittsburgh; James H. Lindsay & Co., Coal Yards, Outer Depot, Allegheny; Dr. Thos. Hewitt, 31 Federal street, Allegheny; Wilson Brothers, Livery and Sale Stables, Diamond, Allegheny; C. L. Seely, Grant House, Federal street, Allegheny; Schutz & Danner, Merchants, 139 Federal street, Allegheny; R. Gray, Merchant, 24 Diamond, Allegheny; Wm Mahler, Watchmaker, 140 Federal street, Allegheny.

PROF. N. P. DUFFEY,

VETERINARY SURGEON AND HORSE TRAINER.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore received, respectfully announces that he has opened an HOSPITAL STABLE at the corner of Liberty street and East Lane, Allegheny City; also, a TRAINING and BOARDING STABLE on Beaver street, between Ohio street and Stockton avenue. Office at the latter and residence at the former place. Special attention given to buying, selling, selecting and inspecting horses; and, with the assistance of Miss H. A. CHILDS, (who may be seen at his residence, corner of East Lane and Liberty St., Allegheny,) will give lessons in riding to either Ladies or Gentlemen. Refers, by permission, to the following gentlemen: J. Painter, J. C. Smith, Wm. S. Bissell, John Kirker, M. D., D. M. Evans. fe6:v79

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

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The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. n17:s6

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS.—The purest in tone; the most powerful; the most elegant finished; will stand in tune longer than any other. New stock just received.

For sale at less than factory prices.

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Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

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no27 WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

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This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

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ap20 x71

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 93 Diamond Street,

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JOHN W. RIDDELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE: No. 135 FOURTH STREET,

fe15:144 PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. C. MACKRELL,

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my24:b25 PITTSBURGH, PA.

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HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., for hire. Particular attention paid to purchase and sale of Horses.

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Livery and Sale Stables,

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Opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,

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Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearse and Carriages for funerals. Horses kept at livery. my5:v48

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Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed.

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Between Wood and Smithfield streets,

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All goods returned in two months. Goods left subject to the owner twelve months. my15:t

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EUREKA OIL WORKS,

Manufacturers of

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COAL, COKE, &c.

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Miners, shippers and dealers, wholesale and retail, in the

BEST FAMILY COAL,

NUT COAL AND SLACK

Office and Yard—Corner FOURTH AND THE STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

All orders for delivery in the city, or shipment west, will meet prompt and immediate attention. R. A. SCHNABEL, Superintendent.

BEST FAMILY COAL

Always on hand and delivered promptly to order

AT LOWEST MARKET RATES, BY

OSCAR F. LAMM & CO.,

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Anthracite Coal furnished at the lowest rates.

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Having removed their Office to

No. 567 LIBERTY STREET

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR,

Are now prepared to furnish good Youghiogheny

LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK,

At the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly. mv25:b2

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,

DEALER IN

YOUGHIOGHENY & CONNELLSVILLE COAL

And Manufacturer of

Coal, Slack, and Desulphurized Coke

OFFICE AND YARD.

Corner of Butler and Morton; first yard on Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward, and on Second street, near Lock No 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Families and Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates.

Orders left at any of their offices will receive prompt attention.

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GLASS CARDS done to order.

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GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 64 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.

CALCIMINING done in the best manner.

J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

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Graining, Glazing and Gilding

NEATLY EXECUTED.

Mixed Paints, Varnishes, Putty, Glass, Brushes, Turpentine, White Lead, Zinc, &c.

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F. B. HUTCHINSON..........R. J. HEPBURN.

HUTCHINSON & HEPBURN,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 36 PENN'A AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

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JOHN F. CLULEY,

House and Sign Painter,

Has removed to

No. 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

mv9:v97 Opposite the old stand.

ROBERT M'COWAN..........JNO. SNYDER

McCOWAN & SNYDER,

HOUSE SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS AND GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS.

No. 65, North side of Diamond, Allegheny.

Commercial and glass signs made to order. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly executed. Mixed Paints, Window Glass and Putty constantly on hand. ap15:x2

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WM. J. DICK,

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Residence, No. 142 Grant street

Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction warranted. au20:47:w

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House Carpenters and Builders.

All kinds of Jobbing and Building promptly attended to. Orders left at No. 469 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, and No. 15 PEARL ST., Bloomfield.

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Contracts taken for Buildings, Store Fronts, and Jobbing. Particular attention given to Heavy Framing for Foundries and Shops, of all descriptions.

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Z. H. PALMER,

House Builder and Carpenter.

Office, corner of BARKER'S ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY.

Jobbing and repairing done with neatness and dispatch. jy6:u35

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HENRY W. HORBACH,

Confectionery and Bakery,

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Between Seventh and Liberty.

LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c. At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER

No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

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NEW OPERA HOUSE.

WM. HENDERSON..........Lessee.
M. W. CANNING..........Manager.
T. S. HARRIS..........Stage Manager.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, Grand Family Matinee, on which occasion Mr. Barron will appear in his beautiful role of ELIOT. SATURDAY EVENING, November 30, 1867, last appearance of the favorite young tragedian,

MR. CHARLES BARRON.

When he will appear in Shakspeare's tragedy of MACBETH.

Macbeth..........Mr. Charles Barron.

Monday Evening, first appearance of LADY DON.

GRAND FAIR,

Under the auspices of the

Ladies' Homeopathic Charitable Association,

For the benefit of the

HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL,

AT CITY HALL,

Opening with an address by MAJOR WILLIAM FREW, and other appropriate ceremonies, on

Monday Evening December 2d,

And continuing until SATURDAY, Dec. 7th. The Fair will be open each day from 12 M. to 11 o'clock P. M.

Admission, 25 cents; Children under 12 years, 15 cents.

Dinner will be served every day, from 12 to 3 o'clock. Tickets for admission and dinner, 75 cents.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

TWO CONCERTS,

BY THE

MENDELSSOHN QUINTETTE CLUB,

OF BOSTON,

Aided by Miss ADDIE S. RYAN, the Charming Songstress,

Wednesday and Thursday Evenings, December 4th and 5th, 1867.

The MENDELSSOHN QUINTETTE CLUB has been organized nineteen years and is composed of W. M. SCHULTZE, CARL MEISEL, THOMAS RYAN, E. HEINDL, WULF FRIES, and their concerts are everywhere pronounced the best Musical Entertainments offered the American public. The Programmes will embrace Overtures, Quartettes, Quintettes, Potpourris, Solos, with songs and Ballads.

ADMISSION—Parquette and Dress Circle, 50c; no extra charge for secured seats. Family Circle, 25 cents.

The sale of seats will commence at C. C. Mellor's Music Store, 81 Wood street, Monday, December 2d.

Doors open at 7¼. Concert at 8. no30:h61

MASONIC HALL.

EIGHT NIGHTS IN WONDER WORLD,

COMMENCING FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 29th,

PROF. AND MAD. MACALLISTER,

The Great Illusionists of the Age!

Will present each evening a choice selection of their ILLUSIONS, WONDERS and MIRACLES, embracing SCIENCE, MIRTH and MYSTERY. ONE HUNDRED elegant and costly PRESENTS will be GIVEN AWAY EVERY NIGHT.

Admission..........25 cents.
Reserved Seats..........50 cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; to commence at 8.

GRAND GIFT MATINEE every Saturday, at 2 o'clock P. M. Every child will receive a handsome present. Admission 25 cents, to all parts of the house.

HARRY WESTON,

no28 Business Agent.

GRAND VOCAL AND

INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT,

AT MASONIC HALL,

TUESDAY EVENING, DEC. 10th, 1867,

BY MRS. E. A. SAWYER,

Assisted by her pupils and several first class amateurs of Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

Admission..........50 CENTS.

Tickets can be had at Mellor's Music Store, 81 Wood street, and at Mrs. Blume's, 43 Fifth St.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; performance to commence at one-fourth to 8.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATRE.

S. W. WILLIAMS } Managers.
T. H. JEFFERSON

Engagement and first appearance of the inimitable comedian, pantomimist and vocalist, Mr. GEO. E. EDISON, and the popular danseuse Miss LUCY CLIFTON. Astonishing reception of the favorite JOHNNY HART. The sensation drama termed "Pittsburgh in 1867."

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF

Valuable Coal Property.

By virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, in and for the county of Allegheny, made September —, A. D. 1867, at No. 11, in partition, the undersigned Trustee will expose at public sale, on the premises, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 16th, 1867,

At the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; All that valuable vein of coal, known as the "Clark Coal," situated in Elizabeth township, county aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a stone on John Penney's line; thence by said Penney north 39 degrees east 27 5-10 perches to a stone; thence by land of R. Gamble south 88¼ degrees west 61 7-10 perches to a white oak; thence by lands of Woods and McClure south 6 degrees east 52 perches to a stone; thence south 16 degrees east 39 5-10 perches; thence 25 3-10 perches to a stone; thence south 12¼ degrees east 35 5-10 perches to a stone; thence south 63 degrees east 16 4-10 perches to a stone; thence south 63 degrees east 18 3-10 perches to a stone; thence by land of John Edmundson thence south 30 degrees east 37 perches to a stone; thence south 30 degrees east 7 5-10 perches to a hickory; thence north 47 degrees east 30 perches to a stone; thence late lands of William Edmundson north 35 degrees west 20 5-10 perches to a stone; thence north 11 degrees east 20 perches to the place of beginning; containing one hundred acres, strict measure, of mineral coal, together with all and singular the rights and privileges, usually necessary in the excavation and taking out of Mineral Coal, and also the privilege of opening and keeping open on any part of the land of the said William Edmundson any and all drains and air-ways needful for mining purposes, and also the privilege of using forever, all and singular the aforesaid underground privileges in the excavation and taking out of any and all said coal, and also the privilege of using as may be necessary for their building purposes with the appurtenances.

This coal may be taken out either by way of the Youghiogheny or Monongahela rivers, or both, as will be best quality.

TERMS: One-third cash and the balance in one and two years, secured by judgment bond and mortgage on the premises.

For further information inquire of

ALEX. M. WATSON, Trustee,
No. 93 Grant street,
Or THOS. PENNY or DAVID CLARK, near Keesport. no25:h50

WESTERN DISTRICT PENNSYLVANIA, ss:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment of

ASSIGNEE OF ROBERT HERVEY,

of the borough of Tarentum, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court of said District.

HUGH M. BOLE, Assignee,

no8:b52 corner Point Alley and Duquesne Way.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas, letters testamentary have been issued by the Register of Wills in and for Allegheny county, Penna., to the undersigned executors of the last will and testament of THOMAS S. CLARKE, Esq., late of Oakland Township, Allegheny county, deceased, all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased are hereby notified that prompt payment will be required, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same legally authenticated to either of the undersigned without delay.

CHARLES J. CLARKE,
Of Oakland Township, Allegheny county.
WILLIAM THAW,
Of Fourth Ward, Pittsburgh.
WILLIAM M. HARRIS,
Of Second Ward, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 18, 1867. no19:b24d F

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss.

At Pittsburgh, October 24th, 1867. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JACOB ABRAHAMS, of the City of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

JOHN M. KENNEDY, Assignee,

oc29:g66 Attorney-at-Law, No. 93 Diamond street.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss.

At Pittsburgh, the 29th day of August, A. D. 1867. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of ROBERT WATSON, of Lawrenceville, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,

au31:c68:S Attorney-at-Law, 89 Grant street.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of the PITTSBURGH DIAMOND BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION for a Charter of Incorporation.

Notice is hereby given that the above named Association has applied at No. 117, December Term, 1867, for a Charter of Incorporation, and the same will be granted at the next term of said Court, if exceptions are not filed in proper time.

JACOB H. WALTER, Proth'y.

IN THE MATTER OF BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION No. 3, OF BIRMINGHAM.

Notice is hereby given that the above Association has applied for a Charter of Incorporation at No. 115, December Term, 1867, Common Pleas Court, and the same will be granted at the next term of said Court, unless exceptions are filed in proper time.

JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

ESTATE OF JEREMIAH MORGAN, DEC'D.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of the above named Jeremiah Morgan late of the township of Findlay, in the county of Allegheny, Pa., have been granted to Alexander S. Thomson, residing in the township of Independence. All persons therefore having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent, are requested to make the same known without delay.

ALEXANDER S. THOMSON, Executor.

no11:b49

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF THE GERMAN BUILDING ASSOCIATION, OF WEST MANCHESTER, No. 1.—Notice is hereby given that the above Association has applied to the Court of Common Pleas, at No. 584 December Term 1867, for a Charter of Incorporation, and the same will be granted at the next term of said Court, unless exceptions be filed within the proper time.

JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

WHEREAS, Letters Testamentary on the estate of NANCY MONUK, late of McKeesport, Allegheny county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES LINN, Executor,

McKeesport, Pa.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, 68 Fourth street, one door from Wood, Pittsburgh. Always on hand a general assortment of Ladies' Wigs, Bands, Curls, Gentlemen's Wigs, Toupees, Bracelets, Guard Chains, Bracelets, &c. A good price in cash will be given for Raw Hair.

Ladies' and gentlemen's hair-cutting done in the best manner.

FIRE SCREENS

OF A NEW STYLE,

On canvas, with oil paintings and gold and velvet frames, at

107 MARKET STREET,

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The Iron Railroad Bridge Over the Allegheny—Full Description.

The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway bridge across the Allegheny river at Pittsburgh, lately rebuilt in a most permanent manner by the above Railway Company, was originally built by the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, to complete their connection with the Pennsylvania Railroad at Pittsburgh.

The foundations were begun in the month of August, 1854, and the bridge finished in September, 1857, by the P., F. W. & C. R. R. Co., of which the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad was one of the consolidated companies.

The original superstructure for double track was of wood, on the Howe truss plan, with arches for additional strength. The increased traffic on the railway, and with it the larger wear and tear occasioned, in addition to the bridge not being properly protected in the first years after its erection, made it a necessity at a very early day (considering the importance as a main line of trade and travel between the East and West, which the Fort Wayne Railway had acquired,) to provide for its reconstruction.

In the fall of the year 1863, the then Chief Engineer of the Railway Company, John B. Jervis, Esq., after careful examination, submitted and recommended for approval of the President, George W. Cass, Esq., the present plan, an entirely wrought iron structure, designed and calculated in regard to strength in all its details by Felician Slataper, Engineer and Architect of the company, under whose immediate superintendence the work has been executed.

The plan having, during the following winter been adopted, a contract was made with Charles J. Schultz, of Pittsburgh, for the construction of its iron work, which was commenced in the spring of the year 1864.

The original structure consisted of seven spans of various length, being in all 1172 feet long. On account of the peculiar form and location of the company's freight yard at Pittsburgh, between the bridge and Penn street, it was found necessary to place the switches that connect the large number of tracks in their yard, as far as possible out on the bridge, in order to use the ground in the most economical and advantageous manner, and to facilitate the lengthening of these tracks for the contemplated new and large Freight Houses required for the accommodation of the constantly increasing business of the railway company.

To accomplish this an additional pier 101 feet long was built on the wharf, under the first span on the Pittsburgh side, and the abutment extended parallel with the river along Duquesne Way to 148 feet in length. By this arrangement the bridge as now constructed opens gradually like a fan towards the Pittsburgh freight yard, being at the narrowest part, next to the main span, 55 feet in width and extending out 176 feet in length, to the point where it connects with the yard, where the width is 138 feet. The surface thus gained, being equivalent to nearly two-fifths of an acre of additional ground, is covered over between the rails with three inch oak plank fastened on the solid oak floor beams of the bridge, which are placed eighteen inches apart.

For symmetry and economy in the construction, another pier was also built on the wharf at the Allegheny city end span of the bridge. At both of these end spans the tracks are now supported from below by strong iron plate guides, made entirely of plate and angle iron, all well riveted and substantially braced together. The two western spans have each three girders, eighty-nine feet in length and six feet six inches deep, to support the double line of railway, the middle one being made proportionately stronger.

In the eastern two spans, which form the above mentioned addition to the yard, eighteen iron plate girders, varying in length from eighty-six to ninety-three feet, all six feet one inch deep are placed, distributed according to the track they are intended to support.

The five large spans over the main part of the Allegheny river are built for a double line of railway, with one projecting foot path on the outside, consisting of three main girders, one on each side, and one in the center between the ways. The average length of the spans is 153½ feet in the clear, with a bearing of five feet on each pier. The depth of the girders is nineteen feet. The clear width between the outside and the central girders is fourteen feet, except the south part of the first main span, where it widens from fourteen feet at one end to thirty-two feet at the other.

The top and bottom sections of the girders are in the form of the letter T, but they, as well as all other parts, are carefully arranged so as to insure as much as possible uniform strength for the bridge throughout, in proportion to the effects produced upon it by the load. The cross sectional area of the top chord consists of four thicknesses of iron laid one over the other, well riveted and forming together a plate 2½ inches thick, and 24 inches wide in the centre part of the girder, and diminishing gradually to about two-thirds its cross section at the ends, where it rests on the piers. In addition to which, there are two large angle irons, 9 inches by 3½ inches by ⅝ to ½ inch thick, and two vertical bars 12 inches by ½ inch on the inside between the angle iron, running along the centre of the horizontal plates which form the top and bottom portion of the girders, to which they are attached by two of the angle irons, the other two serving to join the flanges to the bars which form the vertical web.

The cross sectional area of the bottom chord consists of two thicknesses of iron well riveted, forming together a plate, in the centre part 2½ inches thick and 27 inches wide, the balance of the construction being similar to the top chord.

The vertical web is composed of lattice work, which is formed with two sets of bars 6 inches wide, crossing each other, and inclined to the top and bottom at an angle of 48 degrees, and forming a net work, the distances of the crossing apart being 2 feet 1 inch between the centres of the rivets, measured along the bars the thicknesses of the bars increasing from ½ inch at the centre part to ⅞ inch at the ends of the girders. They are secured at their crossings by two rivets. The lattice work is stiffened by vertical angle irons fixed double on both sides, at distances of about 8 feet apart. The central girder has about three-fourths more iron in the cross section than the outside girders.

All the iron work is well braced and tied together above and below by a system of transverse and diagonal rods.

The ways inside, to insure proper elasticity, are supported by white oak floor beams, at intervals of two feet apart between centres, on which the steel rails for the railway are fastened.

The following amount of iron was used in the twenty-four plate girders of the end spans, including bracing, tie rods, &c.

	Pounds.
Plate Iron	540,900
Bar do	69,800
T and Angle Iron	142,600
Rivets	45,400
Cast Iron Bed Plates	49,300
Total	848,000

The five main spans of lattice girders contain:

Plate Iron	1,190,600
Bar do	592,100
T and Angle Iron	718,600
Rivets	133,000
Cast Iron Bed Plates	73,700
Total	2,708,000

Over 350,000 rivets (each of which was required to be made red hot before they were driven home in their respective places) were used to connect together the above described 1778 tons of iron.

The cost of the iron bridge superstructure proper was $435,000. The total cost, including additional masonry, temporary support of tracks, and other incidental expenses, $530,000.

The iron, of a superior quality, has been furnished for the whole structure by Messrs Jones & Laughlins, of the American Iron Works of this city.

The principle of the construction is known as the lattice girder plan with vertical stiffening, and the structure is believed to be the only one of the kind in the United States, although the principle is used very extensively, in modified forms, on the German, Russian and Italian railways.

Common Pleas—Full Bench.

FRIDAY, Nov. 29.—The argument list was taken up and quite a number of cases disposed of.

The case of Presbyterian Church of Plum Creek vs. Robert Reed, Robert Pollock, Josiah Davidson, James Davidson et, al., application for a preliminary injunction, was argued. There is a dispute between the congregation as to the location of the church. The old edifice, in Plum township, having become too much dilapidated for occupancy, it was determined by some to remove the place of worship to New Texas, while others determined not to abandon the old site. The matter was referred to Presbytery and a compromise suggested, in effect, that the old edifice be repaired and a new building constructed at New Texas. The defendants it appears have torn down the old church and have made considerable progress towards its re-erection, using the old material. The bill praying for the injunction sets forth that the congregation was incorporated in 1865, and that it holds title to a lot of ground in Plum township, comprising about two acres, on which a meeting house was erected; that defendants have entered upon the premises and pulled down said edifice, and threaten to further interfere with the rights of the congregation, do irreparable damage and commit waste. An answer was put in by defendants, denying the material allegations in the bill, but it did not appear that the legal rights of either of the parties were considered in the application for an injunction, and no authority was shown by defendants for their proceedings. After argument by Messrs. Marshall and Brown, for the plaintiffs, and Messrs. Kirkpatrick and Woods for defendants, the Court granted the injunction, requiring bail to be given by plaintiffs in the sum of $500.

District Court—Judge Williams.

FRIDAY, November 29.—The case of A. W. Foster & Co. vs. the Pittsburgh Coal Company was resumed and occupied the day without being concluded.

THE TACK-O'CONNOR CASE.

Hearing Before Judge Ludlow—Full Report of the Testimony, &c.

The Tack-O'Connor case, which has excited so much attention in commercial circles in this city, was up in the Philadelphia court on Tuesday last, and we find the following report of the interesting proceedings in the court intelligence of the Philadelphia *Press*, of Wednesday. This account was furnished by the regular reporter of that journal, and, of course, must be disinterested and will give our readers a fair insight into the important issue between the Messrs. Tack Brothers and Mr. O'Connor. Here in full is the report as furnished the *Press*:

Judge Ludlow opened Court at 10 A. M., and called the habeas corpus case taken out at the instance of the Messrs. Tack Brothers. The counsel were, however, engaged in other courts, and the Judge adjourned the hearing until 4 P. M., desiring, however, that this should not be taken as a precedent for asking him to hold afternoon sessions in the future.

James O'Connor sworn—My complaint against the Messrs Tack is simply that they defrauded me out of $30,000 in this wise: they were my paid and confidential agents, and I empowered them to do certain business, and I charge them with conspiring.

Mr Cassidy suggested that the witness should cease making a speech and state his complaint in a legal form.

Witness resumed.—I came here on the 7th of July and called on Augustus H. Tack, an oil broker, in Walnut street, who said he was largely engaged in dealing in short oil, that is he sold oil deliverable ahead. He said he had been doing so for some time as the market was glutted, and no orders were coming from Europe, and oil must still further decline; he urged me strongly to make sales of oil deliverable ahead; I had no oil at the time, and was not a broker in oil I explain that to mean for a person who has no oil to sell, say at 50 cents, and take the chances of the market falling to 40 cents, and the difference is paid in money; oil delivered at once is called spot oil. To convince me of his faith in the business, Augustus Tack said he proposed to go still further on with short oil; he told me to see Theodore E. Tack, who resided in Pittsburgh; Theodore and I were intimate, and he had my confidence to the fullest extent; he also told me to act promptly, as spot oil was selling at 23 cents, and for future delivery the price was 26, 27, and as high as 28 I returned home and Theodore confirmed all that Augustus had told me in still stronger terms, saying there was an overplus in Europe and Philadelphia; oil was steadily declining; that it was to their interest as well as mine to sell short, we discussed the matter fully; and he said he had an entire knowledge of the business, and I could rely solely and entirely on him, and if I placed my interests in his hands he would protect me; I did so, and authorized him, at his earnest solicitation, to sell oil short; the first sale was about the 10th of June, the contract being executed on the 12th of June, to Emile Shock, so desirous was he for executing the contract for me.

Mr. Cassidy objected to this style of giving evidence.

Witness resumed—Well, he said he was desirous of making money for me, and executed the contract by signing my name without my authority.

Mr. Cassidy—Then he committed forgery.

Mr. O'Connor—I don't say that, sir. Wishing to close the contract Mr. Tack signed my name, and assigned to me the contract, Mr. Shock being the buyer of 3,000 barrels of oil. The following day he sold 3,000 barrels additional, which made 6 000 barrels sold to Mr. Shock. It is proper for the Court to know that sales are made one day and the contract executed the next. June 14th, he made two contracts for 500 barrels each to Simmons & Gildemaster, buyers, and James O'Connor, of Pittsburgh, seller, through Tack Brothers, deliverable in August and September, at ten days' notice. June 15th, to Whiteman & Andrews 500 barrels and another 500, making 1,000 barrels deliverable at the buyer's option, which means any time within fifteen days' notice. June 18th, to National Refining Company 1,000 barrels, and another 1,000 barrels deliverable in August and September. Then there were six contracts of the date of June 19, Bunker & Brothers buyers, and James O'Connor seller; 250 deliverable in July, 250 in August, 250 in September, 250 in October, 250 in November, and 250 in December, making 1,500 deliverable in the six months. On July 2, to M. & P. Vidette, bought of James O'Connor 1,000 barrels at buyer's option. This was 16,000 barrels in all. The commission of the Messrs. Tack was 1¼ per cent, which would amount to about $3 000 The prices at which the oil was sold were 27, 26¾ and 26, and it would decline as they said to 24½ or to 23; Theodore informed me that it was necessary to leave for Philadelphia, as it was at the close of a month, and was settling time, as all the month's business was regularly settled, and advised me to continue selling short; he pledged himself to advise me and post me reliably on everything that occurred, and would protect my interests, he told me he had $20 000 in United States bonds in the Exchange National Bank of Pittsburgh, the property of his firm, and he intended taking it to Philadelphia for the purpose, if necessary, of seeing that no advantage was taken of himself and principal by any manipulation of the market, for want of funds; also he wanted it for placing margins, as sometimes they were required of both sellers and buyers; he could, if necessary, hypothecate the bonds, and consulted me as to whether he should send them by express, and I advised him to take a state room in the cars; the next sale was July 2, and here the witness read a letter from the Tack Brothers, written by Theodore, under date of July 3, 1867, in which they say "they have attended to the delivery of five hundred barrels to Kirkpatrick, as directed, and they would try to dispose of five hundred more; there was no desire to corner the market, except by Logan, who was doing his best to get up the prices; an excitement had sprung up at Pittsburgh, but they apprehended the whole thing of cornering had bursted; they apprehended calls from New York, but none had come, and it was absurd to think that Bunker and the writer would corner the market; they had offers to sell at 26¾, and desired Mr. O'C. to use his influence to get the refiners to ship oil at once." This letter reached me on the 5th of July; prior to its reception I met Guthrie, a clerk of the Messrs. Tacks, who said oil was thirty cents, as the market had gone up to that price, an advance of six to seven cents a gallon of an instantaneous character. I went to Frank Tack.

Objected to, as what Frank said was no evidence.

Witness resumed. After receiving the letter I felt better over it, but notwithstanding the letter the market still kept firm. Frank Tack showed me another letter from the Tack Brothers, which I read and rested content; the next was the arrival of Theodore home, on Sunday, the 8th of July; he sent me word he was fatigued, and would see me the following day, and I saw him then; he told me all that I had understood from the letters; that the advance was only temporary, and I had but 750 barrels to deliver in July, a small matter, and that my contracts would prove profitable ultimately; he said Logan was acting for a ring, which is a combination to obtain a large amount of oil, so as to corner the market by having some 70,000 barrels; that a considerable number of vessels were loading for Europe, which required a large amount of oil; on the following day he exhibited a circular of Jules Crure & Co., in explanation of the vessels loading for Europe, which showed there was loading at that date 190,050 barrels; he said he knew Crure & Co. well, and it was a Greek house; he said he telegraphed them, and they answered that the number of barrels required was as stated in their circular; the market still went up, and about the 15th or 16th of July I was reliably advised—

Objected to

Witness resumed—The price at that time was 30, 31 and 32; next a telegraphic dispatch was shown me at Tack's office, in Pittsburgh, stating that General Cummings, the internal revenue agent, had caused all oil in hand to be seized, and had ordered the cars to be switched off at West Philadelphia; that Mr. Augustus Tack was going to Washington to get this matter straightened up; I subsequently saw a telegraphic despatch from Augustus stating that he had seen Commissioner Rollins, and the oil had been released; I visited General Cummings' office.

Mr. Cassidy objected to what General Cummings said.

Witness resumed—I was determined to find out the real cause of oil so suddenly advancing; I sent to Theodore Tack and told him I would see about the seizures, and whether vessels were loading for Europe; I told him I believed his firm to be the mainspring in the combination against me, and if he was guilty I would punish him; I came to Philadelphia on the 27th or 28th of July, and called on Augustus Tack, who said I had been talking about him in the streets, and any allegations I might have against him were untrue; I said I would investigate the matter, and left him, not expecting to have any more conversation with him; on the night of the 29th, to my astonishment, Augustus came to my hotel, and I was not in, but he came and met me in Walnut street, and talked oil in the presence of my wife; Mr. Finney, Augustus Tack and myself went to the Continental Hotel, when Augustus told me that in consequence of the intimacy existing between myself and Theodore, he wanted no ill-feeling to exist, and he regretted that any unpleasantness had occurred, and he did so apart from money; his business in calling on me was to explain a plan to save my losses and make money for me; he was forming a bull ring to elevate oil, and that the combination was already successful, but it was loaded, and must be extended; he had already four parties who were to contribute $16,000 each to artificially elevate oil; he then asked me to place $20,000 in the plan, which would be $2 on 10,000 barrels, and the profits were to be divided pro rata; in consideration of my doing this he would make every effort to retire my contracts; the principal one was with Shock, and as to the one with Bunker he could fix that, as he had saved him from failing; he figured up the sum of $14,000 as the amount by which I could get up my contracts if I gave the $20,000; I said I was going to Cape May with my family, and he said he would come down and see me; I subsequently wrote to him, and he telegraphed me that he was coming to Cape May, and that he had done nothing with the contracts; on the 30th of July, I may state here, I went to Tack's office with Mr. Finney, and he showed us a telegraphic dispatch signed by Bunker, Shippler, Shock, and others, saying that they would go in $16,000 each; after I received the telegraph at Cape May I came to Philadelphia and filed a bill in equity. The witness now answered interrogatories put to him as follows: On one occasion a contract required a cash deposit of $1,000; I sent the $1,000, which was not deposited, and they have it now; I discovered they bought in July 4,200 barrels of oil, instead of selling, as I supposed; I have paid on these contracts made by the Messrs. Tacks $20,613 25 in cash; I would not pay in the bull ring project, as I wanted them to pay me the amount I had already paid; on the 15th of June I paid Whiteman & Anderson on the 1,000 barrel contract $3 000 in cash, and they claim $750 additional; this contract matured July 27th, 1867; I went to the custom house and ascertained the amount of oil shipped.

Objection made as to the amount being stated.

Witness resumed: I had no communication with the Messrs Tack about the Greek house, and I don't wish to have any with them.

Mr. Cassidy—Don't trouble yourself, they are not the kind of men who wish to have any communication with you.

Witness resumed—After the bull-ring oil advanced from 27 to 37 cents a gallon, making an advance of $4 on a barrel from the time of the interview at the Continental, each party was to put up $2 on a barrel in the bull-ring enterprise, and [illegible] was to be purchased at Antwerp, thus elevating the markets there and here; the $2 a barrel was a margin, and if oil went down nothing would be lost but that amount; at Antwerp, after this bull-ring, oil advanced from 43 to 58 francs a barrel; Augustus told me plainly that he was limited to a commission of 1¼ per cent., and had to pay ⅜ of this to a sub-broker or runner, and it was too limited for him, and he made rings to elevate or depress oil, as suited him.

Judge Ludlow. Mr. O'Connor what is your business?

Mr. O'Connor. I was President of the Fourth National Bank of Pittsburgh; but I have retired, thinking I had money enough to live.

Judge Ludlow. You seem to have a knowledge of oil transactions.

Mr. O'Connor. I was special partner in the Keystone Refinery two years ago. I invested $10,000 in it as a special partner, and thus became conversant with the oil trade, and made the acquaintance of the Tacks. I made the contracts merely as speculative contracts.

Cross-examined.—I reside at Pittsburgh, at 299 Penn street; the last business I was in was President of the Fourth National Bank; before that I was a large coal operator, and supplied the St. Louis Gas Works; I was a private banker of the firm of O'Connor & Bro., and before that in the transportation business; I never kept an account with the Manufacturers' and Mechanics' Bank of Pittsburgh; I did with the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank; I had difficulties with the President of that bank, and it would take me too long to tell them.

Mr. Cassiday pressed his questions.

Mr. O'Connor. He proposes to ask me of that which occurred ten years ago.

Judge Ludlow decided the witness could answer as to the difficulties if he could do so at once, but a protracted story was not desirable.

Witness resumed. The bank charged me with conspiring to defraud them out of $180,000, exactly what I charge the Tacks with doing; I did not settle with the bank, they settled with me; I did not pay them any money; I gave securities; the difficulty was adjusted at about $100,000; I did business with the bank, and my account was not settled for a period of three years; the business involved millions of dollars; yes, I say millions, the President was taken sick, and a new President, inimical to me, issued a writ, and my case was heard before a magistrate, and I was discharged; they claimed $315,000, and I proposed to leave it to any three banks to settle and adjust their books, which were in a bad state, and he would not do it, as it was a personal matter with him; the result was I paid $100,000, and everything was adjusted and honorably settled, and a certificate to that effect was signed by the President and directors; I went into the coal business in '34, and this matter occurred in '57; I remained in the coal business up to '64; we have the faculty with us of doing two things at one time, and I had the coal and banking business going on at the same time; in June, '64, I got the Presidency; there was no complaint after I resigned the presidency, and what I say is patent to all Pittsburgh; I was presented with a set of silver and some approbatory resolutions.

Mr. Brewster—So was Nicholas Biddle.

Mr. Cassidy—And Allibone.

Witness resumed—It was not alleged that coupons were taken off of bonds and improperly used; they were taken off when due by order of the Board of Directors; it was a United States Government depository, and its record is the best of any bank in the city to-day. Secretary McCulloch and Mr. Spinner complimented me in the highest terms for my honesty, correctness and good management of the bank while I was its President; I have dealt in oil; that is I purchased an oil well in '66; I did not part with it, but it parted with me by drying up; I am not in the habit of operating in oil; I have purchased oil stocks like other persons who had no better sense the well dried up; I sold to Tack Bro. 2,500 barrels of oil, and when I was going to make something in it they turned the scale; then there is the 16,000 barrels I spoke of; I brought suit against Whiteman and Anderson, and all the parties who held my contracts to obtain an injunction; I believed they were all in a combination, but found out Whiteman and Anderson were innocent and paid them; I swore to the bill in equity, filed in the Court of Common Pleas of this county, and charged a number of jurors with conspiracy to cheat and defraud me; during four months I have done nothing but attempt to bring these men to justice, and get my money back that I have been defrauded out of: I first settled the contract with David Kirk, of the National Refining Company; I was satisfied he was not in the combination against me; I told him I would pay every honest holder of my contracts, my contracts were assigned to Augustus Marino, in trust for me, under the advice of Messrs. Collis, White, Earle and Biddle; I got Mr. Kirk's affidavit I next settled with Whiteman & Anderson, giving $2,000, but they claim $750 more, and Mr. Marino took from them a note for $2,000; I got their affidavit; all the others were paid without notes; the lawyers caused these things to be done, and it was no arrangement of mine to cover up anything; J. C. Kirkpatrick & Co. were paid $4,000 by Mr. Marino, in my presence; no notes were taken from them; they made an affidavit for me that day. Kirkpatrick & Lyons were settled with, and theirs was a special case; I paid them $4,000; I took no affidavit from them; Brener, Beck & Co. were paid $6,000 in full; Whiteman & Anderson's affidavit was signed after Mr. Whiteman had prepared it with great care; he did not sign the affidavit I wanted him to, as he did not know as much as I did, or I wanted him to know; at the time Augustus Tack referred to taking up these contracts; I said if I settled at all it would be in cash; I was in Tack Brothers' office, and we figured up the sum the contract could probably be settled for; he figured at what he thought the settlement could be effected for, and I my views; he asked me how I was going to settle, if the arrangement could be made, and I said in cash; I did not write the terms on which I would settle; I put down the probable amount for which they could be settled; Mr. Finney was partially in the contracts, although they were all issued in my name, for the simple reason that I was better known to the world; nothing was said about my ability to cover my shorts by purchase at Antwerp, except what I have said; nothing was said that I could purchase oil at Antwerp to cover the short contracts; up to the time of filing the bill, and up to August, oil was 27 to 29 cents; in September it was 26 to 37 cents, and I was told to-day that it was worth 24½; at no interview was it pointed out how I could make a profit on my contracts; I sold 2,560 barrels of oil to Tack Brothers, and to cover apprehended loss in that, Augustus Tack advised me to sell sort; I instructed Theodore to sell 10,000 bbls at, I think, 26 cents, deliverable ahead; I stipulated that $10,000 cash should be put up as a margin by me and by the purchaser; he said it was too large a thing for this market, and sent to Mr. Sheppler, of New York, who wanted a cable refusal; he afterwards refused it; we withdrew the proposition, and Theodore said he was glad of it, as it was too large a transaction, and we were all glad it was withdrawn; the Tacks are known as oil brokers and large dealers and speculators; I regarded them as covering three points; their relation to me was that of paid brokers in selling 16,000 barrels of oil, and Theodore was my personal friend; I was to pay them one and a half per cent. on the sales; nearly all the contracts were brought to me, as I had to write my name on them: Barber did not sell for me or submit offers; I talked a great deal with Theodore, and thought him old fogyish in telling me not to sell the 10,000 barrels when I supposed I was to make largely on them.

Colonel Forbes testified that he was a deputy collector under Gen. Cummings; about the 25th of June the oil seized was three barrels of Messrs. Tack; several lots were seized in June, making ninety-three barrels altogether; Messrs. Tack were claimants for but three; in July or August sixty-seven barrels were seized.

Cross examined—I know nothing about outside reports of seizures; I know several oil brokers came to see General Cummings, but I am not aware he contemplated seizures or any great difficulty; I recollect of a communication from Washington after the oil brokers went there; Mr. Tack was one of those who went, I believe; the oil was seized because the entry did not show it was under proper bonds in transportation; we presumed lots of oil coming in would be liable to seizure.

Charles C. Burke testified to his firm selling Messrs. Tack Brothers 1,000 barrels of oil on the 14th of June, 1867, deliverable from the 1st to the 15th of July, at 22 cents; on August 3 they bought 2,000 barrels at 31½ cents, deliverable from October to January; on September 6 we sold them 1,500 barrels at 34 cents, deliverable December, January, and February; we made another sale in October of 1,000 barrels, but I can't tell the date; Mr. Theo. Tack was talking prices of oil up on one occasion, when some one said he had changed; he said it was well enough to be short on oil, but persons should know when to change; I can't say if Mr. Tack sold me any oil during that time.

Cross-examination—My brother attends mostly to Philadelphia business; my impression is the sales were made mostly by wires; I can't say whether the Tack Brothers offered to tell who they were purchasing for, but I declined hearing; my recollection is that a sale was made by us through Logan to the Tack Brothers; it is a common occurrence for persons to change their opinions in oil very speedily, in consequence of the fluctuations in the trade.

Mr. Whiteman testified that he was of the firm of Whiteman & Anderson; on the 15th of June I bought 1,000 barrels of oil from James O'Connor, through R. J. Lynch, and called for the oil about the 12th of July; some time before I bought the oil I had sold 1,000 barrels to Buncker & Brothers; oil declined in price, and I took advantage of it and bought one of the contracts from O'Connor to fill the contract; Buncker called on me for the oil, and I called on O'Connor; I did not get the oil from O'Connor, and had to buy to cover my contract; I passed my note for $2,000, and received $2,000 in money; if my note was returned I would still be out $500; Buncker & Brothers sent me a message through Tack Bros. & Co., so they said, that if I would deposit $3,000 they would relieve me of delivering my contract until August; I sent word to Theodore Tack I would do no such thing, as I had 1,600 barrels of oil bought of O'Connor, which I expected to be delivered on the last day, and if it was not I would buy at any price, to fill the contract. Theodore Tack then told me he held my contract, which had been passed by us to Buncker & Bro.; a paper was handed to me with Tack Bros. & Co.'s name upon it, binding all signers to put up so much money to buy oil; after this oil went up from 25 cents, I think, as high as 36 or 36½ cents in six weeks; I think the Tacks were selling oil in fore part of July, and buying in the latter part; there is a difference of opinion as to whether these contracts were gambling transactions; we were all gamblers to those who consider it in that light; at the time I made my contract I expected to deliver 1,000 barrels of oil to Buncker & Brother; at the time I bought the oil from O'Connor I expected he would deliver it, and I would hand it over to Buncker & Brother; when we did not get it from O'Connor we sent to Peter Wright & Co. to buy 1,000 barrels and deliver it to Buncker & Co., which they telegraphed was done.

Cross-examined.—My note for $2,000 is still out, and I expect to have to take it up myself; an affidavit was handed to me a month before the settlement; I read it over and said I would not swear to it; it was rather stiff; I met Mr. O'Conner frequently about the contracts, and sometimes he presented the affidavits and sometimes he did not; I may have said that I would not sign the affidavit for five times the amount; there were things in it I knew nothing about.

Mr. Finney was recalled, and testified that Mr. O'Conner said he did not want to see a drop of oil, but wanted the differences made up in gilt edged checks; Theodore Tack said he was in the same boat with Mr. O'Connor.

Cross-examined.—At the time Augustus Tack made the proposition to purchase oil he said he was going to do so to make money; don't recollect his saying he was going to do so to cover his short contracts, and Mr. O'Connor had better do the same thing, as they were in the same boat.

Mr. Finney testified to the interview between Mr. O'Connor and Mr. Tack; Augustus told Mr. O'Connor they had a magnificent thing, and if he would go in any trifling losses would be made up; the project was as stated by Mr. O'Connor; the plan proposed was to purchase from 150 to 200,000 barrels of oil in Antwerp, hold it, and having this control, thus stimulate the market artificially, and put up the price of oil there, and thus cause it to go up in this city.

Mr. Follwood, a telegraph operator from Pittsburgh, produced the dispatches left in the office by Messrs Tack Bros.

James Merrinew testified to dispatches left at the office in this city by Messrs. Tack Bros.

On cross-examination these witnesses said that did not receive the messages, but found them on the file in the office. They also said they could not surrender the papers except by the orders of the court.

Judge Ludlow thereupon took charge of the papers.

Mr. Brewster called attention to there being no evidence that the Messrs. Tack Bros. ever sent the despatches to the telegraph offices.

Mr. Campbell testified that he was a book keeper with Mr. Tack Bros. & Co., and he produced a key for deciphering the cypher messages sent.

The evidence was closed with the understanding that some of the messages should be deciphered, and the Custom House certificate of oil shipped be sworn to and admitted.

The argument will probably be taken up on Saturday next. Messrs. White, Collins, and Mann appeared for Mr. O'Connor, and Messrs. James McDonough, Lewis C. Cassidy, and B. Harris Brewster for the Messrs. Tacks.

Philadelphia Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, November 29.—Petroleum excited; crude, 16@16¼; refined in bond, 22@22½c. Flour dull; superfine, $7 50@8.50. Wheat firmer; prime red, $2.25@2,40; white, $2.50@2,80. Corn quiet; mixed Western, $1.34@1,35. Groceries and Provisions nominal.

THE O'CONNOR-TACK CASE.

Hearing Before Judge Ludlow—Full Report of the Testimony, &c.

Below will be found a full report of the testimony in the much talked of O'Connor-Tack case, some brief details of which have already appeared in our columns. The case is one of vast importance to the business community, as showing how agents and paid brokers sometimes act towards their employees and principals, and for this reason the evidence will be read with much interest. Our readers probably understand the manner in which the case came up. The Messrs. Tack had been held to bail for conspiracy to defraud on oath of Mr. O'Connor, and the proceedings in question arose from an application on the part of defendants to be discharged on a writ of *habeas corpus*, &c. Here is a verbatim report of what occurred at the hearing:

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—Hon. James R. Ludlow, Assistant Justice.

THE TACK-O'CONNOR OIL CASE.

Judge Ludlow called the attention of counsel to a letter received from Mr. Cassiday.

District Attorney Mann—We are ready to go on in the Tack case. I find that Mr. Cassiday yesterday tried a case involving twelve barrels of whisky, which the prosecutor in this case would have readily paid for in order to relieve Mr. Cassiday and enable this case to go on. Mr. O'Connor is here at a great expense. He has witnesses from remote parts of the State, and from the number of counsel engaged on the other side, one of them might be here to go on.

Judge Ludlow—How many counsel are engaged?

Mr. Mann—Mr. Cassiday, Mr. Brewster, and Mr. McDonough.

Judge Ludlow—Is any one of the counsel present?

Mr. Mann—Mr. McDonough is here.

Mr. McDonough—I am counsel for the Messrs. Tacks in another and distinct case. (The Equity Case.)

Mr. Mann.—A writ of habeas corpus is issued upon the application of the defendants. It is their writ and it stands between them and an indictment to be sent to the Grand Jury. It is their writ; it is their hearing. Now we are ready, and if they are not ready and do not appear to answer, your Honor can dismiss the writ. We are ready to go on and substantiate the charge made by the Commonwealth. Mr. Cassiday speaks of a week's delay. You are familiar with the circumstances of this case; it was understood that the case was to be disposed of yesterday by a peremptory order. It is their writ, and if they do not wish to have it heard it ought to be dismissed. It is not a case before a court, where injustice might be done by forcing the parties to trial. It is the case of the Commonwealth, and you sitting as a magistrate review the case to ascertain whether there is a *prima facie* case, and it seems to me the greatest injustice to have any further delay. If the defendants wish to ascertain the Commonwealth's case, here is their opportunity.

Judge Ludlow—If I can get counsel in I will do the best I can.

[A messenger was sent to Messrs. Brewster & Cassiday, with the following message:]

"They are pressing for a hearing, and I presume under the arrangement made yesday I will have to go on with it, unless there is some good reason against it."

[Upon the return of the messenger the following occurred:]

Mr. Mann—This is a letter from Mr. Brewster, and I think the case is now in this position: The defendants either desire this writ to be heard, or they do not. If they do not, it ought to be dismissed. If they do desire to hear it, and their counsel is engaged, say until three o'clock, you might hear the case at four o'clock, giving these gentleman an hour for dinner. In an hour we will satisfy your Honor that there is a *prima facie* case to warrant the binding over. I know it submits you to an inconvenience, but at the same time look at the inconvenience to which twenty other gentlemen must be submitted if these delays are pursued. These gentlemen leave their homes in different parts of the State; they are here, some of them over a hundred miles away—

Judge Ludlow—What certainty is there that they will be here at four o'clock?

Mr. Mann—If they desire to be heard they will be here; if they do not desire to be heard they will not be here, and their writ ought to be dismissed. It is not unusual for a writ of *habeas corpus* to be heard at an unusual hour—as late as nine o'clock—where it is a question of personal liberty. In this case it is true that these gentlemen are not in custody; they are going about, and they want your opinion, through the writ, upon the question of the strength of the Commonwealth's case. There will be ample time this afternoon to hear them.

Mr. O'Byrne—I have just come from Mr. Cassiday.

Mr. Mann—Do you know what burned down Vauxhall?

Mr. O'Byrne—I am not burning down Vauxhall.

Mr. Mann—Are you engaged as one of the counsel in this case?

Judge Ludlow—If you are you will have to go on.

Mr. O'Byrne—I am not counsel; don't know the case and don't know the name of the case, I merely desire to say that I saw Mr. Cassiday, and he asked me to say that he has commenced the trial of a long case.

Mr. Mann—That Mr. Ashton reported.

Mr. White—I wish to say a word. We were notified to be here. I set aside all engagements, as I concluded that all the parties were to take notice that the case would be heard on Monday. Mr. Cassiday left the court yesterday to try one case involving twelve barrels of whisky, and, as the District Attorney remarked, Mr. O'Connor would willingly have paid the value in order to have this case heard. Mr. Cassiday now commences another case. Is this not an abuse of the writ? These parties are not deprived of their liberty, and the only object of the court is to give the defendants an opportunity to prepare their case. It is not just to ask us to set aside all business and bring parties from Pittsburgh to be told in effect that it doesn't suit the convenience of the parties to have a hearing. It has already cost Mr. O'Connor more than the whiskey case. There are three counsel in the case and yet we cannot obtain a hearing. In the equity side of the court we were met by the same pleas for delay. The parties come in and say that they are engaged elsewhere; and we find the same here. These delays are equal to imposing a fine of $300 and $400 upon O'Connor every time he comes here to get justice.

Judge Ludlow fixed four o'clock for the hearing, when the following testimony was taken:

James O'Connor, sworn—The complaint I have to make against these men is simply they defrauded me out of $30 000, or approximating to that sum; it occurred in this wise: They were my paid, confidential agents, and I employed them to do certain business, and I charge them with having conspired against me. Tack Bros. stated to me that the market was glutted with oil on the 7th of June, 1867; there were no orders from Europe to where the greater portion of petroleum is shipped, and the market would still further decline; they stated and urged very strongly upon me to make time sales of oil deliverable ahead; I am not an oil broker or an oil dealer: "Short" sales means for oils which persons do not possess: they sell it, calculating that the market will decline before the maturity of the contracts; they agree to sell it deliverable ahead and then they are termed "short" of oil. If the market goes down they make money: that is what is called "short contracts. "Spot" oil is delivered on the spot: it is real oil: Tacks told me they were themselves still going further and larger short in oil and urged me to do so. Mr. Theodore Tack and myself were personal friends and very intimate and at that time he had my entire confidence: he urged me to make the short sales and confirmed what Augustus had told me.

He stated they were short of oil—that their interests were my interests; to rely upon him and he would protect my interests, and I did so. The first sale he made was to a man named Emil Seback, whom he represented to me was perfectly responsible. So exceeding desirous was he to secure this profitable thing for me that he executed the contract for 6,000 barrels to Emil Seback, and signed my name to it. A day or two after these contracts were taken up and I ratified them. This 6,000 barrel contract was executed on the 10th of June. (Contracts produced and handed to the Court.)

The contracts show Emil Seback the buyer, Tack Brothers & Co., the sellers, and on the back of them Tack & Co. assigned the contracts to James O'Conner, he thus becoming the seller. (Other contracts produced, making 16,000 barrels in all;) amongst them are 1,500, Bunker Bros. buyers, O'Connor seller; the prices are as follows—27, 26½; 26, 24¾ and 23.

(Letters of Theo. Tack, July, 3, 1867, to James O'Connor, stating they were short sellers of oil,) that *his* interests were *my* interests; that the corner was "busted" and the market would not go up for delivery, that the statements that Tack and Bunker had cornered the market were not true.

The market, however, still kept going up. I had an interview with Frank Tack, at Pittsburgh, to know the reason of it. He showed me a letter of Tack Bros., and I read it, confirming it, and I rested contentedly after reading it.

Theodore arrived at Pittsburgh about the 9th of July, sent me word he was very much fatigued and if convenient preferred seeing me the following day; saw him the next day and he told me all that I had understood from the letter; told me they were still short on oil; that this was a mere temporary advance; that the amount of oil I had to deliver in July was 750 barrels, which would be a mere trifling matter; that my contracts would prove profitable to me, and that the market would go down; this he told me on July 9th, in Pittsburgh; he stated a "combination" had been formed to "cone" the market, so that sellers would not have the oil to deliver; that a man named Wm. P. Logan was interested in it, and that some 70,000 barrels had been called simultaneously; that a considerable number of vessels were loading for Europe and required a large amount of oil; he produced a circular from Miles, Crucy & Co., making their statements (circular handed to court) and said they were a great house; the following day he telegraphed them and showed me their answer, stating the number of vessels loading and the amount of oil to be correct as stated in their circular, and assured me I could rely on it; the price of oil from that time to the middle of July was about 30 or 31 or 32 cents a gallon; about the middle of July I was shown advices from the Tacks that General Cummings, the Collector of Internal Revenue at Philadelphia, had seized nearly all the oil; the information the Tacks gave me was this, that the market in Philadelphia was very much excited, the trade in a ferment on the subject, for General Cummings had caused nearly all the refined petroleum to be seized, that he had ordered the cars to be switched off at West Philadelphia for an infraction of the Revenue Laws, and Augustus Park would go to Washington and have the matter straightened up, and I was subsequently shown a dispatch from Augustus H. Tack, Willard's Hotel, Washington, to the effect that he had seen Commissioner Rollins, and had the oil released; notwithstanding all that I found oil did not go down in value; the next thing was, I was determined to find the real cause of oil so suddenly advancing, and how much truth there was in these statements, and whether there was a ring or combination. I sent for Thomas Tack to my house, for there was a call made on me for one of my contracts for 71,000 barrels of oil, deliverable July 27th. I told Tack I was going to Philadelphia to investigate the truth: First as regarded the seizure of oil; second, what put the price of oil up, and third whether these vessels were loading for Europe, and what was the cause of this advance by which I was going to lose so much money. I told him I was advised and believed he was at the bottom of it; that his firm was the main spring of this combination as against myself, and that if he was guilty I would spend twice the amount of money in punishing him; if not, I would be glad of it for his own sake, as I had always esteemed him very highly up to that time; that is what I told him. On July 27th I left for Philadelphia; the 28th was Sunday. On July 29th I called on Augustus Tack at Philadelphia. He told me that any allegations made against them was not true. I told him I would investigate the matter fully and see about it. I then went to General Cummings' office. When I left Tack's office on the morning of the 29th of July, we were not friendly, and I anticipated that that would be the last time I would talk with him on that or any other subject. On the evening of July 29th he came to the Continental Hotel unsolicited, and very much to my astonishment, and not finding me in, he learned from parties where I was. He found me on Walnut street, walking with my wife. He walked with us, and so anxious was he on the subject of the oil question that he talked with me about it before my wife. We returned to the hotel. Mr. Finney, Mr. Tack and myself went together into a room in the Continental hotel. Augustus Tack then said that in consequence of the great intimacy between myself and his brother Theodore that on no account did he want any difficulty between themselves and myself about this very matter. He regretted it very much, apart from the money altogether. He told me his special business there was to see me and discuss the matter fully, and lay before me a plan by which I could save myself from loss and make money besides. The plan was this:

He said they were forming a "bull" ring—that is to elevate oil. They were forming a ring to bull and elevate oil in price—that the combination had already been made and so far worked successfully enough; that they were loaded with oil, and had large contracts and the combination must be carried out. He stated to me that Tack Bros. would go in 8,000 barrels—on a margin of $2 per barrel, viz: $16,000—Emil Schalk 8,000, $16,000; Bunker Bros. & Co., 8,000 barrels $16,000; Shepler, of New York, 8,000 barrels $16,000; and other parties would join and thus artificially elevate the price of oil and keep it up. He said "desperate cases needed desperate remedies," and this combination must be carried through, and he then and there asked me to give his firm $20,000 cash to go in 10,000 barrels at $2 per barrel, stating that whatever money was made would be provided pro rata among us, according to the money we had in; in consideration of my doing so he would make every effort to retire my short contracts which I had issued through and to them, Tack Bros. He stated the principal portion of my short contracts, to wit: 6,000 barrels are held by Emil Schalk, with whom he was intimate, and who would do what he wished him to do, and who would give up the contracts he held for a specific sum. He stated that Bunker Brothers & Everson, who held 1,500 barrels, would do what he wished, as they were in such a condition; that he had saved them a short time previous from bankruptcy; that he had gone on the street and reported that Bunker Brothers were about to fail, thus depressing the price of oil; then got their contracts up and saved them. He stated that this statement regarding Bunker Bros. failing was false, but it was necessary to do as he had done; he asked me how this thing would do; if I would consent to it in my case. He took a piece of paper and pencil and figured up the contracts I had out; the parties to whom made. The approximate amount he arrived at was $14,000, and if I did what he wanted, he thought for this amount he could get up all my contracts if I went into the combination; next day he showed me a telegram from New York saying, "Shefler goes in $16,000—Shefler $16,000—we draw upon you for $16,000—confirm"—signed Bunker Bros & Co. I left for Cape May the following day, Tack promising to come to Cape May to get my answer as to whether or not I would join the combination and give him $20,000, and to advise me if he could get in all my contracts for $14,000; he did not come to Cape May, where I stayed two weeks; he telegraphed me he was not going, and had not taken up my contracts; I came up to Philadelphia and commenced this law suit; prior to this, on the 30th July, in reading over a press copy of a letter in Tacks' office, in presence of Augustus Tack, with reference to a dispute about a deposit of $1,000, the said $1,000 having been sent by me to Tacks to deposit as a margin, which they kept and still retain; I inadvertantly read aloud a part of the letter beyond the portion alluding to the $1,000, when Augustus Tack said, "Stop, that is all about that;" I said, "If you don't wish me to see it that's all right, but if you want to act honestly you had better let me see the whole of it;" this letter was dated early in July, 1867; I then read it, and that letter showed that, on that day, they purchased some 4,500 barrels of oil, and that he was buying oil on the date that he assured me he was selling; I then said he was swindling me, and I say so now—some of my contracts, those held by Tack Bros., Emil Schalk and Bunker Bros., of course I did not pay; the other contracts issued to those parties who knew nothing of this transaction, I paid—I paid the sum of $29 618 25 in cash—I want the Tacks to pay this back to me; I went to the Custom House to ascertain in regard to the vessels and the alleged shipments of oil to Europe, and obtained from the United States Custom House an official statement of all the vessels cleared and all the oil shipped in the month of July, 1867; Mr. Finney, of Pittsburgh, was present, and heard all the facts in reference to the combination and ring; the market on the 29th of July was about 27c per gallon, and was artificially forced up by the combination to 37c, making an advance of $4 per barrel; Augustus Tack told me the brokerage commission business was of too limited a character for him, that out of 1¼ per cent. commission they had to pay ⅜ per cent. to sub-broker or runner. He stated that their firm made a business of making rings for the purpose of elevating and depressing the price of oil as might suit their interests; that was Tack's exact language.

In answer to the Court—These contracts were merely speculative contracts; no oil was to be delivered or received; differences were to be paid in cash. The commissions I was to pay Tacks as my paid brokers and confidential agents on these contracts was about the sum of three thousand dollars.

District Attorney Mann asked the following question: What effect did the formation of that "ring" have upon the market?

Mr. Cassiday (counsel for Tacks) stated: We have nothing to do with that. If there was a conspiracy here it was formed long before this "ring," and we are not responsible for results that may have flowed from this cause.

Mr. Mann said: There are two conspiracies which will be charged in this bill of indictment—first, the original company to get O'Connor in and "pluck" him, and then having a "ring" to "pluck" him a second time.

The Court remarked: To "pluck" him the other way—first one way and then the other.

Mr. Mann said: Yes, sir. They said it was to affect the market, and they formed this "ring" with the full knowledge that he had contracts out to be affected by it.

Cross-examined by Lewis C. Cassiday, Esq.

Q—Where do you reside?

A—299 Penn street, Pittsburgh.

Q—Your last business was what?

A—I was President of the Fourth National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Q—Before that?

A—I was a large coal operator. I supplied the St. Louis Gas Light Company with coal.

Q—What were you doing before that?

A—Private Banker, the firm of O'Connor Bro. & Co; before that I was in a Transportation Company.

Q—Did you keep an account with the Manufacturers and Mechanics Bank.

A—What has that to do with the case?

(Question allowed and answered.)

A—No sir, I did with the Merchants and Manufacturers Bank.

Q—Were you ever charged with embezzling its funds.

A—No sir.

Q—Did you not have a difficulty with its President and Directors?

A—Did I have what?

District Attorney Mann said that had nothing to do with the case.

Q—Was there not a charge made against you in connection with that Bank.

A—They charged me with a conspiracy, and it is a long story, but if you wish to hear it I will get at the bottom of it. The President of the bank was my father-in-law, and this matter occurred ten years ago; I did a large amount of business for the bank, and held confidential relations to him; my account with the bank had not been settled for a long period, probably some three years, and involved some millions of dollars, nine-tenths of which were for the bank; the President was taken ill suddenly, and a new President was put in, inimical to me, and he issued the writ for conspiracy against me; they claimed $315,000; I proposed to leave it to any three banks or bankers, to take the accounts and books; I proposed this and it was not consented to; the books were all "jumbled up" and my account had not been settled for so great a length of time. Eventually the account was satisfactorily adjusted, and the bank was paid over $100,000; the bank was paid every dollar due to her; when all was adjusted and paid the bank gave me a certificate of the fact.

Q—Did you have charge of the book?

A—No sir.

Q—What was the next business?

A—I was in the business at the time; I remained a long time in it; it was ten years ago; I was in the coal business.

Q—Suppose you tell me when you went into the coal business?

A—In 1851; this matter occurred in 1857, and I remained in it till 1865.

Q—Then you went into the refining business?

A—No sir.

Q—What then?

A—We have the faculty out there of combining two businesses at one time; I had the refining business going on at the time I was President of the Fourth National Bank of Pittsburgh; I became a special partner of the "Keystone" Oil Refinery during my presidency of the Bank.

Q—You resigned the Presidency?

A—I did.

Q—Was there any complaint after you left?

A—None at all. What is said about the Bank is "patent" to all Pittsburgh; I resigned against the earnest protest of the Directors, and was presented with a set of silver on leaving.

Mr. B—. Brewster, counsel for the Tacks, said so was Mr. Biddle.

Q—I ask you on your oath if, after you had resigned and had received the plate and resolutions, there was not discovered matters derogatory to your honesty?

A—No sir. Not a single penny.

Q—Were there any complaints about the bonds having coupons taken off and sold under your administration as President?

A—No sir.

Q—Never was alleged?

A—By whom?

Q—By anybody.

A—The thing is absurd.

Q—You say it was not so?

A—I say none were taken off without the orders of the Directors.

Q—Was your bank a depository of the United States funds?

A—Yes, and its record is the best of any in the Department at Washington, I am proud to say. The Hon. Secretary of the Treasury complimented me in the highest terms for the manner in which the bank had been conducted, and the Hon. F. E. Spinner, Treasurer of the United States, did the same for the honest and able management of the bank acting as United States Depository, and selling United States bonds for the Government.

Q—Were you ever connected with any oil well?

A—I was.

Q—When did you go into that?

A—I purchased an oil well in November, 1865.

Q—When did you part with it?

A—I have not parted with it; it parted with me, for it's "dried up."

Q—When did you say you went into the special partnership in the "Keystone?"

A—It was during my Presidency of the Fourth National Bank; in the summer or close on the fall of 1866.

Q—Were you in the habit of operating in oil about Pittsburgh?

A—No sir.

Q—Oil operations of any kind?

A—In the first place I had purchased oil stocks, and like others who had no better sense lost money by that. The next thing was, I bought an oil well and it dried up, and the next thing I did was to sell Tack Bros. 2,505 barrels of oil. My partner in the sale was Mr. Robert Finney, of Pittsburgh, and about the time I thought we were going to make money, Tacks got me into the 16,000 barrel sale, and turned it the wrong way.

Q—I want to know if you had any other transactions.

A—No sir.

Q—Any other speculative contracts other than these?

A—No sir.

The balance of Mr. Cassiday's examination of James O'Connor referred to the amount of money he (O'Connor) had really paid to holders of his contracts, and it was proven to be $20,618 25.

Mr. O'Connor stated he had been some four months bringing the Tack's to justice, and had expended a large amount for necessary expenses in so doing. Mr. O'Connor stated he would make Tacks pay to him the money he had been defrauded of, and had filed an equity suit for that purpose.

Mr. Mann asked on *re examination*:

Q—Have you a certificate from Custom House, showing real number of vessels and real number of barrels of oil shipped from port of Philadelphia in July, 1867

A—I have. (Certificate produced.)

W. W. Forbes sworn—Am a deputy United States collector. The lot of oil so seized that Mr. O'Connor came to see me about was three barrels claimed by Tack Bros., 28 barrels claimed by Holebrook; 27 barrels claimed by others; and a few barrels no claimants; the total amount foots up 93 barrels.

Q—Do you know of any seizures by Gen. Cummings (whose Deputy you are) other than these, or of any seizures of very large quantities sufficient to produce a panic in the market.

A—I know of none; this occurred about the 26th of June and J. H. Tack knew all about the matter, as he came to the office.

After discussion between counsel and cross-examinations of Mr. Forbes, which elicited nothing,

Robert Finney was sworn—Mr. Finney's testimony was merely corroborative of Mr. O'Connor's.

Wm. Wightman, sworn—Mr. Wightman proved the purchase by his firm of 1,000 barrel contract, James O'Connor seller; that Wightman & Anderson sold 1,000 barrels to Buncker, Bro. & Co., deliverable at same time; when contract matured Tack Bros. owned Wightman & Anderson's contract, and Wightman & Anderson paid the money to Tack Bros. for loss on it; Wightman & Anderson, when they got the money from O'Connor, $2,750 that they paid Tack Bros., will be merely reimbursed.

Telegraph Co. Superintendents, Captain Fullwood, Mr. Smith, Mr. Merrihew, &c., delivered to the Court dispatches—namely; Cypher Telegrams, in packages, of Tack Bros., and the Court took charge of them.

The Cypher Key, in possession of Tack Bros.' Clerk, was produced, and, by consent, the Hon. District Attorney is to have the Cypher Telegrams translated to be used on the trial.

C. C. Burke, sworn—Deposed Brewer, Burke & Co. *sold*, on 14th June, 1867, 1,000 barrels of oil to Tack Bros. at 22 cents per gallon, deliverable in July, 1867—(contract produced);—deposed about 8th or 9th July, 1867, had a conversation with Theodore Tack at Pittsburgh; Tack was talking oil up; he was asked if he had not very suddenly changed his views; Tack replied, "It was all very well to be 'short' on oil, but one should know when to take the other tack; Tack Bros. bought from Brewer, Burke & Co. the additional amounts of 2,000, 1,500 and 1,000 barrels, and gave dates of purchase.

District Attorney Mann then stated to the Court that though many other witnesses were present, he would not call them, and made severe comments on the case, showing the gross fraud and conspiracy that had so clearly been proven.

The Court set Monday, December 24, 1867, for argument of counsel.

Court adjourned.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, November 29.—Cotton dull and fully ½c lower; sales 1900 bales at 16c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts of 27,689 bbls; irregular and unsettled; Extra State scarce and steady; other kinds dull and declining; sales of 8,400 bbls at 7,75@8,60 for superfine State and western; $9,40@10,00 for Extra State; $8 50@11 65 for Extra Western; $9 20@12 50 for Round Hoop Ohio; $9,50@10,00 for common St. Louis; $10,00@10,50 for good do; $11,50@15,00 for good to choice do, closing quiet; California quiet; sales of 150 sacks at $11,00@13,25; sales of 220 sacks, Rye Flour, $7,00@9,00. Whiskey unchanged. Receipts of Wheat 30,286 bush. Wheat 1 to 2 cents better; sales of 25,000 bush at $2,22@2 23 for No 2 Spring; $2,25@2.30 for No 1 do; $2,25@2,35 for No. 1 and 2 Spring; Mixed, $2,32; Amber Green Bay, $2,63@2,66; Amber State, $2,95@3,00; White California, $2,70. Rye quiet; sales of 2,500 bush Western, at $1,68@1,69. Barley quiet and firm; sales of 16,500 bush at $1,62 for Western, and $1,66 for Canada West. Malt dull; sales of 2,500 bush at $1.60. Receipts of Corn, 14,540 bush; favors buyers, without decided change; 48,000 bush at $1.33@1,35 for Mixed Western in store and afloat; $1,25@1.35 new do; $1,20 for new Yellow Jersey. Receipts Oats 31,000 bush. Oats dull and heavy; sales 22,000 bus. at 78@80c for western in store and afloat. Rice quiet and firm at 8½@9¾c for Carolina. Coffee quiet and firm. Sugar moderately active; sales 250 bbls of Cuba at 11¾@12¼c. Molasses dull. Petroleum quiet, at 11½c for crude, and 26c for refined in bond. Hogs unchanged. Mess Pork dull; sales of 2,050 bbls at $20 75@20,95, closing at $20,80, regular, and $18,25@19,00 for prime; also 1000 bbls mess, sellers', for January, at $21 Beef dull; sales 170 bbls at previous prices. Beef Hams dull; sales 140 bbls at $36@39 Cut Meats quiet and heavy; sales 150 packages at 8½@10c for shoulders, and 12½@14c for hams. Bacon quiet; sales 50 boxes Cumberland cut at 11c. Dressed Hogs in moderate demand, at 8¼c for western. Lard dull and heavy; sales 400 bbls at 12¾@13¼c—latter an extreme. Butter quiet and steady at 29@45c for State. Cheese dull and steady at 11@15c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and steady; 16,000 bush corn at 10d per steam.

LATEST.—Flour market closed dull, at $10 @10,50, but lower for medium and common grades, with shippers holding back for still lower prices. Wheat quiet and steady for spring, and heavy for winter. Rye quiet, at $1,68@1,70 for western. Oats dull, at 78c in store, and 79½@80c afloat for western. Corn dull, at $1,34@1.35 for good to prime mixed western. Pork dull and heavy, at $20,75@20,80 cash and regular for mess. Beef quiet and steady. Cut meats nominal. Bacon dull and unchanged. Lard heavy, at 12½@13¼ for fair to prime steam and kettle rendered.

Cincinnati Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, November 29.—Flour dull and prices nominal. Wheat is dull and nominally unchanged. Corn is in good demand for new; ear at 75c; nothing done in old; No 1 shelled is held at 90@92c. Oats has declined to 63@64c. Barley is in good demand at $1,60 @1,65 for fall. Cotton dull at 14@14½c for middling. Tobacco is unchanged and firm; sales of 80 hhds. Mess pork firmer and in good demand at $20 for old; $21 for new; but holders generally ask higher prices; there were sales of 900 bbls at quotations. Green meat held higher; shoulders, 7½c; sides, 9¼c, and hams 11½@12c. Lard held at 12@12½c, for old and new. Bacon is unchanged but firmer; fresh in small packages sells at 9¼@10c; and prime at 30@31c. Eggs are scarce and advanced to 29c. Clover seed, $11½@12. Linseed oil, $1@1.02. Petroleum unchanged; refined, 46@48c. Groceries are unchanged and dull. Hogs are inactive at $6,50@7, gross; and $8,50@9, net; receipts—4 600 head. Beef cattle firmer with a good demand: $3@5,50, gross, for common to prime; and 6@6,50 for extra shipping. Sheep and lambs are plenty and dull at 2@3 per cent., gross. Gold, 138¾ buying.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, November 29—Flour dull and nominally unchanged. Wheat quiet; No. 2 ½c lower, at $1,81@1,83 for No. 1 and $1,73@1,75½ for No. 2, closing dull at $1.73 for No. 2. Corn quiet; old 2½c lower; new 3¼@4c lower, at 90@93½c for No. 2, and 75¼@78c for new, closing dull at 90c for No. 2 and 75¼@76c for new. Oats quiet and 1¼@2c lower, closing 54½@55c. Rye more active and 2@3c lower, closing at $1.33 for No. 1 and $1.31 for No. 2. Barley closed steady at $1.45 for No. 2. Provisions more active and firmer. Mess Pork: $20@20.50 for new and $18,75@19.00 for old. Lard active and steady at 12c. Sweet Pickled Hams 11@11½c; short ribs for December and January delivery 10¼c; green hams firm and ¼@½c higher, at 10@10¼c; bulk shoulders 7½c on the spot, at 7½@7¾c for January delivery. Dressed Hogs active at $6,75@6,77. Receipts—60,000 bbls flour; 37,400 bush wheat; 45,000 bush corn; 43,000 bush oats. Shipments—6,000 bbls flour; 16,000 bush wheat; 75,000 bush corn. Freights, 10c on corn to Buffalo.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, Nov. 29—Flour quiet and steady, but the demand light; held at $9 75 @10,50 for double extra spring; $10,50@12 00 for double extra red winter; $12,50@14,00 for double and treble extra white. Rye flour quiet and steady, with a moderate demand; sales at $8@8.50. Wheat dull and nominal; No. 1 red winter held at $2,45@2,46; No. 2 do $2,30@2,33; No. 2 Milwaukee spring $2,03@2,05. Corn steady and unchanged at $1,02 for old No. 1 shelled and 93@90c for new shelled. Oats dull, closing lower; No. 1 held at 64@65. Rye nominally unchanged and the market quiet at $1.35@1,40 for State and western. Barley quiet and firm, held at $1,50@1,55 for No. 1 and $1.35@1,40 for No. 2 State and Canada. Petroleum quiet and unchanged; free 43@44c; in bond 23@24.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 29—Tobacco nominally unchanged. Cotton—buyers are offering but 12½c. Hemp dull and no sales. Flour—only a retail business doing and the prices unsettled; superfine $6@6.75; extra do. and double extra do. $8,50@10,50; treble to fancy $10,75@14. Wheat dull and heavy, at $2,40@2.60 for prime to fancy; $1,75@1.85 for spring. Corn heavy and lower, at 94@98c. Oats firm, at 67@70c. Rye and barley unchanged. Provisions quiet. Mess pork held at $20.50. Bacon—shoulders 11c; clear rib 14¼c; clear sides 15c; sugar cured hams 21c; green hams 11¼c. Lard quiet, at 13¼@13½c for choice kegs. Hogs active, at $6@6,85. Receipts—2,500 bbls flour, 9,000 bu wheat; 70,000 sacks of corn, 4,500 bu oats, 2,800 bu barley, 500 bu rye, 7,000 hogs. Weather clear, cold and freezing.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, November 29—Flour is dull and depressed but no quotable change. Wheat dull and declining; Southern, $2.50 @2,63 for fair to good. Corn active and declined 5@10c; western mixed, $1.16. Oats, dull at 63@72c. Provisions nominal.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R.R., November 29—100 bbls flour; 1 bbl, 11 kgs butter, Keil & Ritchart; 100 bbls flour, Kirkpatrick, Herron & Co; 31 tcs grease, 100 tcs hams, Holden & Lillian; 100 bbls flour, Jas Gardiner & Co; 173 sks millfeed, H Conrad; 200 bbls flour, 6 kgs lard, 7 bbls poultry, F C Jenkins; 200 do flour, Shomaker & Lang; 100 do do, J McDevitt; 5 do crackers, J A Renshaw; 20 bbls spirits, Shipton & Wallace; 15 corn shellers; W R Peters; 5 do do, Stewart & Langenheim; 156 bbls apples, 5 kgs apple butter, 1 bbl eggs, 6 do cider, Voigt & Co; 355 sks barley, Pier & Dannals; 5 cases shoes, W Pickersgill & Co; 9 boxes glassware, Cunningham & Ihmsen; 200 pcs drain tile, Beckham & Long; 55 sks rags, Markle, Dickson & Co; 5 do do, Godfrey & Clark; 10 doz brooms, S P Shriver & Co; 52 sks oats, 82 do rye, 200 do barley, 1 box turkeys, W J Meek; 60 bbls flour, J Shepard; 67 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 1 car fire clay, J Wood, Son & Co; 5 bxs tobacco, A Schaub; 200 tcs lard, F Sellers & Co; 1 car corn, W W Anderson; 7 bbls glue, 2 casks do, 2 sks hair, 31 do tanners scraps, F W C Field; 45 sks malt, W Pollock; 30 bbls vinegar, Wm Hasinger; 129 dressed hogs, P Hanna & Co; 195 sacks barley, J Gangwich; 6 grindstones, Jones & Nimick; 11 bbls potash, L Hobbs; 123 sks rye, 75 do corn, 206 do barley, A Wood; 2 cars staves, M P Adams & Co; 197 oil bbls, Lockhart & Frew; 6 sks corn, 15 do rye, Mellerry & Hood; 1 car hay, J Zeigler; 195 sks barley, 41 do rye, Spencer & McKay; 17 bbls pearls, Brice, Walker & Co; 400 sacks barley, Carson, Darlington & Co; 7 bxs cheese, A J Kerr; 40 dressed hogs, E H Myers & Co; 160 sks rye, Culp & Shepard; 100 bbls flour, J Hopkins; 25 do do, S S Marvin.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R., November 29—9 bbls dry apples, Pettit & Newlin; 70 sks rye, W Johnston & Co; 12 bbls apples, W C Kent & Co; 12 bxs glassware, Fahnestock, Albree & Co; 70 sks barley, F Schleiss; 2 doz brooms, J Bonner; 4 sacks corn, 6 do rye, Mellerry & Hood; 11 beef hides, 8 bdls sheep pelts, 1 bdl calf hides, 1 keg tallow, Wm Flaccus & Son; 1 car hay, Beckham & Long; 6 bbls dry peaches, 100 bbls flour T C Jenkins; 6 sks cloverseed, M W Rankin; 53 sks rye, Geo Lang & Co; 1 car staves, Anderson & Hastings; 90 bbls oil, Westley Wilson; 1 car lumber, J D O'Dell; 2 bxs books, Davis, Clark & Co; 25 bxs soap, 100 do candles, F Sellers & Co; 10 boxes candles, Carter, McGrew & Co; 15 do do, R Robinson & Co; 25 bxs candles, Haworth, McDonald & Co; 10 do do, Gay & Welsh; 15 do do, E B Thomas; 19 do do, Rutledge, Perry & Co; 9 bxs medicine, G A Kelly; 25 bxs candles, J S Dilworth & Co; 25 do do, J D Bravo; 2 cars staves, J O'Callahan; 1 car corn, Campbell & Brown; 1 do do, E W Tabor; 10 cases tobacco, A Shaub; 4 bbls whisky, A Gleckner; 2 bbls lard oil, Graff Bennett & Co; 1 do do, Lewis, Oliver & Phillips; 3 bales cotton, Eagle Cotton Mills; 8 kgs tobacco, R A Lindsey; 25 bxs candles, S & Shriver & Co; 10 do do, R & A Carson; 5 do do, Shultz & Danner; 1 bbl lard oil, Moorhead & Co; 1 do do, J Wood & Co; 8 hhd tobacco, 1 bx samples, J Murphy; 11 bbls crude clay, Fahnestock, Fortune & Co; 10 bbls linseed oil, B L Fahnestock & Co; 16 do crude clay, Cunningham & Ihmsen; 11 do do, Milling, Eastep & Co; 1 car staves, J Wancerlish; 2 hhds tobacco, W & D Rinehart.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R., November 29—1 car fire brick, Dilworth, Porter & Co; 1 car pig iron, J Moorhead; 1 do do, Everson, Preston & Co; 2 cars stone, Garrison & Bro; 23 pcs gas pipe, Brewer, Burke & Co; 31 pkgs mdse, W Wilkins; 63 sks oats, 22 do rye, 3 do seed, W Bingham; 3 dressed hogs, J P Hanna; 1 car hay J & W Fairley; 1 car pig iron, H Woodsides; 23 sks corn, 45 do oats, Scott & Gisal; 23 sks flour S B McNeal; 4 bbls 1 kg eggs, 6 bxs butter, A Gallagher; 14 pkgs marketing, Monongahela House; 25 sks corn, J Jenkins.

ALLEGHENY STATION, November 29—44 bbls apples J Swan; 1 do wine, G Faas; 20 bxs glassware, J Craig; 268 sks oats, 1 car hay, Stewart & Langenheim; 115 sks oats, 72 sacks wheat, W McKee & Co; 100 bbls flour, Owens & Kennedy; 1 car corn, R Knox & Son; 3 cars wheat, W McKee; 42 bbls flour, 1 car hay, S C McMasters; 1 car barley, M Heckelman; 1 car flaxseed, M B Suydam; 68 bdls paper, Pitts Paper Co; 14 sks rye, 4 do oats, Kennedy & Lothrop; 1 car shingles, J McBriar; 800 hides, A & J Groetzinger; 45 bbls cider, J Perry.

PH. R. MERTZ,
BANKER AND BROKER,
118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.
Government Securities,
Gold, Silver,
And Coupons,
Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.
We are now prepared to convert the
SECOND AND THIRD SERIES 7-30's
INTO THE
New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
Dealers in Government Securities,
Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Bankers,
AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.
We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SEVEN-THIRTIES the interest at 7 3-10 per cent. to January 1st, and give them in exchange
5-20 BONDS OF 1867,
interest IN GOLD at 6 per cent. from that date.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
FRIDAY, November 29, 1867.

The gold market is steady and firm at 139⅝, with scarcely anything doing. Speculators keep aloof all this week to see what next Monday is going to develop. Opinions as to the future course of gold are about nearly divided. The condition of the Treasury and the disposition of European capitalists to take additional quantities of our bonds, is likely to exercise a further depressing influence on the gold premium, during the next ninety days. The scarcity of money and the large disbursements for interest to be made on January 1st, will increase the supply of gold on the market, that it will be impossible for speculators to carry gold, and banks that would find good use for it at a future period are pressed too hard by their customers for discounts to allow their capital to lay idle for a moment.

Bonds are firmer to-day, but not active; 5-20s of 1862 are becoming weaker every day, since foreign bond holders begin to see that they are equally as good an investment in the 5-20s of 1867 or the consols, and are more sure of getting them paid in gold. In the bond market another new feature presents itself in the Pacific Railroad bonds, which are likely to be par before long, bear as much interest as Government bonds, and are selling from 5 to 10 per cent. below par; however, if Government bonds would go lower they would decline in greater proportion, so long as the country through which these roads run is not more thickly settled, and fuel and material has to be transported for so great a distance in a barren plain.

Closing New York quotations, received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 139⅝; 1881's, 113¾; 5-20s, 1862, 108; 1864, 105⅝; 1865, 106; Consols, 108; 10-40s, 102½; 7-30s, 105⅜.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.	83¾
Merchants Union Express	40
Western Union Telegraph	33⅜
Erie R. R.	71½
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.	97¼
Northwestern Railroad—common	[illegible]
Northwestern—preferred	67⅝
New York Central	113⅜
Ohio and Mississippi Certificates	29½
Michigan Southern	80½
Corydon	40
Quartz	1 10
Quicksilver	14½

—We clip the following from the New York *Tribune*, of Wednesday:

The idea that Congress will suspend contraction prevails among borrowers, but it is not easy to discover the foundation for this hope. If the Government was a borrower, recourse might be had to the policy of Mr. McCulloch's predecessors, who manufactured currency instead of "buying money," when in need. As the Treasury, during the current year, has counted its surplus revenue by millions, is steadily paying off the short debts, and has every reason to feel assured that July, 1868, will see all the 7-30s and other short debt funded that cannot be paid, the reasons for more currency, or for suspension of contraction on its part, are not apparent. The statement that more currency is wanted for the ordinary commerce of the country is not justified by comparing the prices of commodities in November, 1865, and the currency then in use, with prices and currency now. This comparison shows that the reduction in prices makes the existing supply of currency fully equal to all the wants of solvent people. The demand for more currency, or a suspension of contraction, comes from two sources. First, from traders on borrowed money, largely in debt for goods bought at higher rates, which must be sold at a loss, to the damage of paper fortunes made when goods rose through the increase of the volume of currency. Present losses through a shrinking currency are as natural as the advance was, but the operation is not so pleasant. As all relief produced by an increase in currency, or by suspending contraction, would be exhausted in a sudden rise in market values, traders and speculators would soon be brought to ask further issues of money. Relief cannot come by this method, and can only be had by contraction, and liquidation on the part of insolvents. The use of irredeemable paper money has for years caused a financial fever from which all business is suffering. What the country wants now is not four millions per month of contraction at Mr. McCulloch's discretion, but a law providing that some absolute amount of legal tenders shall be destroyed monthly. The debt is now funded to a degree which makes such a law practicable. Another class of persons desiring more currency and less contraction are the politicians, who declare that "the party" will be beaten at the polls unless monetary affairs are made to look pleasant until after the Presidential canvass. Whether this last argument will prevail in Congress time will show. If the party can only succeed by making monetary affairs look pleasant by another era of expansion it requires little foresight to predict the result of the Presidential campaign. The arguments for more currency will be looked for with much interest as the session advances and the various shemes are debated as they must be.

CENTRAL LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
FRIDAY, November 29, 1867.

CATTLE.

The market has been exceedingly dull during the past week, and as will be seen by reference to the report of sales, the transactions, in the aggregate, were unusually light, and notwithstanding the supply was light, there were but few buyers in attendance, and, as a consequence, a limited demand. The offerings were mostly of an inferior character, consisting mainly of thin cows and heifers and rough bony steers and stags, and for this class of stock, there was but little inquiry, and, as a consequence, prices were weak and barely maintained. Prime fat cattle, if there had been such to be had, would doubtless have brought 7@ to 7½, and possibly, 7¾, but there were no sales above 6¾, for the simple reason, that there were no really good cattle on sale. Upon the whole, however, the market was a very dull and unsatisfactory one, and the transactions are meagre and unimportant Good feeding Cattle are in fair demand at 5 to 5¼, while fairish butchers cattle sold at 6 to 6½.

Smith & Talmage for Ward to C. Marshall 18 head fair butchers cattle at 6; 20 for H. A. Merrick to Elmer, good stockers, at 5¼; 19 for Arner to Berry, stockers, at 4.70.

Hedges & Taylor sold 17 head for Stafford to Moses, stockers, at 4½, and 1 bull at 2¾; 19 for Crompton, to Rice, at 5¼, and 3 at 5¼; 19 for Done, to Myers, at 5.

Glass, Lafferty & Co. sold 14 head for Metz to Elmer at 5¼; 34 head for Hull to Elmer at 5¾; 24 head for Holmes & Pfieffer to Shrimp at 4.65; 22 for Holmes & Pfieffer to Reed at 4; 19 for same to Aull at 5; 16 for Irwin to McAllister at 5, and 20 to Hines at 4.

Myers & Needy sold C. Marshall 40 head good stock cattle at 5. Peter Klemen sold 44 head fairish butchers cattle to Rothchilds at 5¾. Myers sold Roher 17 head same grade cattle at 6.

Ward & McDonald to C. Marshall 18 head fairish butchers cattle at 6. Markle to Hostetter 17 head at 5¾; McArdle to D. Myers 4 head at 4; Duffy to Shamberg 6 steers at 6, and 1 cow at 5½.

Dickinson to Mewes 7 head at 4½; Deetz to French 20 head at 4.50; Dunlap to Klemen 15 head—price not given. Dickenson to Case 14 head at 4. Klemen to Stokes 6 head at 4.75. same to Moses 3 at 5¾. French to Patterson 4 at 4½; same to Coleman 7 at 5.

Nerton to Dehart 17 head pretty good cattle at 6¼. McGruder to Coleman 15 at 5.40. French to Moses 8 at 5.45. Aull to McGarvey 4 at 5. Allsdorf to McArdle 18 at 5½.

SHEEP.

Under the influence of very heavy arrivals, this week, and no corresponding improvement in the demand, the market was exceedingly hard, particularly for the commoner grades, and as in the case of cattle, there were but very few of any other kind on sale. One extra drove, averaging 112 lbs, brought 4¾c, but ordinary Sheep sold at from 3@3½c; prime at 4@4½c, and inferior at 2½@2¾. To-day the pens were pretty well filled, an unusual thing at this time in the week, and most of the eastern buyers had all they wanted until next week. We would advise our Western dealers and drovers either to ship good fat Sheep, or none at all, as scalawags will scarcely bring enough to pay freight bills, let alone feed bills, yardage, commissions, etc. etc.

Smith & Talmage sold for Irwin to Pancoast 289 head good Sheep at 3,30.

Hedges & Taylor sold for Dilner to Pidcock 86 Lambs at 3½; 187 head for Hunter to Lloyd at 4.35; 87 head for McCoy to Pidcock at 4; 91 for Kiser to Pidcock at 3,20; 129 for Anderson to same buyer at 4½—best lot of Sheep in market, averaging 115 lbs.

Pidcock & Eisman bought 101 head from Carnes at 3,25; 190 from same at 3.30; 126 from Jones at —; 101 from Clark at —; 106 from Heskett at —.

Glass, Lafferty & Co. sold for Holmes to Hesser 100 at 4,25; 176 for Holmes & Phieffer to Hesser at 3¾; 79 for same to Pratt at 3¼; 358 for Crosby to Pratt at 3.

W. Fowler sold 168 head good Penna. Sheep, averaging 102, at 3½.

HOGS.

The hog market, under the influence of the soft weather, increased arrivals and unfavorable advices from the east, has been weak and a little panicky during the greater part of the week, and compared with the date of our last report, prices have still further declined. We now quote at 5½@6c, gross, for New Yorkers, and 6@6½c for Philadelphia Hogs, and these may be regarded as the ruling prices at this writing. The eastern shippers and commission men are still at loggerheads, and it looks now as if they would remain so until the expiration of the "twenty days." We are unable to see what good will accrue to the shippers from this movement, or that any great injury will be done to the commission men; it strikes us that the interests of each are identical, and that the sooner this combination is dissolved the better for all concerned.

T. F. Orr bought 101 head from Graham at 6; 117 from McGee at 6¼; 139 from Banberry at 5.80; 101 from L. Potter at 5½; 121 from Shearer at 5,90; 75 from Kreffs at 5,75; 95 from Keys at 6¼—heavy Philadelphia Hogs.

Hedges & Taylor sold for Beatty to Walzer 58 head at 6,10; 12 head for same party at 5¾.

Imhoff & Singer bought 50 head from Boles at 7; 50 from Quick at 6¾; 108 from Critchfield at 7; 88 from Irwin at 6,85; 12 from Pidcock at 6,95; 65 from Banberry at 6¾; 50 from Orr at 6¾; 14 from Clark at 6¾; 16 from Barnes at 6,80; 30 from Workman at 6,70; 435 from Payne at 6,70; 50 from Simpson at 6,57; 159 from Graham at 6.65; 112 from Quick at 6.35; 44 from Smith at 6¼; 58 from Carnes at 6; 118 from J. Carnes at 6; 107 from Graham at 6; 90 from Bishop at 6,30; 89 from Crawford at 6,40; 13 from Metzler at 6 15.

Glass, Lafferty & Co., sold 51 head for Elliott to C. Aull at 6.15; 50 head for James to Gilchreist & Co. at 6.00; 105 for Zimmerman to same buyer at 6,60; 91 for Long to Albeitz at 6,60; 132 for Crosby to Wilson at 6¼.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,
69 and 70 Water Street,
LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,
And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.
We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.
Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.
Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.
Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. fe19

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
FRIDAY, November 29, 1867.

The general markets continue exceedingly dull, and with the present inclement weather, it is not likely that there will be any immediate improvement. The indications at present are very favorable for an early resumption of navigation, and it is generally conceded that a rise in our rivers would tend more to infuse renewed life animation in business, than anything else that could possibly take place.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet and unchanged; we continue to quote at $2,45@2.50 for prime Red Winter, and $2,60 for do White. Corn is quiet and unchanged at 88@90c for new, and $1,18@1.20 for old. Oats firm with sales at 66@67c on track, and in store at 72@73c. Rye is dull, and cannot fairly be quoted above $1.50. Barley is in good demand, and Spring may now be quoted at $1,45@1,50.

FLOUR—There is no improvement to note in the demand and no change in quotations; we continue to quote at $10,00@10,50 for Spring Wheat; $11,50@12 for Winter Wheat and $14@15 for fancy brands. Rye Flour is still quoted at $8,50@8,75 per bbl, and Buckwheat at $5@5,25 per cwt.

POTATOES—Continue exceedingly dull, and the supply is largely in excess of the demand; small sales of Peach Blows at 95c@$1 per bush. New Jersey Sweets are being sold at $6 per barrel.

APPLES—In good supply and exceedingly dull but unchanged; sales in store at $2,50@3,50 per bbl.

BUTTER—Prime Roll Butter is in steady demand at 35@40c, while common packet is dull.

EGGS—Steady at 31@32c.

BEANS—Dull and a shade lower; we now quote at $3@3.25 per bushel.

DRIED FRUIT—We can report regular jobbing sales in store at, 7½ to 8c for Apples, and 12@14c for Peaches.

CRANBERRIES—Sales of common at $9 @10 per barrel, and cultivated at $12,50@$13,50.

HAY—Is selling from country wagons at $18 @24 per ton, as to quality.

OIL—Sales of Lard Oil at $1,10 for No. 1, and 88c for No. 2.

ONIONS—Sales at $4.75@5,00 per bbl.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
FRIDAY, November 29, 1867.

CRUDE—The panicky feeling noted in the oil market for some days past still continues, and the end, it would appear, is not yet. The very unfavorable advices from the east, as well as the improved prospects for a bulk rise, and the fact that the Allegheny Valley Railroad will be completed through to Oil City within a few days, all conspire to weaken and depress the market, and, notwithstanding there is but little offering and but little here to offer, prices are still declining. We can report a sale of 170 bbls, on spot, at 6¾c, bbls returned; 240 in tank cars, at 7c; and 4500 bbls for all the year, seller's option, at 8c. The oil in the tanks cars above noted, was shipped at Scrub Grass, some twenty-five miles this side of Oil City.

REFINED—We can report no improvement in the tone of the market for bonded oil; indeed, the reverse of this is the case. Owing to very unfavorable reports from the east, including one or two pretty bad failures and others expected, there are but few buyers, and compared with Wednesday, prices have still further declined. For example, spot oil has dropped to 22 to 22½c, and December to 25c—a decline of from two to three cents per gallon; sale of 2550 bbls reported for November, at 23; and—on Wednesday evening—500 bbls, on spot, at 20½c, free on board cars here. These failures and rumored failures exert a very depressing effect on the market, producing a panicky feeling, retarding business and restricting operations. Once matters become more settled, we have no doubt but what there will be plenty of buyers at the present low prices, and then the market will doubtless improve.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

H. Koehler & Co., 250 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Pacific Oil Work, 60 do do to C. W. Morse, Philadelphia.

Lockhart & Frew, 1199 do do, Philadelphia.

Forsyth, Bro. & Co., 208 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Forsyth, Bro. & Co., 150 do do to Warden & Frew, Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchinson Oil Co, 101 bbls ref. to L. Wilcox, Philadelphia.

Buffum, Kehew & Co., 126 do do to E. Schalk, Philadelphia.

T. K. Petty, 60 do do to W. G. Warden, Philadelphia.

PITTSBURGH METAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
FRIDAY, November 29, 1867.

The metal market was rather dull this week, the sales, in the aggregate, being comparatively light, but prices have undergone no quotable change. Favorite brands of standard forge irons continue to meet with a steady demand, while the commoner grades are dull and neglected. The following sales were reported:

ANTHRACITE.		
30 tons	Grey Forge	$42 00—4 mos
100 "	"	40 00— cash
50 "	No. 2 Foundry	45 00— cash
100 "	No. 2 Anthracite	42 00— cash
50 "	Red Short	40 00—6 mos
BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.		
50 "	Open Grey—fancy brand	42 00—4 mos
70 "	No. 1 Foundry	45 00— cash
100 "	Open Grey—to arrive	42 00—5 mos
200 "	Common Close Grey Forge	38 00—4 mos
100 "	Common Close Grey Forge	37 00— cash
100 "	Open Grey—at furnace—fav. brand	38 50—90 dys
60 "	Mixed with native ore	41 00—5 mos
CHARCOAL.		
20 tons	Forge	$52 00—4 mos
75 "	No. 1 Extra Forge	53 00— cash
BLOOMS.		
30 tons	Juniata	$95 00— cash
10 "	Juniata	93 00— cash

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 138⅝.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 29, 1867.

MONEY AND GOLD.

The Money Market is steady at 6@7 per cent for call loans. Sterling opened at 9@9¼ for gold and first class bills. Gold is lower; opening at 139; advancing to 139⅛; closing at 138⅝.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

Government Stocks are quiet. Coupons of '81, 113⅝@113¾; do. '62, 108@108⅛; do. '64, 105⅝@105¾; do. '65, 106@106⅛; do. new, 107⅞@108; do. '67, 107⅞@108⅛. Ten-Forties, 101½@102¼. Seven-Thirties, 105⅜@105½. There were, however, large conversions of Seven-Thirties into new bonds of '65 and '67.

STOCKS

Are generally quiet and steady except Pacific Mail which sold largely and fluctuated rapidly. The market closed weak: Q. & M. Certificates, 26; Canton, 45@46; Cumberland, 26@29; Quicksilver, 40@42; Mariposa, 7@8; Western Union Telegraph, 33¾@33⅞; Pacific Mail, 128@128½; Atlantic Mail, 118@119; New York Central, 113⅜@113½; Erie, 71⅝@71¾; Hudson River, 125@126; Reading, 95½; Michigan Central, 109½@110; Michigan Southern, 80@80¼; Illinois Central, 132@133; Pittsburgh, 83½@83⅝; Toledo, 101¼@102; Rock Island, 95¾@96; North Western, 58@58¼; do preferred, 67½@67⅝; Ft. Wayne, 97@97⅛; St. Paul, 42; do preferred, 62½; Wabash preferred, 61½; New Tennessee, 62½.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares dull; Gregory, 560@565; Eldorado, 140; Walkill, 42; Edge Hill, 350; Quartz Hill, 125.

SUB-TREASURY.

The receipts of the Sub-Treasury to-day were $4 632,313; Payments, $1,703,616; Balance, $110,720,110.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov 29.—Dry goods were inactive yet steady for most kinds of staple fabrics of cottons. Print cloths firm at 6¾@7c for standard makes. Prints steady and in moderate request at 12½c for all regular makes and 13½c for favorite brands. Brown Sheetings of the best makes scarce and firm. Brown drills scarce and firm at full prices. Light Sheetings and Shirtings was in better supply and continue depressed both for bleached and brown.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 29.—Sales of 42 hhds Tobacco at full rates; lugs, $5,65; low medium leaf, $14.75. Flour dull; Superfine, $7.75. Wheat scarce, at $2.35@2.40 for new. Corn—Ear, 75 in bulk. Oats, 65c in bulk. Cotton, 14½c. Hogs firmer, at $7,00@7,25 gross for heavy. Average receipts 40.000 by rail; slaughter active and heavy; bulk shoulders, 8¾c; clear sides, 12½. Mess Pork, $20.50. Bacon firmer; shoulders, 12c; clear ribbed sides, 15½c for packed. Choice new Louisiana Sugar, 15c. Lard, old, 12½c for tierce. Raw Whiskey in bond, 27c.

Toledo Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, November 29.—Flour; receipts 1,800 bbls; market quiet. Wheat; receipts 3,700 bus; firmer with sales of white Michigan at $2,60, amber $2 60, No. 2 red $2 25, No. 2 Spring $1,85. Corn; receipts, 33,000 bus; old dull, new 1c better and active at the decline; sales of No. 2 Wabash at 98c, new 89c. Oats; receipts, 3,100 bus; unchanged; sales of No. 1 at 5[illegible]c, No. 2 at 58. Rye a shade better; sales of No. 1 at $1,34. Barley; receipts, 300 bus; sales of No. 2 at $1,25. Seeds; sales of Clover at $8,78, Flax $2,15. Dressed Hogs $6½@7c.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, November 29.—Flour dull; city $8,75@9,00; country do $8,50@9,00; extra $8@8.25. Wheat quiet at $2,18½ for No 1, $1,70 for No 2, and $1,61½ for No 3. Oats firmer, at 61½c for No 2. Corn lower at 92½@93c for shelled. Receipts—2,700 bbls flour, 48,000 bush wheat, 2,200 bush oats, 600 bush corn. Shipments—5,600 bbls flour, 20,000 bus wheat, 3000 bush oats 70,

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.
FULTON, BOLLMAN & CO.,
Manufacture the best
CORDAGE,
OAKUM,
AND
TWINES, in every variety.
Warehouse, 114 & 115 Water St.
Call or send for Circular. ap1:p46

RIVER NEWS.

The prospects for an early resumption of navigation continue very favorable, and we are in hopes that by Monday there will be water enough to justify our steamers in receiving freight. Considerable rain fell yesterday, and last evening the metal mark showed seventeen inches, a rise of four inches.

Telegrams from Salamanca, Jamestown, Oelcopolis and other points at the headwaters of the Allegheny river reported heavy rains yesterday, so that there is every prospect of an early rise in that stream. And, as the rain seems to be general, there will doubtless be a rise in the Monongahela; also, and we have strong hopes that before many days elapse there will be water enough to let the coal fleet out.

The Great Republic on her last trip down, made the run from Vicksburg to Natchez in seven hours and ten minutes. She had one hundred and ninety-two cabin passengers, and one hundred and twelve deck passengers.

A lady passenger of the steamer Onward saved herself by swimming ashore when the boat was burning. She refused to sign her name to the card of thanks given by the other passengers to the officers of the boat.

The Mobile *Times* says "all scientific men agree this winter will be the severest we have experienced for a number of years." The river editor of the Cincinnati *Times* says he does "not remember to have expressed that his opinion.

There was a meeting of the Nashville Chamber of Commerce on Tuesday, to take some action in regard to the improvement of navigation in the Cumberland. The idea is, to get, if possible, an appropriation from Congress, for the removal of obstructions at the well-known Harpeth shoals.

Capt. House and Mr. G. A. Batemen have purchased at Memphis one-half of the Countess, at the rate of $12,000 for the boat. She will continue in the Hale's Point trade, in command of Capt. Bateman, who has a host of friends in the bends. The crew of the Victor will be transferred to the Countess.

The Imperial, so long aground at Fort Rice, has arrived at St. Louis. Hers has been a long trip, having left Fort Benton the first of August, and that, too, with but a slim supply of provisions.

The clerk of the Vige, at Mobile, had a negro arrested for assault upon him with intent to kill. The negro crew came up and testified in favor of the negro, and the Court fined each five dollars and dismissed the case. The mate the same day was fined five dollars for shoving a negro boy ahead for not working faster.

Says the Cincinnati *Gazette*, of Wednesday: A suit came up in the Superior Court, of this city yesterday, in which Arnold Wyatt, of Ashland, Ohio, was plaintiff, and Capt. Wash. Kerr, and others, owners of the steamer Golden Era, were defendants, in which the plaintiff claimed damages in the amount of $968, for the value of a loaded flatboat, sunk by the Golden Era at the head of Gallipolis Island in October, 1865. The flat was said to be loaded with the machinery, or wreck, of the C. W. Potwin.

The Ida Rees landed at the city wharf yesterday, where she will remain until there is more water in the river. It is supposed that her first trip will be to Pittsburgh, but it would not surprise us if she should make a trip to St. Louis first.

Capt. E. W. Gould of St. Louis, is expected to engineer the new steamboat law through the present Congress. We see it stated by some of the papers that he has returned from Washington to his home; but when his presence is required at the capital he will be there.

A St. Louis telegram, under date of Tuesday, says:

Dry weather again, with prospects of more rain. There is great anxiety among boatmen to hear of a rise in the Ohio and tributaries. Heretofore the Cumberland always rose before the 20th. The steamer Anna White is about to load for Nashville. Freights are rather scarce for New Orleans. The Glendale leaves for New Orleans this morning with a good trip. The Belleyernon, McGill and Virginia are loading. The Fanny Baden leaves for Memphis, and enters the Arkansas trade. The report of the Imperial having arrived at Saint Joseph is contradicted. The steamer Waverly, bound hence from Omaha, sunk on Sunday in Bowling Green bend. Total loss, except cargo. The boat is insured here, in Cincinnati, Pittsburgh and New York, for $25,000. She is 18 months old, and has paid for herself twice. She was owned by Messrs. Keiser, and her commander, Tom Rea, who will contract immediately for the building of a similar boat, and will give her the same name. The hull of the Waverly was built at Metropolis, and the boat finished here. Her deck cargo was saved.

The Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Thursday, says: The sternwheel steamer Viola Belle, bound for St. Louis, was sunk in the Missouri river at Weston yesterday. She had a portion of the cargo of the sunken steamer Waverly, destined for St. Louis. The hull of the Viola Belle was built at Pearl Landing, Illinois, and the boat completed at St. Louis, in September, 1865, the machinery being out of the Lancaster No. 4. She had capacity for four hundred tons, and was owned in Pike county, Illinois. She was valued at $20,000, and insured in Cincinnati officers for $13 000—$14,000 of which is distributed at follows: Firemen's $2,000, and the Boatmen's, Central, Merchants' and Union $3 000 each. Mr. Palmer, of the Board of Underwriters, left for the wreck last evening.

ST. LOUIS, November 27.—The river rose two inches here. Further rains last night. Business exhibits considerable activity. Eight steamers are receiving freight for the Lower Mississippi. The Belle Vernon will be off today without barge. She engaged yesterday all the freight she wanted. This is one of the several sternwheel steamers, which will be cut in two and lengthened next year. The steamers Jennie Lewis, Belle Memphis and Wm. J. Lewis, all came in with damaged hulls, and go on the ways. The latter was injured by running on the wreck of the Montgomery, which should be avoided. It sunk the Continental and Platte Valley, and is located above Cairo, near Devil's Island. The Belle struck at the Chain of Rocks, near Commerce. The Post Boy enters the Memphis trade.

Says the St. Louis *Republican*, of Wednesday:

The bodies of Capt. Ben Thornburg and Clerk James Turner, brought by the McGill, were yesterday removed by their respective friends. They were both much esteemed and respected by all who knew them. The former was well known as a pilot and the latter as having been for years an active member of the Clerk's Association.

The Ida Stockdale from New Orleans had neither freight nor passengers. It was thought when she left here she would enter some of the lower trades, but reports the rivers all too low.

A Chippewa river boat, named Silas Wright passed Muscatine the other day. She is built on a new principal it is said. The boat has a couple of barges alongside so placed as to lift the steamer up to a level with the barges—that is, the weight of the machinery, boilers, fuel, etc., is equally distributed between the boat and barges. This is a fine arrangement for low water.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.
—The Towboat
MARY DAVAGE, and Barges Nos. 1 and 2.
HUGH CAMPBELL, Commander, will leave as above on the first rise, from the foot of Market street.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
no2 CHARLES BARNES, Agent.

AN ORDINANCE relating to the laying of Gas Pipe.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Lawrenceville, in Council met, that from and after the passage of this ordinance, the Lawrenceville Gas Company shall have the power and authority to use any public highways, streets lanes and alleys in said Borough, for the purpose of laying down, re-laying and repairing the conduit pipes, main and supply pipes, and the usual and necessary devices connected therewith, for supplying the Borough of Lawrenceville, and the citizens thereof, and of the adjacent country, with gas, provided that all damage or injury done to said highways, streets, lanes and alleys, through the exercise of the privilege hereby granted, shall be repaired at the cost of said Gas Company.

SECTION 2. That the Burgess of said Borough is hereby authorized to subscribe for ——— shares of the capital stock of said Gas Company, in the name of the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Lawrenceville.

J. C. BUFFUM, Burgess.
M. J. McCANN, Clerk.
Lawrenceville, Nov. 4, 1867. no7:l31

MARBLE AND SLATE MANTLES,
At the Pittsburgh Steam Marble & Slate Works.
Office and Wareroom—319 and 321 LIBERTY STREET. Mantle Wareroom on second floor.
Persons wanting Marble or Slate Mantles will find it to their interest to call. Workmanship not excelled in any place, and prices as low as in Eastern cities. Marble Mantles or Furniture slabs, which have become discolored by smoke, oils or acids, can be Marbleized, and made to look as well as new.
There is no other place in Western Pennsylvania where Slate Mantles are manufactured.
All kinds of Marble Work done in the best manner. Marble Cutters supplied with sawed Marble at Eastern prices, cartage added.
no18:d&T W. W. WALLACE.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
STEEL.
Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 Second and 119 & 121 First Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PRIVATE DISEASES.
Office—253½ PENN STREET, near Hand.
For the cure of all diseases of a private nature, in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, Seminal Weakness, and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention.
Cure warranted or money refunded.
Office hours—7 to 10 A. M., 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 P. M. [illegible]

GOLD WATCHES,
Ranging in price from $25 upwards.
SILVER HUNTING-CASE WATCHES, from $10 upwards, at
No. 112 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.
JOHN NITSCH.

FULTON MACHINE WORKS.
ESTABLISHED 1[illegible].
Manufactory of STEAM ENGINES, of all sizes and of the most approved patterns, for stationary purposes; STEAMBOATS and STEAM FERRY BOATS. A variety of 10, 11 and 16 horse power engines, which will be sold at very reduced prices.
P. F. GEISSE, Wellsville, O.,
Fifty miles below Pittsburgh, on the Ohio river, and line of C. & P. R. R.

L. N. HALL, Manufacturer of
HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS,
Wholesale and retail dealer in TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, PIPES, &c. Louisville Tobacco always on hand.
184 WOOD STREET
Corner Liberty, Pittsburgh, P

300 PIGS
Soft Galena Lead,
For sale by
BAILEY, FARRELL & CO

LEAD.—500 pigs best brands Galena Lead, in store and for sale by
JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE regulating the Opening of Streets, And Re-Paving the same.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to open, dig or in any way disturb any street, lane or alley within the city for any purpose, except by employees of the Gas Company for laying down gas pipes, without first applying to the Street Commissioner, or any one of them, and obtaining their or his written or printed permission for that purpose; and the said Commissioner of the [illegible] district for which said permit was granted shall replace the pavement so taken up at the expense of the party obtaining such permit and such permit shall not be given for a longer period than fifteen days from the date thereof without renewal; and any person or persons offending against the provisions of this ordinance shall forfeit and pay the penalty of twenty five dollars, and remain liable to pay all expenses of restoring any street, lane or alley so disturbed to as good condition as it was before such unlawful intermeddling therewith; nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent the Superintendent of the Water Works from taking up any street, lane or alley to put down or take up water pipes, and the Superintendent of the Water Works and the employees of the Gas Company shall replace the pavement, under the direction and to the satisfaction of the proper Street Commissioner.

SEC. 2. And when the water pipes are put down by contract, the Street Commissioner of the proper district shall replace the pavement at the expense of the contractor; and any person or persons obtaining a permit to open a street, lane or alley to put down a sewer, shall [illegible] under the direction of the proper Street Commissioner, [illegible] as a part of such sewer in any street, lane or alley in the city.

SEC. 3. That the penalties and forfeitures shall be collected as other debts due the city are collectable.

SEC. 4. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 25th day of November, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOS. STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no27

AN ORDINANCE permitting the Pennsylvania Railroad Company the right to Erect Telegraph Poles, &c.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Pennsylvania Railroad Company be and they are hereby authorized to erect a line of telegraph poles along Liberty street, from [illegible] street to the city line; said poles to be placed close up to and against the [illegible] wall erected by said company on said Liberty street, all to be done under the supervision of the City Engineer, and to be satisfactory to the Committee on Streets. The said Pennsylvania Railroad Company to pay all costs of digging the necessary holes for the poles, and properly remunerate the City Engineer for his services; to pave and keep in repair the pavement around said poles, and conform in all respects to all ordinances and regulations of the city, in regard to the erection of telegraph poles and wires; Provided, however, that the city reserves the right to at any time, after giving notice to the President of said Company, or the Superintendent of the Western Division of said railroad, to rescind and annul this ordinance, and the city further reserves the right to at all times use the poles herein authorized to be erected, for the purpose of placing Fire Alarm Telegraph wires thereon.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 25th day of November, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOS. STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no27

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the construction of a Public Sewer in Diamond Alley.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby directed to advertise for proposals for the construction of a public sewer in Diamond alley, from the upper side of Smithfield street to the Wood street sewer.

SEC. 2. That for the payment of the expense of said sewer, it is hereby ordained and directed that the property benefited by the construction of said sewer shall be assessed equitably and fairly, and the Councils do hereby appoint Rich'd Hays (Fourth ward,) James Trimble, (Seventh ward,) and Andrew Miller, Sr. (First ward,) to make said assessment, and when approved by Councils it shall be filed in the Sewer book of the City Engineer's Office, and a duplicate copy shall be deposited with the City Treasurer, who shall regularly enter credits thereon opposite the names of the persons as they pay their assessments and [illegible] receipts from contractors or others for all monies paid them by authority of the street committee.

SEC. 3 and to let the same in the manner described by Act of Assembly, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 4. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 25th day of November, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no27

AN ORDINANCE GRANTING PARK, BROTHER & CO. and PARK, McCURDY & CO. the Right to Erect Coke Ovens, Upon their property on the bank of the Allegheny river, between Smith and Taylor streets, in the Ninth ward.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, that the privilege be and is hereby granted to Messrs. Park Brother & Co. and Park, McCurdy & Co. to erect, upon their own property, such number of ovens as may be needed for the manufacture of coke sufficient to supply the works belonging to said firms.

SEC. 2. That the said ovens shall be erected between Smith and Taylor streets, in the Ninth ward, and located upon the bank of the Allegheny river, in front of the mill and forge buildings of said firms.

SEC. 3. That in granting this privilege to Messrs. Park, Brother & Co. and Park, McCurdy & Co., it is hereby understood that the coke ovens above referred to are to be used only for the manufacture of coke exclusively for the use of their own works.

SEC. 4. That nothing herein stated shall be construed to prevent Councils, should they at any time see fit, withdrawing the privileges here granted, upon giving six months notice.

SEC. 5. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 25th day of November, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no27

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the Managers of the Central Skating Park To Erect a Frame Building.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Managers of the Central Skating Park, of the City of Pittsburgh, be and they are hereby authorized to erect and occupy a Frame Building in the Ninth ward, on the ground now known as the Central Skating Park, said building not to exceed seventy-five feet in length, sixteen feet in width, and not to exceed fifteen feet in height; provided, that at the expiration of three years, from February 1st, 1868, Council may order the said building to be removed; and in case of a refusal of whoever may, at that time, own said building, to remove the same, Councils may remove the same at cost of owner or owners; and provided, further, that in case said building shall, at any time, fail to be used by said Central Skating Park, for purposes connected therewith, then this grant shall cease and be come void and of no effect.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 25th day of November, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOS. STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no27

AN ORDINANCE for Opening Locust Street, Eighth Ward.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That the City Engineer be directed to survey and open Locust street, Eighth ward, from Congress street to Miltenberger street.

SEC. 2. And that John Chambers, Sr., (Sixth ward,) Andrew Miller, Sr., (First ward,) and M. Faas, (Third ward,) be and they are hereby appointed appraisers to assess damages and benefits, if any, caused by the opening of said street, according to an act of Assembly, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 3. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 25th day of November, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. n27

AN ORDINANCE for the Grading, Paving and Setting with Curb of Church street, from its intersection with Lawson street southwardly, to the Borough line of the Borough of Lawrenceville.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Lawrenceville, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That the Street Committee, in connection with the Borough Regulator, be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to invite and receive proposals for the grading paving and setting with curb that portion of Church street extending from its intersection with Lawson street, southwardly to the borough line, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder, at their discretion.

SECTION 2. That the expense of grading said street shall be paid out of the borough treasury as provided for by existing ordinances, and for the purpose of defraying the cost and expense of paving and curbing said street, there be and there is hereby levied a special tax to be equally assessed on the several lots bounding and abutting on said street, in proportion to the feet front thereon, and comprised and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SECTION 3. That so soon as the cost and expense of paving and curbing said street is fully ascertained by the Borough Regulator, it shall be his duty to assess and apportion the same among the several lot-holders owning property on said street, according to the rule herein before indicated, and to report the same to the owner or owners of said lots respectively, or to the agents or guardians of such owner, and make return of such assessment to the Treasurer of said Borough.

SECTION 4. That it shall be the duty of the Treasurer of said Borough, on the return so made, to cause notice to be given to the parties on whom assessments have been made as aforesaid, that unless the amounts of such assessments are paid to him in thirty days from the date of such notice, he will proceed to collect the same in the manner provided by law.

J. C. BUFFUM, Burgess.
Attest—M. J. McCANN, Clerk.
Lawrenceville, Nov. 4, 1867. no7:l29

AN ORDINANCE relating to the laying of Water Pipes.

SECTION 1st. Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Lawrenceville, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this ordinance, the Lawrenceville Chrystal Water Company, of Allegheny county, State of Pennsylvania, shall have power and authority to use any public highways, streets, lanes and alleys in said borough, for the purpose of laying down, relaying and repairing the conduit pipes, mains and supply pipes, and the usual and necessary devices connected therewith for supplying the Borough of Lawrenceville and the adjacent country, with water; Provided, That all damage or injury done to said highways, streets, lanes and alleys, through the exercise of the privilege hereby granted, shall be repaired at the cost of said Chrystal Water Company.

SECTION 2. That the Burgess of said Borough is hereby authorized to subscribe for ——— shares of the capital stock of said Chrystal Water Company, in the name of the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Lawrenceville.

J. C. BUFFUM, Burgess.
Attest: M. J. McCANN, Clerk.
Lawrenceville, Nov. 4, 1867. no7:l29